

**PRICING SUPPLEMENT DATED June 11, 2003
(to the Offering Circular Dated April 4, 2003)**

**Freddie
Mac**

\$1,000,000,000

Freddie Mac

**GLOBAL DEBT FACILITY
2.75% Fixed Rate Notes Due March 15, 2008**

Reference Notes®

This Pricing Supplement relates to the Reference Notes (the "Notes") of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") described below and should be read in conjunction with the Offering Circular dated April 4, 2003 and all documents incorporated by reference in the Offering Circular, including Freddie Mac's Information Statement dated March 29, 2002 and any supplements to such Information Statement. Capitalized terms used in this Pricing Supplement and not otherwise defined in this Pricing Supplement have the meanings given to them in the Offering Circular.

The Notes have the same terms (other than Issue Date and Issue Price) as, and form a single series with, the 2.75% Notes Due March 15, 2008 that Freddie Mac issued in the principal amount of US\$3,000,000,000 on March 7, 2003. The aggregate principal amount of the 2.75% Notes Due March 15, 2008, including the Notes issued pursuant to this Pricing Supplement, will be US\$4,000,000,000. See "Description of the Debt Securities - General - Reopened Issues" and "- Maturity, Redemption and Optional Repayment" in the Offering Circular. Interest on the Notes offered pursuant to this Pricing Supplement will accrue from and including March 7, 2003.

The Notes are not suitable investments for all investors. In particular, no investor should purchase the Notes unless the investor understands and is able to bear the yield, market and liquidity risks associated with the Notes. See "Risk Factors - The Debt Securities May Not Be Suitable For You" in the Offering Circular.

The Notes are obligations of Freddie Mac only. The Notes, including any interest or return of discount on the Notes, are not guaranteed by, and are not debts or obligations of, the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States other than Freddie Mac. The Notes are not tax-exempt. Non-U.S. owners generally will be subject to United States federal income and withholding tax unless they establish an exemption. Because of applicable U.S. securities law exemptions, we have not registered the Notes with any U.S. federal or state securities commission. No U.S. securities commission has reviewed the Offering Circular or this Pricing Supplement.

Certain Notes Terms

1. Title: 2.75% Notes Due March 15, 2008
2. Form: Book-Entry
3. Specified Payment Currency:
 - a. Specified Interest Currency: U.S. dollars
 - b. Specified Principal Currency: U.S. dollars
4. Principal Amount of this Offering: \$1,000,000,000
5. Issue Date: June 13, 2003
6. Denominations: \$1,000 and additional increments of \$1,000
7. Maturity Date: March 15, 2008
 - a. Amount Payable on the Maturity Date
Fixed Principal Repayment Amount
100% of principal amount
8. Subject to Redemption or Repayment Prior to Maturity Date: No
9. Payment Terms of the Debt Securities: Fixed Rate Debt Securities
10. Interest:
 - a. Frequency of Interest Payments: Semiannually
 - b. Interest Payment Dates: March 15 and September 15, commencing September 15, 2003
 - c. Interest rate per annum: 2.75%
 - d. Accrual Method (i.e., Day Count Convention): 30/360

Additional Information Relating to the Notes

1. Identification Number(s):
 - a. CUSIP: 3134A4TE4
 - b. ISIN: US3134A4TE40
 - c. Common Code: 16448737
2. Listing Application: Yes
Luxembourg Stock Exchange: An application has been made with the Luxembourg Stock Exchange to list the Notes.
3. Eligibility for Stripping: Yes
Interest for the first Interest Payment Period may not be stripped.
Minimum Principal Amount: \$800,000.

4. Governing Law:

The Notes will be governed by the federal laws of the United States. The local laws of the State of New York will be deemed to reflect the federal laws of the United States, unless there is applicable precedent under federal law or the application of New York law would frustrate the purposes of the Freddie Mac Act or the Global Facility Agreement.

Offering

- 1. Pricing Date: June 11, 2003
- 2. Method of Distribution: Principal Agent

<u>Dealer</u>	<u>Underwriting Commitment</u>
Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.	\$250,000,000
Greenwich Capital Markets, Inc.	250,000,000
UBS Securities LLC	250,000,000
Credit Suisse First Boston LLC	50,000,000
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	50,000,000
Lehman Brothers Inc.	50,000,000
Merrill Lynch Government Securities Inc.	50,000,000
Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated D/B/A Morgan Stanley	50,000,000
Total	\$1,000,000,000

Representatives: Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.
 Greenwich Capital Markets, Inc.
 UBS Securities LLC

Stabilizing Manager: Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.

- 4. Offering Price: Fixed Offering Price: 101.978%, plus accrued interest, if any, from the settlement date
- 5. Purchase Price to Applicable Dealer: 102.61133% of principal amount of the Principal Amount and an additional amount of \$7,333,333.33, representing accrued interest from March 7, 2003, to but not including, June 13, 2003, plus accrued interest, if any, from the Issue Date.
 Concession: N/A
 Reallowance: N/A

Settlement

1. Settlement Date of the Notes offered hereby: June 13, 2003
2. Settlement Basis: Delivery versus payment
3. Settlement Clearing System: Federal Reserve Banks
Euroclear
Clearstream, Luxembourg

CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES

For United States federal income tax purposes, the Notes will be part of the same issue as the 2.75% Notes due March 15, 2008 issued on March 7, 2003 (the "Original Notes") and will have the same issue date, the same issue price and the same adjusted issue price as the Original Notes.

Other:

Capitalization and Selected Financial Information

As discussed on pages 64 and 65 of the Offering Circular dated April 4, 2003, and in the Information Statement Supplements dated January 27, 2003 and March 25, 2003, which are attached as Appendices B and C to the Offering Circular, the Information Statement Supplement dated April 24, 2003, and the Information Statement Supplement dated June 11, 2003, which is attached as Exhibit A to this Pricing Supplement, and as may be discussed in any subsequent Information Statement Supplements, Freddie Mac's financial results for 2002, 2001 and 2000 will be restated. Freddie Mac expects that the likely cumulative effect of the restatements will be to materially increase reported earnings for prior periods above the earnings that were previously reported for those periods and materially increase Freddie Mac's capital surplus under its regulatory minimum capital requirements as of the end of 2002.



**Supplement dated June 11, 2003 to
Information Statement dated March 29, 2002**

FREDDIE MAC ANNOUNCES NEW LEADERSHIP
Gregory J. Parseghian Named Chief Executive Officer and President

McLean, VA — On June 9, 2003, Freddie Mac (NYSE:FRE) announced that the Board of Directors has elected Gregory J. Parseghian as Chief Executive Officer and President and Paul T. Peterson, Executive Vice President, as Chief Operating Officer. Martin F. Baumann, Executive Vice President—Finance, has been appointed Chief Financial Officer. The Board of Directors also elected Shaun F. O’Malley as non-executive Chairman of the Board.

Freddie Mac also announced the retirement of Leland C. Brendsel as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and his resignation from the Board of Directors. Freddie Mac anticipates that Mr. Brendsel, 61, will continue to serve in his role as Chair of the Freddie Mac Foundation.

Parseghian said, “Freddie Mac is a company with an outstanding franchise and vital mission. Our focus going forward will be to provide excellent long-term returns on shareholder capital while maintaining our world-class risk management discipline, our unparalleled financial strength and our absolute commitment to expanding homeownership opportunities.”

“This new management team possesses the capability, vision and energy to lead Freddie Mac in fulfilling our housing mission and building shareholder value,” O’Malley said. “The Board will work closely with the executive leadership team to ensure that Freddie Mac resolves its financial reporting issues in a complete and timely manner.”

Earlier this year, the company announced a restatement of its 2002, 2001 and 2000 financial results. Freddie Mac continues to expect that the likely cumulative effect of the restatements will be to materially increase reported earnings for prior periods and materially increase the corporation’s capital surplus under its regulatory minimum capital requirements as of the end of 2002. The company further expects significant volatility in reported quarterly earnings for those periods. The company also expects that adjustments affecting its income will relate substantially to changes in the timing of income recognition, and, as a result, cumulative increases related to the adjustments will have offsetting effects in future periods. In addition, the company expects increased volatility in future periods.

The company continues to work toward completing the previously announced restatement process and releasing its restated results shortly after the end of the second quarter of 2003. However, the restatement process may not be fully concluded until later in the third quarter. “Job number one is to get our financial statements right,” said Parseghian. “We are committed to providing re-audited financial statements to the market as soon as possible and to taking any and all steps necessary to ensure that our people, processes and controls are of the highest caliber going forward. I am today assigning responsibility for our entire restatement effort to Marty Baumann, our new Chief Financial Officer. Marty’s depth of experience and knowledge make him exactly the right person to get the job done.”

Parseghian, 42, has been Executive Vice President—Chief Investment Officer for Freddie Mac since June 2002. In that position, he was responsible for the firm’s \$600 billion retained mortgage portfolio, debt

and mortgage-backed securities issuance programs and asset/liability risk management strategies. Before his appointment to Executive Vice President, Parseghian was senior vice president and chief investment officer since 1996. Prior to joining Freddie Mac, Parseghian was a managing director of Salomon Brothers, a partner of BlackRock Financial Management, and a managing director of First Boston Corporation.

Peterson, 53, was previously Executive Vice President—Single Family, responsible for overseeing all Single Family division operations, a post to which he was appointed in December 1999. Peterson has been with Freddie Mac for 14 years, and his previous posts include senior vice president of the Servicer division. Prior to joining Freddie Mac, Peterson was president of Market Street Mortgage Corporation and chairman and CEO of CalAmerica Savings and Loan.

Baumann, 55, was appointed Executive Vice President—Finance in March 2003. As EVP-Finance and Chief Financial Officer, Baumann is responsible for accounting, corporate planning, taxation, shareholder relations, and market and operating risk oversight. Prior to joining Freddie Mac, Baumann served as partner, deputy chairman of the World Financial Services Practice, and as global banking leader for PricewaterhouseCoopers.

O'Malley, 67, is the Retired Chairman of Price Waterhouse LLP, where he was Chairman and Senior Partner from 1988 to 1995. He was also President of the Financial Accounting Foundation from 1990 to 1992 and served as a Chair of the Accounting Profession's Public Oversight Board's Panel on Audit Effectiveness in 1999-2000. O'Malley has served on Freddie Mac's Board since 2001 and is Chair of the Board's committee overseeing the restatement process.

On June 9, 2003, the Board also announced the resignation of Vaughn Clarke, formerly Executive Vice President—Chief Financial Officer and the termination of David Glenn, formerly President and Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Glenn was terminated because of serious questions as to the timeliness and completeness of his cooperation and candor with the Board's Audit Committee counsel, retained in January 2003 to review the facts and circumstances surrounding the principal accounting errors identified during the restatement process. The Board's Audit Committee has directed its counsel to review the facts and circumstances surrounding Mr. Glenn's termination.

The corporation has informed its regulator OFHEO, the SEC and the NYSE about the matters described herein. The Board and management are fully cooperating with OFHEO, the SEC and the NYSE and will continue to do so. As OFHEO announced on June 9, 2003, it has directed the Board and Freddie Mac to take certain actions to address the issues surrounding the restatement. The Board and management have undertaken to fully and effectively implement these actions and will diligently work with OFHEO's investigative team.

Legal Proceedings

Securities Class Action Lawsuit. On June 9, 2003, Freddie Mac and certain former executive officers were named as defendants in a securities class action lawsuit alleging violations of federal securities laws and regulations. This action is pending in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. The plaintiffs claim that the defendants disseminated materially false and misleading statements to the market and failed to disclose material information concerning, among others, the following matters: (1) the lack of adequate internal accounting controls and personnel expertise; (2) the failure to follow accounting rules that require derivative securities to be marked to market; (3) the use of accounting techniques to lower earnings results in good times and lift results when business conditions deteriorated; and (4) providing investigators with altered records to conceal improper accounting techniques. These allegations cover the period from January 27, 2003 through June 9, 2003. The plaintiffs seek unspecified compensatory damages, costs and expenses.

Freddie Mac anticipates that additional lawsuits relating to the matters described in this Information Statement Supplement will be filed.

SEC Formal Investigation. On June 11, 2003, Freddie Mac announced that it has been informed by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that the SEC has commenced a formal investigation. By doing this, the SEC is able to issue subpoenas for witnesses and documents, particularly from third parties outside the corporation. Freddie Mac received a subpoena from the SEC on June 11, 2003 requesting document production and testimony.

Shaun O'Malley, Chairman of the Board of Directors, stated, "Since January of this year, the Board of Directors has ordered full cooperation with the SEC's informal inquiry. We will continue to cooperate in all respects as the investigation continues. The Board of Directors is continuing to supervise closely the company's evaluation of all matters related to the restatement. Our Audit Committee counsel's active review, as of this date, does not indicate that any employee of Freddie Mac other than Mr. Glenn has engaged in conduct of the kind we disclosed on Monday. We can also confirm that the conduct we disclosed on Monday related to Mr. Glenn's diaries and not to the company's accounting records."

U.S. Attorney's Criminal Investigation. On June 11, 2003, Freddie Mac was informed that the U.S. Attorney's office in Alexandria, Virginia has opened a criminal investigation involving the company. Freddie Mac intends to cooperate in all respects with this investigation.

Congressional Hearings. Freddie Mac anticipates that various Congressional committees will hold hearings concerning the matters described in this Information Statement Supplement. The Capital Markets Subcommittee of the House Financial Services Committee has announced that it will hold one or more hearings to examine accounting issues at Freddie Mac, as well as the regulatory oversight of the housing government sponsored enterprises.