



Mortgage Participation Certificates

September 24, 1976

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

OFFERING CIRCULAR

FOR

MORTGAGE PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATES

(Guaranteed)

Sales of Mortgage Participation Certificates are conducted by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation through its Regional Offices on a continuous basis. Terms of current offerings may be obtained by contacting The Mortgage Corporation's Regional Office for your area (listed on the back cover).

This Offering Circular contains important information concerning The Mortgage Corporation and the Mortgage Participation Certificates offered herein and should be read carefully by prospective purchasers.

OFFERING CIRCULAR DATED SEPTEMBER 24, 1976

No salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation not contained in this Offering Circular in connection with the offer or sale of the Mortgage Participation Certificates described herein; and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“The Mortgage Corporation” or “FHLMC”). The delivery of this Offering Circular at any time does not imply that the information given herein is correct at any time subsequent to the date hereof.

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SUMMARY: MORTGAGE PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATES

The following is a summary of certain pertinent information concerning the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation's offerings of Mortgage Participation Certificates (sometimes referred to as "PCs") and is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information found elsewhere herein.

PCs OFFERED

The PCs.....	The PCs represent undivided interests in specified residential conventional mortgages in groups aggregating approximately \$100 million underwritten and owned by The Mortgage Corporation. Fees are paid to purchasers under certain programs as described below.
Interest	Passed through monthly at the Certificate Rate.
Principal.....	Passed through monthly, as collected.
Prepayment Fees	Passed through when and if received as additional income over and above interest at the Certificate Rate.
Guarantees.....	The Mortgage Corporation unconditionally guarantees the timely payment of interest at the Certificate Rate and collection of principal as described below.
Payment Cycle.....	Payments are due from The Mortgage Corporation on or before the first day of the second month following the month in which the principal and interest payments are made by mortgagors.
Remittances	One itemized check per month containing principal, interest and prepayment fees is normally mailed five calendar days prior to the due date.
Denominations and Registration.....	\$100,000, \$200,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000; fully registered only.
Federal Tax Status.....	PCs owned by institutions that qualify as "domestic building and loan associations" constitute "loans secured by an interest in real property" within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(19)(C)(v) of the Internal Revenue Code; PCs also constitute "qualifying real property loans" within the meaning of Section 593(e) of the Code with respect to certain thrift institutions.
FHLBB Regulatory Matters.....	For institutions the deposits or accounts of which are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, PCs are to be reported to the Federal Home Loan Bank Board in the asset classification "Mortgages, participations, or mortgage-backed securities insured or guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the U.S.", and PCs current with respect to guaranteed principal and interest payments are not "scheduled items", notwithstanding the performance of any underlying loan; for federally chartered savings and loan associations, PCs are exempt from all percent of assets lending limitations.
Secondary Market.....	The Mortgage Corporation currently offers to repurchase PCs subject to market and other conditions.

The Mortgage Corporation guarantees to each registered holder of a PC the timely payment of interest accruing at the applicable Certificate Rate on the unpaid principal balance outstanding on the Mortgages (hereinafter defined) to the extent of such holder's percentage of participation therein. The Mortgage Corporation also guarantees to each registered holder of a PC collection of all principal on the Mortgages, without any offset or deduction, to the extent of such holder's percentage of participation therein. The PCs are not guaranteed by the United States or by any of the Federal Home Loan Banks and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any Federal Home Loan Bank.

PC SALES PROGRAMS

The Mortgage Corporation continuously offers PCs. Currently, PCs are sold pursuant to mandatory and optional delivery sales programs and purchasers may choose any of the following:

<u>Type of Delivery Contract</u>	<u>Number of Days From Date of Contract to Settlement Date</u>	<u>Fee Paid by The Mortgage Corporation</u>
Mandatory	7-29	None
Mandatory	30-59	.250%
Mandatory	60-89	.500%
Mandatory	90-119	.625%
Mandatory	120-150	.750%
Optional (delivery optional with The Mortgage Corporation).....	120-150	1.000%

All fees paid to purchasers on mandatory delivery contracts are based upon the unpaid principal balance of the PC at the time of the contract to purchase multiplied by the applicable fee expressed as a percentage. All fees paid to purchasers on optional delivery contracts are based upon the principal balance of PCs which the purchaser has committed to purchase multiplied by the applicable fee expressed as a percentage. Fees are paid to qualified purchasers (see pages 5-6) within five business days of receipt by The Mortgage Corporation of an executed confirmation of purchase or commitment to purchase.

PRICE AND YIELD INFORMATION

The price at which PCs are offered may be at a discount, at par, or at a premium depending upon current market conditions and the Certificate Rate of the PC. All yields are quoted by The Mortgage Corporation based upon an assumed 30 year maturity and an assumed 12 year prepayment. See "Description of Mortgage Participation Certificates, Maturity and Average Weighted Life" below. The yield quoted includes the increase in yield resulting from the payment of any fee.

Daily price and yield information can be obtained from The Mortgage Corporation's Regional Offices (listed on the back cover) and is listed on AMMINET (Automated Mortgage Market Information Network, Incorporated) and TELERATE. Information is also published every Tuesday in The Wall Street Journal. Orders for PCs should be placed with the FHLMC Regional Office for your area. See pages 7-8.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION

The Mortgage Corporation is a corporate instrumentality of the United States created pursuant to an Act of Congress on July 24, 1970 (Title III of the Emergency Home Finance Act of 1970, as amended, 12 U.S.C. §§ 1451-1459, hereinafter referred to as the "FHLMC Act"). The Mortgage Corporation was established primarily for the purpose of increasing the availability of mortgage credit for the financing of urgently needed housing. It seeks to provide an enhanced degree of liquidity for residential mortgage investments primarily by assisting in the development of secondary markets for conventional mortgages.

While The Mortgage Corporation believes that the maintenance of a reasonable level of profit is necessary to the accomplishment of its statutory objectives, its activities and operations are not necessarily conducted with a view toward making or maximizing profits. Consequently, in furtherance of its statutory purposes and objectives, The Mortgage Corporation may at times choose to enter into transactions which are not or may not be profitable. For a more complete description of The Mortgage Corporation and its activities, see "The Mortgage Corporation—History and Business."

The principal office of The Mortgage Corporation is located at 311 First Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20001 (telephone 202-624-7000).

PURPOSE OF THE OFFERING

The proceeds to be received by The Mortgage Corporation from the sale of the Mortgage Participation Certificates described herein will provide funds for The Mortgage Corporation to engage in additional activities consistent with its statutory purposes, including the purchase of additional mortgages and interests in mortgages. Some portion of such proceeds may be used to repay part of The Mortgage Corporation's borrowings.

The Mortgage Corporation anticipates that additional sales of mortgages and other types of instruments and additional borrowings will be required from time to time. The amount, nature and cost of such financing arrangements are dependent upon a number of factors, including the volume of mortgages purchased by The Mortgage Corporation, general market conditions and the availability of funds.

DESCRIPTION OF MORTGAGE PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATES

The Mortgage Participation Certificates offered hereby represent undivided interests in specified conventional mortgages ("whole loans") and/or participation interests therein ("participations") underwritten and owned by and identified on the books and records of The Mortgage Corporation. A conventional mortgage is a mortgage which does not have the benefit of any guaranty or insurance by or other obligation of the United States or any state, or any agency or instrumentality thereof.

The Mortgage Corporation periodically forms groups of whole loans and/or participations in connection with its continuing PC Sales Programs. These groups are formed as the volume of The Mortgage Corporation's sales of PCs may require; The Mortgage Corporation in its sole discretion determines which PC will be delivered pursuant to a purchase contract in the event that PCs applicable to more than one group are available for purchase. Each group of whole loans and/or participations is identified on the books and records of The Mortgage Corporation; the aggregate of the undivided interests in any such group represented by the PCs pertaining to that group is referred to herein as the "Mortgages."

The PCs are governed by the terms of the FHLMC Mortgage Participation Certificate Agreement, Series 500 (Revised December, 1975), which is included in this Offering Circular as an exhibit and to which reference is made for a complete description of the purchaser's rights and The Mortgage Corporation's obligations with respect to the PCs.

PCs are issued in fully registered form only, in original unpaid principal balances of \$100,000, \$200,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. The principal balance of the PC contracted or committed to be purchased may be less than the face amount of the PC as reflected on the PC Certificate as a result of principal payments on the Mortgages made between the date of formation of the group of Mortgages and the date of the purchase contract. In addition, the purchase amount of a PC to be paid at settlement may be either more or less than the principal balance of the PC purchased, as described below under "Ordering and Settlement."

PCs are designed to qualify for federal income tax treatment accorded certain investments in obligations secured by real property as described below under "Tax Status."

PC Sales Programs

The Mortgage Corporation currently offers PCs pursuant to the mandatory and optional delivery sales programs described below:

Mandatory Delivery Contracts. Purchasers may contract for mandatory delivery of PCs under any of five programs:

(1) Purchasers agree with The Mortgage Corporation upon a settlement date not less than seven (7) nor more than twenty-nine (29) days from the date of the contract. No fee is paid by The Mortgage Corporation.

(2) Purchasers agree with The Mortgage Corporation upon a settlement date not less than thirty (30) nor more than fifty-nine (59) days from the date of the contract. The Mortgage Corporation will pay the purchaser a fee of $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1%.

(3) Purchasers agree with The Mortgage Corporation upon a settlement date not less than sixty (60) nor more than eighty-nine (89) days from the date of the contract. The Mortgage Corporation will pay the purchaser a fee of $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1%.

(4) Purchasers agree with The Mortgage Corporation upon a settlement date not less than ninety (90) nor more than one hundred nineteen (119) days from the date of the contract. The Mortgage Corporation will pay the purchaser a fee of $\frac{2}{3}$ of 1%.

(5) Purchasers agree with The Mortgage Corporation upon a settlement date not less than one hundred twenty (120) nor more than one hundred fifty (150) days from the date of the contract. The Mortgage Corporation will pay the purchaser a fee of $\frac{3}{4}$ of 1%.

Optional Delivery Contracts. Purchasers may commit to purchase PCs at a mutually agreeable settlement date from one hundred twenty (120) to one hundred fifty (150) days from the date of the commitment. The Mortgage Corporation will pay the purchaser a fee of 1%. The Mortgage Corporation, at its option, may complete the sale of PCs under the optional delivery contracts on the settlement date agreed upon with the purchaser. Purchasers will be notified by mail at least five business days before the settlement date whether the purchase will be consummated.

Settlements for purchases of PCs are held on any business day except Wednesday as mutually agreed upon by the purchaser and The Mortgage Corporation within the range of settlement dates applicable to any particular sales program. The settlement date is fixed at the time the contract to purchase or the commitment contract is made. Neither the mandatory delivery contracts nor the optional delivery commitments may be assigned or transferred by purchasers without the prior written consent of The Mortgage Corporation.

Fees. Fees vary (as described above) from program to program depending upon whether delivery is mandatory or optional and the agreed settlement date. The fees payable by The Mortgage Corporation for mandatory delivery contracts are determined by multiplying the unpaid principal balance of the PC at the time of the contract to purchase by the applicable fee expressed as a percentage. For example, if the fee for the applicable mandatory delivery program is $\frac{3}{4}$ of 1%, and the unpaid principal balance of the PC at the time of the contract to purchase is \$99,696.38, the fee would be \$747.72. The fees payable by The Mortgage Corporation for optional delivery contracts are determined by multiplying the principal balance of PCs committed to be purchased by the applicable fee expressed as a percentage.

If the purchaser's ability to consummate the purchase is satisfactory to The Mortgage Corporation, any fee due the purchaser under either the mandatory or the optional delivery program will be mailed by The Mortgage Corporation to the purchaser within five business days following receipt of a confirmation duly executed by the purchaser. In all other cases, the amount of the fee will be subtracted at settlement from the amount due The Mortgage Corporation from the purchaser, or in the case of the optional delivery program, if The Mortgage Corporation elects not to complete the sale, the fee will be mailed to the purchaser at the agreed upon settlement date.

If the purchaser's ability to fulfill his obligations pursuant to either the mandatory or optional delivery programs is not known to The Mortgage Corporation, The Mortgage Corporation may require a good faith deposit of 1% of the current unpaid principal balance of the PC contracted or committed to be purchased. A confirmation of the transaction will not be mailed to a purchaser until the deposit is received by The Mortgage Corporation, which deposit must be received within 5 business days. See "Ordering and Settlement" below. The amount of the deposit will be credited against the amount due from the purchaser at settlement or, in the case of an optional delivery program, will be returned to the purchaser if and at the time that The Mortgage Corporation elects not to complete the sale.

Federal Tax Consequences of Fees. A fee received by a purchaser under the mandatory delivery programs or by a prospective purchaser under the optional delivery program is not income for Federal income tax purposes at the time of receipt. In the case of the mandatory delivery programs, and in the case of the optional delivery program if The Mortgage Corporation elects to complete the sale, the fee will be an offset against the selling price in determining cost basis in each mortgage and will be an element in the

computation of discount or premium for Federal income tax purposes. If The Mortgage Corporation does not exercise its election to complete the sale under the optional delivery program, the fee will constitute ordinary income upon the termination of the option, which income will not qualify as "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" as that phrase is used in Section 856(c)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and may not be qualifying income for purposes of the 75 percent of gross income test of Temporary Treasury Regulation §402.1 2(c)(3)(i) classifying an organization as a "domestic building and loan association."

Federal Home Loan Bank Board Treatment of Fees. The Federal Home Loan Bank Board has advised The Mortgage Corporation that, with respect to PC purchasers the deposits or accounts of which are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, fees received under either the mandatory delivery programs or the optional delivery program are to be reported as acquisition credits and may be taken into income immediately.

Special Circumstances. Under certain circumstances, The Mortgage Corporation is willing to entertain requests for modification of certain of the terms of the above programs to meet the specific needs of purchasers. Purchasers desiring such modifications should discuss their specific requests with The Mortgage Corporation's Regional Office for their area.

The terms upon which PCs are offered for sale are subject to change by The Mortgage Corporation without notice to prospective purchasers and all offers to purchase PCs are subject to acceptance by The Mortgage Corporation. See "Ordering and Settlement" below.

Price and Yield Information

The Certificate Rate shown on the face of PCs varies by increments of one-quarter of one percent. The price at which PCs are offered may be at a discount, at par, or at a premium depending upon current market conditions and the certificate rate of the PC. The net price of a PC, after subtracting any fees which are paid by The Mortgage Corporation, may vary from program to program and may also vary depending upon The Mortgage Corporation's assessment of current and future economic and mortgage market conditions. The yield quoted includes the increase in yield resulting from the payment of any fee.

The yields quoted at various Certificate Rate and price levels are based upon a thirty-year maturity, twelve year prepayment assumption. See "Maturity and Average Weighted Life" below. Yields are quoted also based on the assumption that there will be a three month delay in the receipt by a PC holder of the first payment, which is the maximum allowable delay. See "Interest and Principal Payments" below. Yield tables for PCs are available from The Mortgage Corporation and show yields at various Certificate Rates and price levels and under various payment assumptions. The Mortgage Corporation's yield tables adjust for the maximum three month delay mentioned above.

Price and yield quotations can be obtained daily from The Mortgage Corporation's regional offices and are listed on AMMINET (Automated Mortgage Market Information Network, Incorporated) and TELERATE. Current quotes are also published in the bond section of the Wall Street Journal every Tuesday.

Ordering and Settlement

An order to purchase a PC can be placed by telephoning or writing The Mortgage Corporation's Regional Office for your area. Orders are taken between 10:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Washington, D.C. time, each business day. At the time the order is placed, the purchaser will be asked the particular program desired, the principal balance of PCs to be purchased, the denominations in which certificates should be issued (PCs are available only in original unpaid principal balances of \$100,000, \$200,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000), the settlement date proposed and the purchaser's federal tax identification number. Orders to purchase or to commit to purchase PCs are accepted or rejected by The Mortgage Corporation the day on which the offer is received; the purchase or commitment contract is deemed to have been made, if the order is accepted, as of the date of acceptance.

Within three business days of the acceptance of an order to purchase a PC, a confirmation of the order is mailed to the purchaser. The purchaser must execute and return this confirmation to The Mortgage Corporation immediately. Mortgage Participation Certificates are not mailed or otherwise delivered to purchasers until The Mortgage Corporation has received both a duly executed confirmation and the purchase price for the PC.

The purchase amount of a PC to be paid at settlement may be more or less than the principal balance of the PC purchased because the PC has been purchased at a premium or at a discount. The purchase amount of a PC to be paid at settlement may also be less than the principal balance of the PC purchased because of principal payments made with respect to the Mortgages prior to the settlement date. Interest and principal payments made with respect to the Mortgages between the contract or commitment date and the settlement date are for the account of and are retained by The Mortgage Corporation. Notification of the exact amount due from the purchaser at settlement will be mailed at least 5 business days prior to settlement for all programs other than the mandatory delivery, 7 to 29 day settlement program. In the latter case, if settlement is scheduled for no more than 10 days from the date of the contract, notification of the exact amount due at settlement is mailed with the confirmation of the purchaser's order.

The Mortgages

Each PC represents undivided interests in a group of Mortgages identified on the books and records of The Mortgage Corporation, having an original aggregate unpaid principal balance of approximately \$100 million and comprised of from 2,000 to 5,000 residential mortgages. At least 95% of the aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages will consist of home mortgage loans (1-4 family) and no more than 5% will consist of multi-family loans. Interest payable on the Mortgages to The Mortgage Corporation shall be equal to or greater than the interest payable at the Certificate Rate applicable to the PC.

The Mortgages have been purchased by The Mortgage Corporation pursuant to its various conventional mortgage purchase programs and accordingly are, with the likely exception of broad geographic diversity, of the same general type, quality and characteristics as described under "History and Business—Purchase Programs." A particular PC is likely to represent undivided interests in Mortgages which have a geographic mix which is different than, and a degree of geographic concentration which is greater than, The Mortgage Corporation's mortgage portfolio as described below under "History and Business—Geographic Distribution of Mortgage Portfolio." Due to the composition of the unsold portion of The Mortgage Corporation's mortgage portfolio at any particular time, and due to its policy of selling the mortgages it purchases as soon as possible, a particular PC is likely to represent undivided interests in Mortgages which are serviced by seller/servicers located in a single Geographic Area Designation or in a single state. See pages 21-22.

It is the Corporation's experience to date that it purchases mortgages in significantly heavier volumes from areas of the United States that are mortgage capital deficit areas and sells relatively high volumes of PCs in areas that are mortgage capital surplus areas. In accordance with the Corporation's statutory goals, this process helps to produce national equilibrium effects in the availability of mortgage funds and in mortgage rates. Accordingly, purchasers of PCs should normally expect a significant degree of geographic concentration in the mortgages represented by PCs. The area of geographic concentration may alter as national economic developments cause changes in areas of capital deficit and surplus. At the present time, the Corporation's purchases are heavily weighted toward states covered by the Los Angeles Regional Marketing Office. See the back cover for a list of these states.

The Mortgages are comprised of participations and/or whole loans. In the case of whole loans, the original mortgage notes are endorsed to and held by The Mortgage Corporation. Where local law or practice requires, assignments of the original mortgages are recorded in The Mortgage Corporation's name. The participations are evidenced by participation certificates which represent undivided interests in conventional mortgages. The participation certificates are held by The Mortgage Corporation, but the original mortgage notes and original mortgages are held by the sellers, and the original mortgages are recorded in the names of the sellers. The sellers of these whole loans and participations to The Mortgage Corporation have agreed, subject to The Mortgage Corporation's general supervision, to perform diligently all services and duties customary to the servicing of mortgages.

Interest and Principal Payments

PC holders receive a pro rata share of the interest received by The Mortgage Corporation on the Mortgages at the Certificate Rate on the unpaid principal balance of the Mortgages. Interest accrues on the PCs from the date agreed upon for settlement of a PC purchase or the date of The Mortgage Corporation's receipt of the purchase price, whichever is later. Interest received with respect to the Mortgages in excess of the Certificate Rate will be retained by The Mortgage Corporation as compensation for its guarantee and as a management fee. Interest at the Certificate Rate is computed on the basis of a 360 day year, each month being assumed to have 30 days.

Holders of PCs also receive their pro rata share of all principal payments on the Mortgages received by The Mortgage Corporation, including monthly amortization payments, prepayments of principal and principal received by virtue of condemnation, insurance proceeds or foreclosure, as well as a pro rata share of all prepayment fees collected with respect to the Mortgages. These prepayment fees, if any, represent additional income to the PC holder over and above interest at the Certificate Rate.

The Mortgage Corporation remits to each registered holder of a PC his pro rata share of principal payments on the Mortgages received by The Mortgage Corporation, any prepayment fees and interest to the extent of the Certificate Rate on or before the first day of the second month following the month in which such payments are made by the mortgagors. For example, payments made by mortgagors during the month of February will typically be comprised of interest applicable to the month of January and a principal reduction payment for the month of February and will be passed through to PC holders on or before the first of April. The Mortgage Corporation remits any other sums, such as prepayments, prepayment fees, gains on foreclosure and liquidation proceeds, no later than the first day of the second month following the month in which such funds are received by The Mortgage Corporation. Late payment fees are retained by the seller-servicers and are not passed through to The Mortgage Corporation or to the holders of PCs.

The impact upon the rate of return applicable to a PC caused by the above described delay in the receipt by holders of PCs of their pro rata share of principal and interest payments on the Mortgages is accounted for in the yield with respect to the PCs as quoted by The Mortgage Corporation, *i.e.*, the yield quoted includes an appropriate adjustment necessitated by the maximum allowable delay.

The Mortgage Corporation normally mails to each registered holder of PCs one check per month regardless of the number of PCs held or when such PCs were purchased. This check will normally be posted five calendar days prior to the first of the month in which the check is due. The principal, interest and prepayment fees (if any) attributable to each specific PC are itemized on a statement accompanying the check. Checks will be mailed to the address of the registered holder entitled thereto as the same shall appear in the register of PCs.

Guarantees

The Mortgage Corporation guarantees to each registered holder of a PC the timely payment of interest accruing at the applicable Certificate Rate on the unpaid principal balance outstanding on the Mortgages to the extent of such holder's percentage of participation therein. The Mortgage Corporation also guarantees to each registered holder of a PC collection of all principal on the Mortgages, without any offset or deduction, to the extent of such holder's percentage of participation therein. For purposes of these guarantees, The Mortgage Corporation indemnifies holders of PCs against any diminution in principal by reason of charges for property repairs, maintenance and foreclosure.

The Mortgage Corporation may remit the amount due on account of its guarantee of collection of principal at any time after default on an underlying mortgage, but not later than the later of (i) thirty days following foreclosure sale, (ii) thirty days following payment of the claim by any mortgage insurer, or (iii) thirty days following the expiration of any right of redemption, but in no event later than one year after demand has been made upon the mortgagor for accelerated payment of principal.

The Mortgage Corporation is subrogated to all the rights, interests, remedies, powers and privileges of each holder of a PC on which guarantee payments have been made by The Mortgage Corporation in respect of principal and/or interest.

The PCs are not guaranteed by the United States or by any of the Federal Home Loan Banks and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any Federal Home Loan Bank.

Transfers and Exchanges

The Mortgage Participation Certificates are sold in fully registered form only and are freely transferable. Any sale, transfer, pledge or other disposition of a PC must be evidenced by completion of the Notice of Transfer on the reverse side of the PC or The Notice of Transfer Detached From Certificate (FHLMC 522) which may be obtained from The Mortgage Corporation's Regional Offices. No charge is made for any exchange or transfer of a PC. Form PD 1832 may not be used to effect transfers.

The Mortgage Corporation or its designated agent maintains a register of the holders of PCs. The Mortgage Corporation makes payments of principal, interest or any other payments in respect of a PC only to the registered holder of a PC as his name and address appears on the PC register. Transfers of PCs are registered effective as of the first day of the month in which written notice of transfer is received by The Mortgage Corporation or its designated agent, provided that such notice is received prior to the last five calendar days of that month. The transfer books are closed for the last five calendar days of each month; any notice of transfer received during this five day period is deemed effective as of the first day of the following month.

Maturity and Average Weighted Life

The PCs represent undivided interests in the Mortgages which have a maximum maturity of thirty years, subject to extension by virtue of forbearance. The maturity of an investment is the point at which the last payment is due to the PC investor. The average weighted life of an investment is dependent upon the amount of principal returned periodically. Historical data applicable to pools of Federal Housing Administration insured single family mortgages indicates that mortgagors' amortization payments and anticipated prepayments will result in an average weighted life for such mortgages of approximately twelve years. This twelve year average weighted life forms the basis for the twelve year prepayment assumption upon which The Mortgage Corporation bases the yield quotations with respect to PCs. A twelve year prepayment assumption is used in generally accepted yield tables and is the common mortgage industry norm for quoting yields.

General economic conditions, mortgage market interest rates and other factors will influence prepayments and/or forbearance with respect to the Mortgages. Since the life of the Mortgages can be influenced by such factors, the actual average weighted life of a PC may be greater or less than the twelve year weighted life described above. The limited experience of The Mortgage Corporation, indicates that the average weighted life of a PC will be less than 12 years. See table set forth below under "PC Principal Payment Experience." The Mortgage Corporation anticipates that holders of PCs will receive principal payments in excess of scheduled amortization payments applicable to the Mortgages, but that final payment of all principal may not be received until the maturity of the PC.

PC Principal Payment Experience

The following table sets forth with respect to eight groups of participations and/or whole loans the cumulative percentage of the original principal balance of the applicable PCs which had been paid to holders at the end of various yearly intervals. The table includes all PCs sold by The Mortgage Corporation in which the groups of participations and/or whole loans had an aggregate original principal balance of at least \$50 million and which groups of mortgages had been formed at least one year prior to September 1, 1976. The groups of participations and/or whole loans listed below do not necessarily have the same characteristics with regard to geographic concentration and home mortgage/multi-family mix as the Mortgages which will be applicable to the PCs offered hereby. See "The Mortgages" above.

Cumulative Percentage of Principal Repaid								
Group Number (a)	16-001	16-003	17-001	16-006	16-007	16-008	16-009	16-010
Group Interest Rate(b)	7.50%	7.50%	7.28%	7.75%	10.1%	8.9%	9.0%	9.125%
Date of Initial Formation(c)	12/1/72	1/1/73	2/1/73	12/1/73	11/1/74	5/1/75	7/1/75	8/1/75
(000 omitted)								
Initial Principal Balance(d)	<u>\$112,904</u>	<u>\$101,207</u>	<u>\$175,463</u>	<u>\$50,905</u>	<u>\$112,829</u>	<u>\$118,638</u>	<u>\$109,373</u>	<u>\$103,391</u>
1 year	7.1%	5.1%	3.0%	6.4%	13.3%	7.9%	8.7%	12.3%
2 years.....	16.4	11.0	7.3	12.8	—	—	—	—
3 years.....	22.6	18.6	15.0	—	—	—	—	—
3 years, 6 mos. ..	26.2	22.7	20.1	—	—	—	—	—

(a) Group Number digits (000001) and (000000) omitted.

(b) Weighted average interest rate of the whole loans and participations in the group.

(c) Date of initial formation of the group.

(d) Initial principal balance of the participations and/or whole loans in thousands of dollars.

Given the relatively short duration of the PC Sales Programs, The Mortgage Corporation has formed no definitive view with regard to the factors other than coupon interest rate on the Mortgages which may account for the variations in payment experience shown above. Coupon interest rates which are sufficiently in excess of current market rates for newly originated mortgages may induce mortgagors to seek to refinance their mortgages; accordingly, groups of mortgages with weighted average interest rates in excess of current market rates may experience more rapid prepayment than groups of mortgages with weighted average interest rates less than current market rates. The Mortgage Corporation believes that its historical data with regard to payment experience are insufficient to enable it to make any representations as to the percentage of the original principal balance of the PCs offered hereby which will have been paid to holders at any particular point in time. The Mortgages applicable to any particular PC may experience a rate of principal payments and prepayments which is greater than or less than the range shown in the table above.

Tax Status

The income derived from the PCs does not have any exemption, as such, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended (the "Code"). The PCs are subject to federal estate and gift taxes. The FHLMC Act does not contain any specific exemption with respect to taxes now or hereafter imposed on the principal of or interest on the PCs by any state, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority. It is suggested that purchasers residing in states or localities which impose intangible property or income taxes consult their own tax advisors as to the status of the PCs and the income thereon.

The Mortgage Corporation furnishes each holder of a PC annual information for federal income tax purposes which itemizes with respect to each PC held the total amount of interest paid by mortgagors,

seller/servicers' fees (if any), The Mortgage Corporation's guarantee and management fees (if any), and the total amount of interest and prepayment fees (if any) received by that holder for the calendar year.

Based on published Revenue Rulings of the Internal Revenue Service:

(A) A PC held by a "domestic building and loan association" within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(19) of the Code is considered as representing "loans secured by an interest in real property" within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(19)(C)(v) of the Code. A PC is also considered as representing "qualifying real property loans" within the meaning of Section 593(e) of the Code with respect to certain thrift institutions.

(B) The qualification of an employees' pension or profit-sharing trust under Section 401 of the Code and its exemption under Section 501(a) will not be adversely affected by the purchase of PCs, provided that the purchase meets the investment requisites applicable to such trust.

(C) The special rules of Section 1232 of the Code will be applicable to a PC holder's proportionate share of any mortgages which are obligations of corporations if, and to the extent that, the other conditions for the application of the Section are met.

(D) Interest income on the PCs is "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" as that phrase is used in Section 856(c)(3)(B) of the Code; a real estate investment trust which owns a PC is considered as owning "real estate assets" as that phrase is used in Section 856(c)(5)(A) of the Code.

(E) With respect to each mortgage, the amount by which interest at the Certificate Rate plus The Mortgage Corporation's management and guarantee fee (if any) exceeds interest at the coupon rate of the mortgage will be characterized as "discount".

(F) With respect to each mortgage, the amount by which interest at the Certificate Rate plus The Mortgage Corporation's management and guarantee fee (if any) is exceeded by interest at the coupon rate of the mortgage will be characterized as "premium."

In computing discount or premium with respect to a mortgage as stated above the allocable portion of the fee, if any, received by the purchaser under a mandatory or optional delivery program must be taken into account as an offset against the selling price of the mortgage. With respect to certain other federal income tax aspects of fees received by purchasers in connection with the optional or mandatory delivery programs, see "Description of Mortgage Participation Certificates—PC Sales Programs, Federal Tax Consequences of Fees."

Secondary Market

The Mortgage Corporation makes the only secondary market in PCs. To permit a measure of marketability for holders of PCs, The Mortgage Corporation has thus provided since June 20, 1975 and, subject to the conditions described below, expects to continue to provide, bid quotations for outstanding PCs. Informational bid quotations are available daily on AMMINET and TELERATE, or from The Mortgage Corporation's Regional Offices. However, firm quotations are available from The Mortgage Corporation's Regional Offices only with respect to inquiries to sell specifically identified PCs.

The Mortgage Corporation makes a secondary market in PCs subject to the following conditions:

1. The Mortgage Corporation will not offer to repurchase a PC unless the holder of the PC has been the registered owner thereof for at least 60 days.
2. The Mortgage Corporation will not purchase more than \$5 million in original principal balance of PCs from any single holder in any single day.
3. There will be a spread between The Mortgage Corporation's bid price for the repurchase of PCs and its offering price for currently issued PCs. This spread may fluctuate substantially depending on market conditions and the level of The Mortgage Corporation's PC inventory. PC holders who wish to obtain more attractive bid prices may desire to seek their own buyers.

As of August 31, 1976, The Mortgage Corporation had repurchased pursuant to its formal repurchase program, \$67.3 million aggregate original principal balance of PCs, all of which have been resold. Prior to June 20, 1975, there was an informal repurchase program. From June 1972 to June 1975, The Mortgage Corporation repurchased pursuant to the informal program \$9.6 million aggregate original principal balance of PCs, all of which have been resold or retired. Set forth below on a monthly basis is the volume of PCs repurchased, the average weighted spread with respect to these purchases and the range of spreads between bid prices for repurchased PCs and offering prices for currently issued PCs (i.e., 98.000 bid—98.500 offered = .500 spread) for the period June 20, 1975 to August 31, 1976.

PCs REPURCHASED AT DISCOUNT PRICES

<u>Year</u>	<u>Month</u>	<u>Total Principal Amount of PCs Repurchased</u>	<u>Weighted Average Spread at Which Repurchased</u>	<u>Range of Spreads</u>
1975	June	\$ 200,000	2.000	2.000
	Sept.	1,000,000	1.625	1.625
	Dec.	3,100,000	.879	.125-1.000
1976	Jan.	2,000,000	.813	.500-1.125
	Feb.	1,400,000	.554	.500-.625
	March	4,100,000	.668	.375-.875
	April	16,200,000	.475	.250-6.25
	May	9,100,000	.383	0-.500
	June	3,900,000	.311	.125-.500
	July	4,500,000	.417	.250-.500
	Aug.	11,300,000	.448	.250-.500

PCs REPURCHASED AT PREMIUM PRICES

<u>Year</u>	<u>Month</u>	<u>Total Principal Amount of PCs Repurchased</u>	<u>Weighted Average Spread At Which Repurchased</u>	<u>Range of Spreads</u>
1975	June	\$ 200,000	3.125	3.125
	Sept.	-0-	—	—
	Dec.	-0-	—	—
1976	Jan.	1,200,000	1.125	.500-1.250
	Feb.	-0-	—	—
	March	700,000	1.518	1.250-1.625
	April	6,500,000	.663	.250-1.750
	May	300,000	1.000	.500-2.000
	June	-0-	—	—
	July	-0-	—	—
	Aug.	1,600,000	.914	.500-1.875

With respect to any undivided interests in Mortgages which The Mortgage Corporation acquires or retains in the form of a PC, The Mortgage Corporation shall share pro rata with the holders of all other PCs applicable to such mortgages.

Legality of Investments

National banks may deal in, underwrite and purchase PCs for their own account without regard to the limitations generally applicable to investment securities. Funds of federal savings and loan associations and federal credit unions may be invested in PCs without regard to limitations generally applicable to investments. Additional information with respect to legality of investment by other institutions can be obtained from The Mortgage Corporation's Regional Offices.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE STATEMENT OF INCOME

During 1974 the spread between the interest The Mortgage Corporation earned on all mortgages and the interest paid on its total borrowings narrowed as the result of increased borrowing costs. As a result of this narrowing and as a result of a negative spread between the interest earned on temporary cash investments and the cost of borrowings which supported such temporary cash investments, earnings before provision for losses, management fee and guarantees declined for 1975 compared to 1974. See "Effective Interest Income Rates and Financing Rates," page 20. Reference is also made to the "Statement of Changes in Financial Position," page 27, concerning amortization of mortgage loan purchase discount.

Net income for 1975 was \$15,508,000 as compared to \$4,992,000 for 1974. During 1974, consistent with its statutory purposes, The Mortgage Corporation continued substantial purchases of mortgage loans notwithstanding increased borrowing costs which, in certain instances, exceeded the return on the mortgages acquired. The amount by which the borrowing costs exceeded the return on such mortgages over the life of the borrowings was charged to income under "Provision for Losses, Management Fee and Guarantees," and aggregated \$30,400,000 for 1974. During 1975, the return on mortgages acquired exceeded the borrowing costs incurred to finance the new mortgages over the life of the borrowings. However, during 1975, \$9,435,000 was charged to income under "Provision for Losses, Management Fee and Guarantees" to absorb \$3,435,000 of losses actually incurred on the sale of mortgage loans and for possible future losses on the sale or financing of mortgage loans. This charge was made because mortgage market yields increased during 1975 and in certain instances exceeded The Mortgage Corporation's net yield on that portion of its mortgage portfolio which it has not sold or financed long-term.

Net income for the four months ended April 30 was \$2,957,000 in 1976 compared to \$7,935,000 in 1975. This decline is due primarily to an increased level of temporary cash investments and a negative spread between the interest earned on temporary cash investments and the cost of borrowings which supported such temporary cash investments.

For discussion of FHLMC's activities in light of its statutory purposes, see "Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation" at page 4.

HISTORY AND BUSINESS

The Board of Directors of The Mortgage Corporation is composed of the three members of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, whose Chairman is the Chairman of the Board of FHLMC. There is presently one vacancy on the Federal Home Loan Bank Board and the Board of FHLMC, the position of Chairman. (See "Management.") The Members of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board are appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for four-year terms.

The capital stock of The Mortgage Corporation consists solely of non-voting common stock held by the twelve Federal Home Loan Banks. 100,000 shares, par value \$1,000 each, have been issued for a total purchase price of \$100 million, the maximum amount which the Federal Home Loan Banks were required to purchase pursuant to the FHLMC Act. FHLMC may declare dividends on its common stock but has not yet done so. The stock may be retired by FHLMC at its issue price if such retirement will not reduce its reserves and surplus to less than \$100 million.

The principal activity of The Mortgage Corporation currently consists of the purchase of residential conventional mortgages or interests in such mortgages and the resale of mortgages or interests so purchased. These purchase and sale programs are described below under "Purchase Programs" and "Sale Programs."

Purchase Programs

The Mortgage Corporation purchases conventional mortgages or participation interests in such mortgages on a continuous basis. The participations purchased have varied from 50% to 85% of the underlying whole loans. Set forth below is information concerning the volume of such activities, as well as

the volume of the FHA/VA purchase programs. Mortgages purchased under the joint United States Treasury—Federal Home Loan Bank System program and the GNMA agency program, described below under “Other Activities,” are excluded.

	Years Ended December 31,					Four Months Ended April 30, 1976
	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	
	(000 omitted)					
Commitments and Contracts:						
FHA/VA	\$545,646	\$ 832,318	\$ 315,609	\$ 260,798	\$122,398	\$ 4,042
Participations.....	255,772	540,135	897,991	579,109	644,492	271,705
Conventional Whole Loans..	—	230,469	301,510	295,768	214,157	111,505
Multipurpose Forward (A) ..	—	—	113,949	411,592	—	—
Total.....	<u>\$801,418</u>	<u>\$1,602,922</u>	<u>\$1,629,059</u>	<u>\$1,547,267</u>	<u>\$981,047</u>	<u>\$387,252</u>
Purchases:						
FHA/VA	\$561,158	\$ 802,645	\$ 336,418	\$ 260,668	\$119,792	\$ 7,716
Participations.....	217,200	312,841	730,697	739,106	523,650	116,160
Conventional Whole Loans..	—	149,390	266,807	489,437	192,362	66,135
Total.....	<u>\$778,358</u>	<u>\$1,264,876</u>	<u>\$1,333,922</u>	<u>\$1,489,211</u>	<u>\$836,074</u>	<u>\$190,011</u>

(A) The terms of the Multipurpose Forward commitments permitted delivery of conventional whole loans and/or participations.

Set forth below is a description of certain aspects of FHLMC's purchase programs for conventional residential mortgages and interests in such mortgages.

1. *Statutory restrictions.* All whole loans or participations purchased by FHLMC must meet certain standards set forth in the FHLMC Act. FHLMC is confined to the purchase of obligations secured by mortgages, the outstanding principal balance of which at the time of purchase does not exceed 80% of the value of the real property securing the mortgage unless: (1) the seller retains a participation interest in the mortgage of not less than 10% of the mortgage; or (2) the seller agrees for such period and under such circumstances as FHLMC may prescribe, to repurchase or replace the mortgage obligations upon demand by FHLMC in the event that the mortgage is in default; or (3) the portion of the unpaid principal balance of the mortgage obligation which is in excess of 80% is insured by a qualified mortgage insurer as determined by FHLMC.

The Mortgage Corporation may purchase a conventional mortgage which was originated more than one year prior to the purchase date only if the seller is currently engaged in mortgage lending or investment activities and, if, as a result thereof, the cumulative aggregate principal balances of all conventional mortgages purchased by FHLMC which were originated more than one year prior to purchase does not exceed 20% of the cumulative aggregate principal balances of all conventional mortgages purchased by FHLMC. As of June 30, 1976, FHLMC had purchased \$232 million aggregate principal amount of mortgages more than one year old which represents approximately 4.1% of all conventional mortgages purchased by FHLMC. Additionally, FHLMC is required to establish limitations governing the maximum principal obligation of conventional mortgages purchased by it which shall not exceed the limitations contained in Section 5(c) of the Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933. At present, the limitations established by FHLMC are \$42,000 for mortgages with respect to loans in excess of a 90% loan-to-value ratio and \$55,000 for mortgages with respect to loans not exceeding a 90% loan-to-value ratio. These limitations may be increased by 25% for mortgages on properties located in Alaska, Guam or Hawaii. Finally, FHLMC is confined to purchasing, so far as practicable, mortgages which it deems to be of such quality, type and class as to meet generally the purchase standards imposed by private institutional mortgage investors.

2. *Eligible sellers.* FHLMC may purchase mortgages from any Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, a member of any Federal Home Loan Bank, any other financial institution the deposits or accounts of which are insured by an agency of the United States and from certain financial institutions the deposits or accounts of which are insured under state law (chiefly certain Massachusetts institutions). FHLMC purchases mortgages from any savings and loan association which is a member of a Federal Home Loan Bank and whose prior relationships with FHLMC have been satisfactory. Approximately 82% of all mortgages acquired by FHLMC have been acquired from such associations. In the case of savings banks, commercial banks and other federally or state insured financial institutions, FHLMC, on an individual institution basis, determines whether mortgages shall be acquired from any particular institution within this group. FHLMC, for these purposes, evaluates the depth of the mortgage origination and servicing experience of such sellers.

3. *Warranties of sellers.* A seller of whole loans or participations to FHLMC under any of the FHLMC purchase programs is required to give certain warranties to FHLMC for the benefit of FHLMC and purchasers from FHLMC. The warranties cover such matters as validity of the mortgage as a first lien, proper recordation of the mortgage, compliance by the seller with the requirements of all state and federal laws including those relating to settlement procedures, truth-in-lending and usury, absence of default of principal or interest payments on the mortgage, sale to FHLMC free of all liens and encumbrances prior to the first lien of the mortgage, and validity of title, hazard and private mortgage insurance policies. Sellers also warrant that the mortgage complies with all the terms and conditions of the FHLMC purchase program pursuant to which the mortgage is being purchased and with such requirements as are generally imposed by private institutional mortgage investors in the area in which the mortgaged property is located.

4. *Servicing.* Sellers of whole loans or participations to FHLMC agree, subject to FHLMC's general supervision, to perform diligently all services and duties customary to the servicing of mortgages. Such duties include collection and remittance of principal and interest payments, administration of escrow accounts, collection of insurance claims, and, if necessary, foreclosure. Sellers may contract with other eligible sellers or in certain instances with service corporations, bank subsidiaries or with mortgagees approved by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to have such servicing performed; however, such use of servicing agents does not relieve the seller of its obligations to The Mortgage Corporation.

5. *Qualified mortgage insurers.* Pursuant to the FHLMC Act, FHLMC purchases conventional mortgages with a loan-to-value ratio exceeding 80% if the principal amount of the indebtedness in excess of 75% of the appraised value of the mortgaged property is insured by a qualified mortgage insurer. FHLMC has established minimum requirements which a mortgage insurer must meet in order to be approved as a qualified mortgage insurer under the various purchase programs. As of June 30, 1976 FHLMC had approved 21 mortgage insurers as insurers whose insurance was eligible under FHLMC purchase programs. Mortgages with principal balances aggregating approximately 62% of the principal balance of all mortgages owned by FHLMC on March 31, 1976, have some portion of their principal balance insured by a qualified mortgage insurer.

6. *Credit, appraisal, and underwriting standards.* Each whole loan or participation purchased by FHLMC must meet the credit, appraisal, and underwriting standards established by FHLMC. These standards are designed to evaluate the credit standing of the mortgagor and the value of the real property securing the mortgage and are administered by FHLMC on the basis of procedures which FHLMC believes are adequate to determine that the mortgages meet FHLMC credit, appraisal, and underwriting standards. Approximately 8.2% of the conventional whole loans or participations offered for sale to FHLMC between April 1, 1972 and April 30, 1976 have been rejected for failure to meet the standards and requirements of the FHLMC purchase program under which the whole loan or participation was to be purchased.

7. *Purchase prices.* FHLMC purchases all participations at their face amount (par) to yield a specified interest rate. Sellers are required as part of their servicing of the underlying mortgages to remit to FHLMC sufficient interest payments to yield the specified rate. To the extent the stated interest rate on the mortgages exceeds the yield specified by FHLMC, sellers retain the excess interest. To the extent that the

stated interest rate is less than the yield specified, sellers make up the difference from interest payments attributable to their retained interest in the mortgage. FHLMC will not purchase a participation which would require more than 100% of the income from the retained interest to be paid over to FHLMC.

All whole loans purchased by FHLMC are purchased at a specified percentage of their outstanding principal balances, adjusted for accrued or prepaid interest, which, when applied to the stated interest rate of the mortgage, results in the yield (expressed as a percentage) established by FHLMC. The yield so established includes $\frac{3}{8}\%$ servicing fee retained by the seller/servicer of the whole loan. However, no purchase is made at greater than 100% of the outstanding principal balance. The applicable percentage yield is established based upon the outstanding principal balance and an assumed term and a prepayment period as determined by FHLMC.

8. *Variations in programs.* Consistent with the standards imposed by the FHLMC Act, the various FHLMC purchase programs have differed with regard to such matters as the percent retained by sellers (in participation purchase programs), permissible loan-to-value ratios and maximum unpaid principal amounts for individual mortgages. FHLMC believes that these variations have had no material impact upon the quality of whole loans or participations purchased in the various programs.

Sale Programs

As of April 30, 1976, FHLMC had sold or had contracted to sell \$1.884 billion original principal balance of Mortgage Participation Certificates ("PCs") representing undivided interests in certain mortgages previously purchased by The Mortgage Corporation as to which The Mortgage Corporation has guaranteed timely payment of interest and collection of principal. As of April 30, 1976, the unpaid balances of outstanding PCs sold were approximately \$1.421 billion.

As of April 30, 1976, FHLMC has sold \$700 million initial principal amount of Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates ("GMCs"). Except for certificate rate, the schedule of minimum annual principal reduction payments, and the repurchase commitment date, each had terms substantially the same as the terms of the Certificates offered hereby. GMCs represent undivided interests in specified conventional whole loans and participations previously purchased by FHLMC.

At April 30, 1976, FHLMC had accumulated a reserve of \$11,247,000 with regard to its guarantees on outstanding PCs and GMCs.

In addition, FHLMC has sold approximately \$2.109 billion aggregate principal amount of mortgage-backed bonds issued by FHLMC and guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), for which FHA insured and VA guaranteed mortgages in a similar principal amount have been placed in trust. As of April 30, 1976, \$1,549 billion aggregate principal amount of these bonds remained outstanding. (See note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements.)

Other Activities

Pursuant to a joint United States Department of the Treasury-Federal Home Loan Bank System program, FHLMC committed to acquire up to \$3 billion aggregate principal balance of conventional single family residential mortgages. As of December 31, 1975, \$1.575 billion of these mortgages had been purchased, and all other commitments had been either cancelled or had expired. This program was financed by loans from the Treasury to the Bank System, which in turn advanced such funds to FHLMC as were necessary to acquire the mortgages purchased pursuant to the program. FHLMC's loan from the Bank System is secured by the mortgages purchased. The program provides in effect that FHLMC's borrowing costs will not exceed its return on the mortgages, and both the loan to FHLMC and the loan to the Bank System provide for semiannual instalments in amounts equal to the principal collections on the related mortgage loans purchased.

GNMA has contracted with FHLMC for FHLMC to purchase and service, as GNMA's agent, up to \$3.491 billion aggregate principal balance of conventional single family residential mortgages. As of April 30, 1976, FHLMC, as GNMA's agent, has purchased \$2.117 billion principal balance of these mortgages, commitments totaling \$445 million had been cancelled and commitments to purchase \$929 million remained outstanding. These purchases are for GNMA's account and are, therefore, excluded from FHLMC's balance sheet. FHLMC receives fees for the administration of the program as agent for GNMA. These fees are intended to offset FHLMC's expenses in connection with the program.

FHLMC Mortgage Portfolio

Summarized below is certain statistical information on FHLMC's mortgage portfolio (excluding mortgages purchased under the joint United States Treasury-Federal Home Loan Bank System program and the GNMA agency program described above) at the dates indicated. Given the relatively short duration of FHLMC's operations, the spread on the yields shown below is not necessarily indicative of the long-term relationships which may prevail.

Effective Interest Income Rates and Financing Rates

	December 31, 1972		December 31, 1973		December 31, 1974		December 31, 1975		April 30, 1976	
	Principal	Yield	Principal	Yield	Principal	Yield	Principal	Yield	Principal	Yield
	(000 omitted)		(000 omitted)		(000 omitted)		(000 omitted)		(000 omitted)	
FHA/VA Mortgages:										
Effective interest income.....		7.36%		7.42%		7.61%		7.70%		7.74%
Effective borrowing cost.....		6.53		6.50		7.15		7.09		7.05
Net.....	\$1,485,281	.83	\$1,790,547	.92	\$1,956,115	.46	\$1,878,014	.61	\$1,822,921	.69
Participations in Conventional Mortgages:										
Effective interest income.....		7.51		8.14		8.49		8.50		8.55
Effective borrowing cost.....		6.61		7.18		8.63		8.63		8.64
Adjustment (Note).....		.90		.96		(.14)		(.13)		(.09)
Net.....	141,900	.90	568,734	.96	1,205,971	.33	853,583	.34	670,681	.32
Conventional Mortgages:										
Effective interest income.....		7.12		7.81		8.43		8.43		8.46
Effective borrowing cost.....		6.61		7.18		8.63		8.63		8.64
Adjustment (Note).....		.51		.63		(.20)		(.20)		(.18)
Net.....	144,188	.51	232,467	.63	694,624	.27	723,464	.27	526,559	.23
Total Mortgages Owned:										
Effective interest income.....		7.35		7.62		8.03		8.05		8.04
Effective borrowing cost.....		6.54		6.72		7.88		7.92		7.91
Adjustment (Note).....		.81		.90		.15		.13		.13
Net.....	\$1,771,369	.81	\$2,591,748	.90	\$3,856,710	.38	\$3,455,061	.36	\$3,020,161	.39
Mortgage Participation Certificates:										
Effective interest income.....		7.60		7.51		7.53		8.14		8.18
Effective certificate rate.....		7.09		7.20		7.26		7.72		7.85
Net.....	\$ 444,173	.51	\$ 791,275	.31	\$ 779,838	.27	\$1,142,524	.42	\$1,421,238	.33
Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates:										
Effective interest income.....		-		-		-		8.49		8.55
Effective certificate rate.....		-		-		-		8.46		8.50
Net.....							\$ 477,435	.03	\$ 660,435	.05

Note—The adjustment represents additional yield resulting from the write-down of mortgage loans. To the extent a loss is indicated on the financing of mortgage loans, the loss attributable to such financing is charged against the allowance for possible losses and is reflected on the balance sheet as a reduction of mortgage loans. This reduction of mortgage loans results in additional yield which for accounting purposes is recognized in FHLMC's Statement of Income and Retained Earnings as additional interest income over the term of the related borrowing. (See notes 1 and 3 of Notes to Financial Statements.)

The effective interest income rate on the mortgage portfolio is average contract interest income adjusted for the effect of discount amortization, less servicing fees. The effective borrowing cost is the average borrowing rate adjusted for discounts and concessions.

The effective interest income rates on mortgages have not been adjusted to semi-annual yield equivalent.

Risks of Refinancing and Reinvestment

The profit or loss generated by FHLMC's mortgage operations is substantially governed by (i) the difference between the effective interest income rate on its portfolio of mortgages and temporary cash investments and the effective interest expense on borrowings required to carry its portfolio, and (ii) the difference between the effective interest income rate on whole loans and participations purchased and the effective interest paid with respect to Mortgage Participation Certificates and Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates sold. As a result, FHLMC's earnings are materially dependent upon the relative movements between mortgage yields and other market rates.

FHLMC's mortgage portfolio consists principally of mortgages with original maturities of thirty years on which principal is amortized monthly in increasing increments over the life of the mortgage. Due to prepayments, the average mortgage is discharged prior to its stated maturity. The borrowings required to finance this portfolio are expected to mature more rapidly than the portfolio itself.

If FHLMC experiences higher than anticipated refinancing costs as current borrowings mature, it could have a material adverse effect on FHLMC's financial position or its results of operations. The table below sets forth the maturities of FHLMC's borrowings, exclusive of advances from Federal Home Loan Bank in the form of borrowings from the U. S. Treasury, as of April 30, 1976.

<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
	(000 omitted)		(000 omitted)
1976	\$607,978	1981-1985	\$972,077
1977	866,507	1986-1990	82,455
1978	368,005	1991-1995	472,500
1979	220,347	1996-1997	157,500
1980	211,683		

See note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements.

Furthermore, if FHLMC were to experience greater than anticipated principal payments (including prepayments) on portfolio mortgages, it would be required to reinvest in mortgages or other interest bearing investments which could have yields less favorable than required to pay the interest upon FHLMC's borrowings. Such an event could also have a material adverse effect on FHLMC's financial position or its results of operations.

Geographic Distribution of Mortgage Portfolio

The following table sets forth the general geographic location of the properties underlying the mortgage portfolio of The Mortgage Corporation as of April 30, 1976 (including those mortgages which The Mortgage Corporation has sold but as to which The Mortgage Corporation has guaranteed payment of principal and interest).

<u>Geographic Area Designation</u>	<u>Unpaid Principal Balance (000 omitted)</u>						
	<u>FHA/VA</u>	<u>Percentage of FHA/VA</u>	<u>Conventional Mortgages</u>		<u>Percentage of Conventional Loans</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Percentage of Total</u>
			<u>Participations</u>	<u>Whole Loans</u>			
Boston	\$ 8,212	.45%	\$ 77,599	\$ 26,688	2.19%	\$ 112,499	1.70%
New York	39,376	2.14	50,339	31,570	1.72	121,285	1.84
Pittsburgh	9,854	.53	94,766	30,705	2.64	135,325	2.05
Atlanta	217,248	11.78	518,539	643,341	24.41	1,379,128	20.89
Indianapolis	62,765	3.40	160,594	78,544	5.02	301,903	4.57
Chicago	159,943	8.67	108,535	96,870	4.32	365,348	5.53
Des Moines	90,181	4.89	54,275	21,277	1.59	165,733	2.51
Little Rock	184,055	9.98	168,746	392,928	11.80	745,729	11.29
Denver	156,535	8.49	342,400	113,981	9.59	612,916	9.28
Los Angeles	747,198	40.51	718,239	494,170	25.48	1,959,607	29.68
Seattle	168,912	9.16	247,265	287,662	11.24	703,839	10.66
Total	<u>\$1,844,279</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$2,541,297</u>	<u>\$2,217,736</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$6,603,312</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

States included under geographic area designations:

<u>BOSTON</u>	<u>ATLANTA</u>	<u>DES MOINES</u>	<u>LOS ANGELES</u>
Connecticut	Alabama	Iowa	Arizona
Maine	District of Columbia	Minnesota	California
Massachusetts	Florida	Missouri	Nevada
New Hampshire	Georgia	North Dakota	
Rhode Island	Kentucky	South Dakota	
Vermont	Maryland		<u>SEATTLE</u>
	North Carolina		Alaska
	South Carolina	<u>LITTLE ROCK</u>	Guam
<u>NEW YORK</u>	Tennessee	Arkansas	Hawaii
New Jersey	Virginia	Louisiana	Idaho
New York		Mississippi	Montana
Puerto Rico	<u>INDIANAPOLIS</u>	New Mexico	Oregon
Virgin Island	Indiana	Texas	Utah
	Michigan		Washington
		<u>DENVER</u>	Wyoming
<u>PITTSBURGH</u>		Colorado	
Delaware	<u>CHICAGO</u>	Kansas	
Pennsylvania	Illinois	Nebraska	
West Virginia	Ohio	Oklahoma	
	Wisconsin		

Delinquencies, Defaults and Foreclosures

Set forth below is certain information concerning FHLMC's default, delinquency and foreclosure experience with its mortgage portfolio (including those mortgages which FHLMC has sold but as to which FHLMC has guaranteed payment of principal and interest). Given FHLMC's relatively short history of operations, this information is not necessarily indicative of long-term trends. Defaults, delinquencies and foreclosures on mortgages are in some measure related to general economic conditions and historically do not reach their peak until some time after maximum unemployment rates are reached in an economic cycle. A peak in unemployment rates was reached in the second quarter of 1975. For the last half of 1975 and the first quarter of 1976, unemployment rates remained relatively high and were declining slowly, except for a recent rise in unemployment rates which is not considered indicative of a long term trend. Current statistics relating to delinquencies and numbers of foreclosures in FHLMC's portfolio show a slight increase for the last quarter of 1975 and the first half of 1976.

As of July 31, 1976, there were 3086 conventional mortgages (1.63% of total) one payment delinquent, 577 mortgages (0.31% of total) two payments delinquent, and 234 mortgages (0.12% of total) three payments or more delinquent and not in the process of foreclosure. Foreclosure had been approved and was in process for 164 mortgages (0.09% of total) as of that date.

As of July 31, 1976, there were 4,133 FHA/VA mortgages (4.70% of total) one payment delinquent, 996 mortgages (1.13% of total) two payments delinquent, and 516 mortgages (0.57% of total) three payments or more delinquent and not in the process of foreclosure. Foreclosure had been approved and was in process for 408 mortgages (0.46% of total) as of that date.

Mortgages placed in foreclosure do not necessarily result in a loss to the holder of the mortgage. It has been FHLMC's experience that mortgages placed in foreclosure are frequently reinstated to a current position or paid in full prior to completion of foreclosure proceedings. Further, the completion of foreclosure proceedings and resultant sale of the mortgaged property does not necessarily result in any loss to the mortgage holder, since the amount realized upon ultimate disposition of a property and/or recoveries under applicable mortgage insurance policies may be sufficient to pay all principal, interest and foreclosure expenses.

From commencement of operations through July 31, 1976, 369 conventional home loans and seven multi-family conventional mortgage loans, with unpaid principal balances of approximately \$9,321,000 and \$8,252,000, respectively, have been foreclosed. No losses were incurred with regard to the foreclosed conventional home loans; a loss of approximately \$3,125,000 was incurred on the foreclosed multi-family loans. As of July 31, 1976 FHLMC had an interest in the ownership of 2 multifamily properties that had been acquired through foreclosure. FHLMC's interest in the mortgages securing these properties was approximately \$2,290,000. No substantial loss is anticipated upon disposal of these properties. As of April 30, 1976, FHLMC had \$16,000,000 reserved for possible losses resulting from foreclosure of mortgages owned and \$11,247,000 reserved with regard to its guarantees on mortgage loans sold.

MANAGEMENT

The directors and principal officers of The Mortgage Corporation are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Year of Affiliation</u>	<u>Position</u>
Garth Marston	50	1974	Acting Chairman of the Board of Directors
Grady Perry	45	1973	Director
Victor H. Indiek	38	1970	President
Philip R. Brinkerhoff	33	1973	Executive Vice President
John C. Horseman	41	1971	Senior Vice President—Regional Operations
Jerry Barrentine	42	1973	Vice President & Treasurer
Henry L. Judy	36	1975	Vice President & General Counsel
Jack Carter	58	1973	Vice President—Congressional Relations
Richard A. Mackey	33	1971	Vice President—Systems
Kenneth M. Plant	41	1971	Vice President—Research
Leady W. Seale, Jr.	53	1972	Vice President—Appraisal and Underwriting
Ronald D. Struck	31	1972	Vice President—Marketing

Mr. Marston is Acting Chairman and Mr. Perry is a Member of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. There is one vacancy on the Federal Home Loan Bank Board and when filled the new member will become a director of FHLMC. The terms of Messrs. Marston and Perry expire in 1979 and 1977, respectively. Prior to April 1974, Garth Marston was Senior Vice President of Washington Mutual Savings Bank. Prior to June 1973, Grady Perry was Congressional Liaison Officer for the Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

Victor H. Indiek has been affiliated with FHLMC since December 1970 and was appointed President of FHLMC in October 1974. Prior to his affiliation with FHLMC he was a Manager with Arthur Andersen & Co. John C. Horseman has been Senior Vice President of FHLMC since 1974 and was Regional Vice President from January 1971. Prior thereto he was Assistant to the President of Amortibanc Investment Company, Inc. and Assistant Vice President and Treasurer of Farmers and Bankers Life Insurance Company. Philip R. Brinkerhoff has been Executive Vice President of FHLMC since April 1975 and was Vice President and General Counsel from June 1973. Prior thereto he was an attorney with Streich, Lang, Weeks, Cardon & French, Phoenix, Arizona.

Jerry Barrentine has been Vice President and Treasurer of FHLMC since October 1973 and was Assistant Treasurer from January 1973. Prior thereto he was a Manager with Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. Henry L. Judy has been Vice President and General Counsel of FHLMC since June 1975. Prior to that he was Deputy General Counsel of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. Jack Carter has been Vice President—Congressional Relations of FHLMC since July 1973, prior to which he was Secretary of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. Richard A. Mackey has been Vice President—Systems of FHLMC since June 1974. Prior to his affiliation with FHLMC in 1971, he was a Systems Analyst for Tate Technologies,

Inc. Kenneth M. Plant has been Vice President—Research of FHLMC since June 1973, prior to which he was Director of Research of FHLMC. Prior to his affiliation with FHLMC, Mr. Plant was a business economist for American Can Company from 1970 to 1971. Prior to that he was a Research Economist for the Conference Board. Leady W. Seale, Jr. has been affiliated with FHLMC since October 1972 and was appointed Vice President—Appraisal and Underwriting in September 1975. Prior to his affiliation, he was Chief Appraiser and Assistant Vice President of the Mortgage Loan and Real Estate Division, Equitable Life Insurance Company, Washington, D.C. Ronald D. Struck was appointed Vice President—Marketing of FHLMC in February 1976 and has been affiliated with FHLMC since November 1972. Prior thereto, he was affiliated with Parker Square Savings and Loan Association of Wichita Falls, Texas and The Plains National Bank of Lubbock, Texas.

As of August 31, 1976, FHLMC had 273 employees.

FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS

The PCs offered hereby may be offered and sold without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, and constitute “exempt securities” within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

EXPERTS

The Financial Statements included in this Offering Circular to the extent and for the periods indicated in their report, have been examined by Arthur Andersen & Co., independent public accountants, and have been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in giving such report.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION:

We have examined the balance sheet of Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (a Federally chartered corporation exempt from income taxes) as of December 31, 1975, and the related statements of income and retained earnings (included on page 4 of this Prospectus) and changes in financial position for the five years then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly the financial position of Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation as of December 31, 1975, and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the five years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied during the periods.

ARTHUR ANDERSEN & CO.

Washington, D. C.,
February 12, 1976.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION

BALANCE SHEET

ASSETS

	December 31, 1975	April 30, 1976
	(000 omitted)	
	(Unaudited)	
Mortgage Loans, at unpaid principal balances (Notes 1, 2, 5 and 7)		
Insured by Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or Guaranteed by Veterans Administration (VA).....	\$1,877,166	\$1,822,080
Participation in Conventional Mortgage Loans.....	843,697	662,189
Conventional Mortgage Loans.....	<u>713,578</u>	<u>518,068</u>
	3,434,441	3,002,337
Conventional Loans Funded Under Special U.S. Treasury Program (Note 6).....	<u>1,528,224</u>	<u>1,501,479</u>
	4,962,665	4,503,816
Less—Unamortized Purchase Discount.....	85,162	83,514
—Allowance for possible losses (Note 3).....	<u>16,000</u>	<u>16,000</u>
Total mortgage loans.....	4,861,503	4,404,302
Cash.....	369	481
Temporary Cash Investments, at cost plus accrued interest which approximates market.....	978,433	1,370,211
Accrued Interest Receivable.....	41,635	19,151
Accounts Receivable and Other Assets.....	2,020	1,906
Claims Against FHA and VA, net of allowance for losses of \$200,000.....	2,901	2,159
Real Estate Owned, at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value.....	2,312	2,807
Unamortized Discount and Commissions on Mortgage Loan Sales.....	4,379	12,780
Unamortized Debt Expense.....	<u>5,185</u>	<u>4,738</u>
	<u>\$5,898,737</u>	<u>\$5,818,535</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Bonds and Advances Payable, including \$698,900,000 at December 31, 1975 and \$958,938,000 at April 30, 1976 due within one year (Note 5).....	\$4,049,952	\$3,959,052
Advances for Special U.S. Treasury Program, including \$30,970,000 due in January 1976, and \$32,475,000 due as of April 30, 1976 and payable in July 1976 (Note 6).....	1,559,194	1,533,954
Other Liabilities:		
Accrued interest.....	121,298	142,783
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses.....	15,543	25,961
Commitment fees.....	96	171
	<u>5,746,083</u>	<u>5,661,921</u>
Reserve for Management Fee and Guarantees (Note 7).....	<u>10,839</u>	<u>11,842</u>
Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates (Note 7).....	500,000	677,800
Less—Underlying Mortgage Loans Sold, including principal collections held in trust of \$22,565,000 at December 31, 1975 and \$17,365,000 at April 30, 1976.....	<u>500,000</u>	<u>677,800</u>
	—	—
Commitments (Note 4)		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Common stock, nonvoting, \$1,000 par value; no maximum authorization; 100,000 shares issued and outstanding.....	100,000	100,000
Retained earnings.....	<u>41,815</u>	<u>44,772</u>
	141,815	144,772
	<u>\$5,898,737</u>	<u>\$5,818,535</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

	Years Ended December 31,					Four Months Ended April 30,	
	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1975	1976
	(000 omitted)					(Unaudited)	
FUNDS PROVIDED:							
Net Income	\$ 5,720	\$ 3,862	\$ 11,720	\$ 4,992	\$ 15,508	\$ 7,935	\$ 2,957
Charges (credits) to income not affecting funds:							
Amortization of mortgage purchase discount	(1,407)	(3,467)	(5,550)	(6,545)	(7,668)	(2,487)	(2,585)
Amortization of debt expense	430	1,004	1,483	1,261	1,532	511	446
Provision for losses, management fee and guarantees (Notes 3 and 7)	2,920	3,739	14,765	32,577	11,386	516	1,026
Funds provided from operations	7,663	5,138	22,418	32,285	20,758	6,475	1,844
Mortgage loan principal repayments	21,474	62,943	110,469	156,659	290,538	67,662	116,268
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and advances, net of debt expense	598,287	896,881	1,205,850	1,696,400	211,023	—	—
Proceeds from advances for Special U.S. Treasury Funded Program	—	—	—	695,000	879,500	420,000	—
Mortgage Loans Sold:							
Mortgage Participation Certificates, net of repurchases	65,024	409,820	407,268	42,771	453,851	60,263	321,988
Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates	—	—	—	—	500,000	300,000	200,000
FHA/VA	48,368	—	—	—	66,939	—	13,842
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued expenses	39	595	348	13,609	405	(7,878)	10,418
Increase in accrued interest payable	6,951	11,952	24,271	20,809	54,455	56,252	21,485
Total funds provided	<u>\$747,806</u>	<u>\$1,387,329</u>	<u>\$1,770,624</u>	<u>\$2,657,533</u>	<u>\$2,477,469</u>	<u>\$902,774</u>	<u>\$685,845</u>
FUNDS APPLIED:							
Mortgage Loans Purchased, net of discount:							
Regular Programs	\$757,174	\$1,262,286	\$1,314,160	\$1,488,570	\$ 828,808	\$126,248	\$189,074
Special U.S. Treasury Funded Program	—	—	—	677,196	875,672	416,292	—
Bonds and advances retired	—	175,000	151,120	554,935	2,023	850	90,900
Repayments of advances for Special U.S. Treasury Funded Program	—	—	—	—	15,306	1,012	25,240
Decrease (increase) in short-term discount notes	—	—	—	(147,600)	147,600	147,600	—
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest receivable	5,135	5,334	7,786	28,474	(7,180)	(1,309)	(22,484)
Increase (decrease) in cash and temporary cash investments	(12,806)	(57,917)	297,680	50,802	599,780	208,406	391,890
Other items, net	(1,697)	2,626	(122)	5,156	15,460	3,675	11,225
Total funds applied	<u>\$747,806</u>	<u>\$1,387,329</u>	<u>\$1,770,624</u>	<u>\$2,657,533</u>	<u>\$2,477,469</u>	<u>\$902,774</u>	<u>\$685,845</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Information, insofar as it relates to April 30, 1976, and the four months then ended, has not been examined by independent public accountants)

December 31, 1975 and April 30, 1976

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Recognition of Gain (Loss) on Mortgage Loans

The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (the "Corporation") provides for estimated losses on mortgage loans purchased, including outstanding commitments, which may be incurred upon the funding of such purchases through a security sale, or upon sale of the loans, and provides allowances for uninsured losses and contingencies. To the extent a loss is indicated on the financing of mortgage loans, the loss attributable to such financing is charged against the allowance for possible losses which is reflected in the balance sheet as a reduction of mortgage loans. This reduction in the mortgage loans results in additional yield which is recognized over the term of the related borrowing.

Sales of Mortgage Participation Certificates and Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates representing undivided interests in mortgage loans provide for the Corporation to manage and guarantee the underlying mortgages. If the Corporation's net yield after estimated management fees and guarantees is less than the effective rate payable to the investor, the Corporation recognizes the estimated loss at the time of sale. Gains, representing the excess of effective interest income rate to the Corporation over that payable to the investor, are recognized as earned over the life of the related mortgage loans and are reported as management fee and guarantee income in the accompanying financial statements.

Mortgage Loan Purchase Discount

Discount on mortgages purchased is recorded as income over the term of the related mortgage loans using the level yield method.

Unamortized Discount and Commissions on Mortgage Loan Sales

Mortgage Participation Certificates and Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates (see Note 7) may be sold at discounts. Discount on Mortgage Participation Certificates is amortized over the life of the related mortgage loans, and discount together with brokerage commissions on Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates is amortized over the period to the optional repurchase date, both using the level yield method. This amortization is recorded as a reduction of management fee and guarantee income in the accompanying financial statements.

Amortization of Debt Expense

Debt expense is amortized over the period during which the related indebtedness is outstanding.

Commitment Fees

Commitment fee income is deferred and included in discount on mortgages as the mortgages are purchased, or recognized as other income if forfeited by nondelivery. Commitment fees on Mortgage Participation Certificate sales are charged to operations when paid.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—Continued

(Information, insofar as it relates to April 30, 1976, and the four months then ended,
has not been examined by independent public accountants)

2. Mortgage Loans

As of December 31, 1975 and April 30, 1976, the effective net yield of mortgage loans after deducting servicing fees was as follows:

	December 31, 1975	April 30, 1976
FHA and VA Mortgages	7.70%	7.74%
Participation in Conventional Mortgages	8.97%	8.96%
Conventional Mortgages	8.90%	8.87%

3. Allowance for Possible Losses on Mortgage Loans

An analysis of the changes in the Allowance for Possible Losses on Mortgage Loans for the year ended December 31, 1975 and four months ended April 30, 1976 follows:

	December 31, 1975	April 30, 1976
	(000 omitted)	
Balance, beginning of period	\$10,000	\$16,000
Provision charged to expense	9,435	—
Reductions attributable to:		
Loss on sales of Mortgage Participation Certificates	(2,310)	—
Loss on mortgages sold	(1,125)	—
Balance, end of period	<u>\$16,000</u>	<u>\$16,000</u>

4. Contracts and Commitments

The Corporation had outstanding contracts and commitments to purchase mortgage loans as summarized below. The average effective net yield is computed after deducting servicing fees. FHA and VA mortgage purchase contracts are at the coupon rate adjusted for the benefit of purchase discount. Delivery is mandatory under all commitment programs.

Type of Loan	Delivery Period In Months	December 31, 1975		April 30, 1976	
		Average Effective Net Yield	Amount (000 omitted)	Average Effective Net Yield	Amount (000 omitted)
FHA/VA Home (1-4 family)	2	9.10%	\$ 4,026	8.74%	\$ 881
Participation in Conventional Home and Multifamily Mortgages	2	9.03%	72,415	8.69%	216,177
Conventional Mortgages:					
Home	2	9.11%	33,059	8.72%	71,433
Multifamily	2	8.75%	296	8.75%	296
			<u>\$109,796</u>		<u>\$288,787</u>

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—Continued

(Information, insofar as it relates to April 30, 1976, and the four months then ended,
has not been examined by independent public accountants)

5. Bonds and Advances

A summary of bonds and advances payable is as follows:

	December 31, 1975			April 30, 1976	
	Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance	Interest Rate	Balance
			(000 omitted)		(000 omitted)
Bond payable to bank	1975/1986	7.75%	\$ 20,128	7.75%	\$ 20,128
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank in the form of a pass-through of consolidated Federal Home Loan Bank Obligations.....					
	1976	9.36%	290,000	9.55%	200,000
	1977	8.46	500,000	8.46	500,000
	1978	9.43	300,000	9.43	300,000
	1979	9.50	100,000	9.50	100,000
	1981	8.69	400,000	8.69	400,000
	1982	8.65	190,000	8.65	190,000
	1984	8.78	300,000	8.78	300,000
	1993	7.41	400,000	7.41	400,000
			2,480,000		2,390,000
Mortgage-Backed Bonds.....					
	1976	7.15%	400,000	7.15%	400,000
	1977	6.24	350,000	6.24	350,000
	1978	5.30	51,375	5.30	51,375
	1979	6.06	103,580	6.06	103,580
	1975/1980	5.25	201,408	5.24	200,508
	1985	5.33	3,461	5.33	3,461
	1976/1995	8.69	140,000	8.69	140,000
	1977/1996	7.84	150,000	7.84	150,000
	1997	7.25	150,000	7.25	150,000
			1,549,824		1,548,924
Bonds and Advances Payable.....			\$4,049,952		\$3,959,052

The 1997, 1976/1995, and 1977/1996 Mortgage-Backed Bonds and the 1993 advance from the Federal Home Loan Bank are redeemable at the Corporation's option commencing 1982, 1983, 1984, and 1985, respectively, at their face value. On the 1976/1995 and 1977/1996 Bonds, a sinking fund provides for annual retirements of \$7 and \$7.5 million principal amount of bonds, respectively, commencing in 1976 and 1977. In addition, the Corporation has a noncumulative option to increase the sinking fund amounts each year by an amount not exceeding the annual retirement amounts.

All Mortgage-Backed Bonds are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA). Under the provision of a Trust Indenture with GNMA dated October 26, 1970, and supplements thereto, the Corporation conveyed mortgages to the Trust as security for the Mortgage-Backed Bonds. As of December 31, 1975 and April 30, 1976, Trust assets of approximately \$2.1 billion, constituting primarily principal balances of such mortgages are restricted for the payment of principal and interest on the Mortgage-Backed Bonds and are included in the accompanying balance sheet.

The bond payable to bank is collateralized by a like amount of FHA/VA mortgages and calls for specific annual principal repayments ranging from \$663,000 to \$1,408,000 over the life of the bond with the balance of unpaid principal due at maturity.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—Continued

(Information, insofar as it relates to April 30, 1976, and the four months then ended,
has not been examined by independent public accountants)

6. Special U.S. Treasury Funded Program

Conventional mortgage loans with an aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$1,528,224,000 at December 31, 1975 and \$1,501,479,000 at April 30, 1976 are pledged as collateral for advances on a joint United States Department of the Treasury—Federal Home Loan Bank System program. Pursuant to the program, the Corporation committed to acquire up to \$3 billion aggregate principal amount of conventional mortgages. As of December 31, 1975, approximately \$1.575 billion of these mortgages had been purchased, and all other commitments had been cancelled or expired. The program provides in effect that the Corporation's borrowing costs will not exceed its return on the mortgages. The terms of the loan agreement provide for semiannual instalments in amounts equal to the principal collections on the related mortgage loans purchased.

7. Mortgage Loan Sales

The Corporation sells Mortgage Participation Certificates and Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates (GMCs) representing undivided interests in mortgage loans. The Corporation guarantees the timely payment of interest and the collection of principal on the mortgage loans and has provided \$1,951,000 in 1975 and \$1,026,000 for the four months ended April 30, 1976 for such guarantees. These amounts have been reflected in the provision for losses, management fee and guarantees.

Holders of Mortgage Participation Certificates receive interest monthly at the certificate rate together with their pro rata share of principal payments received by the Corporation. The issued certificates have been accounted for as sales, and the mortgage loans and the certificates issued are not included in the accompanying balance sheet. Unpaid balances of the outstanding certificates were approximately \$1.143 billion and \$1.421 billion at December 31, 1975 and April 30, 1976, respectively. At April 30, 1976, the weighted average remaining term to maturity of the related mortgage loans was 28 years. At December 31, 1975 and April 30, 1976, the excess effective interest income rate to the Corporation over that payable to the investor was .42% and .33%, respectively.

Holders of Guaranteed Mortgage Certificates are paid interest semiannually at the certificate rate and, annually, their pro rata share of principal collected or specified minimum annual principal reductions, whichever is greater. Any GMC holder may, at his option, require the Corporation to repurchase such certificates on a designated "optional repurchase date" at the then unpaid principal balance.

A summary of outstanding GMCs is as follows:

Issue	Issue Date	Optional Repurchase Date	Unpaid Principal Balances	
			December 31, 1975	April 30, 1976
			(000 omitted)	
GMC Series A 1975	02/25/75	03/15/90	\$300,000	\$277,800
GMC Series B 1975	11/25/75	09/15/90	200,000	200,000
GMC Series A 1976	02/25/76	03/15/91	—	200,000
			<u>\$500,000</u>	<u>\$677,800</u>

At December 31, 1975 and April 30, 1976, the excess effective interest income rate to the Corporation over that payable to the investor was .03% and .05%, respectively. The effective interest income rate to the Corporation has not been adjusted to semiannual yield equivalent.

8. Pension Plan

In November, 1974, the Corporation established a non-contributory pension plan covering all eligible employees. Total pension expense was approximately \$347,000 and \$100,000 for the year ended December 31, 1975 and the four months ended April 30, 1976, respectively. The Corporation's policy is to fund pension cost accrued. The pension fund assets exceed the actuarially computed value of vested benefits. In the opinion of management, the pension plan complies with the provisions of the Pension Reform Act of 1974.

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

FHLMC MORTGAGE PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATE AGREEMENT (Guaranteed)

Series 500

AGREEMENT among the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“FHLMC”) and purchasers (“Holders”) of undivided interests in certain mortgages (and/or interests therein) owned by and identified on the books and records of FHLMC, which undivided interests in mortgages are represented by Mortgage Participation Certificates (“PCs”).

WHEREAS:

(a) Pursuant to Section 305 of the Emergency Home Finance Act of 1970 (the “Act”), FHLMC owns certain mortgages (as defined in Section 302 of the Act), including whole loan mortgages (“whole loans”) and undivided participation interests in mortgages (“participations”), identified on the books and records of FHLMC (hereinafter collectively called the “Mortgages”); and

(b) Pursuant to Section 305 of the Act, FHLMC wishes to create and sell undivided interests in the whole loans and participations acquired as set forth above, and to guarantee timely payment of interest and ultimate collection of principal, for the benefit of Holders; and

(c) FHLMC intends to transfer said undivided interests to Holders by issuance of FHLMC PCs.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual covenants herein contained, the parties hereby agree as follows:

1. The terms and conditions of this Agreement shall govern the creation of undivided interests in whole loans and participations owned by FHLMC, and the transfer, sale and assignment of such interests in the Mortgages as represented by PCs. FHLMC shall be bound to Holders at such time as it delivers PCs to such Holders.

2. For purposes of determining the Holder’s percentage interest in the underlying Mortgages evidenced by a PC, the original unpaid principal balance of the PC shall be divided by the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the specific underlying Mortgages as of the date shown on the face of the PC.

3. To the extent that the Mortgages may be insured by a mortgage insurer, such insurer shall have no obligation to recognize or deal with any person with respect to the Mortgages, other than FHLMC, with regard to the rights, benefits and obligations of the mortgagee under the respective contracts of insurance relating to each of the Mortgages insured by such insurer; and FHLMC shall maintain or supervise custody of the mortgage documents.

Obligations of FHLMC

4. FHLMC shall pass through to each Holder such Holder’s pro rata share of principal payments made in respect to the Mortgages, and its pro rata share of any net income, net profits or any proceeds of the Mortgages, and its pro rata share in any property of whatever character received or acquired in substitution or realization thereof; provided, however, FHLMC’s obligations herein shall be subject to FHLMC’s rights pursuant to paragraph 12 below in respect to payments made pursuant to FHLMC’s guaranty.

5. With respect to such portion of the Mortgages as shall be comprised of whole loans purchased by FHLMC, FHLMC shall remit to each Holder his pro rata share of the interest income received by FHLMC, less fees, if any, chargeable by FHLMC as management and guaranty fees (interest at the coupon rate of each whole loan less fees deducted by the servicer and/or FHLMC equals interest at Certificate Rate).

6. With respect to such portion of the Mortgages as shall be comprised of participations, FHLMC shall remit to each Holder his pro rata share of the interest income received by FHLMC with respect to each participation ("Certificate Yield"), less fees, if any, chargeable by FHLMC as management and guaranty fees (Certificate Yield less fees deducted equals interest at Certificate Rate).

7. FHLMC shall remit to each Holder his pro rata share of principal received by FHLMC and interest to the extent of the Certificate Rate, on or before the first day of the second month following the month in which such payments are to be made by the mortgagors on the Mortgages. FHLMC shall remit any other sums, such as prepayments, prepayment fees, net income or profits or liquidation proceeds, no later than the first day of the second month following the month in which such funds are received by FHLMC.

8. The final payment date specified in the PC may be accelerated by virtue of prepayments of principal or extended by virtue of forbearance affecting any of the whole loans or participations comprising the Mortgages.

9. FHLMC shall service, or supervise servicing of, the Mortgages in a manner consistent with and to the extent required by prudent servicing standards, including management of any property acquired through foreclosure or otherwise. FHLMC shall act as the representative of Holders in the control, management and servicing of the Mortgages or property acquired in realization or liquidation of the Mortgages. In discharging its responsibility pursuant to this paragraph 9, FHLMC shall not be subject to the control of the Holders in any manner whatsoever. Except with regard to its guaranty obligations pursuant to paragraph 11 below, FHLMC shall have no liability to any Holder other than for any direct damage resulting from FHLMC's failure to exercise that degree of ordinary care which it exercises in the conduct and management of its own affairs. FHLMC shall have no liability of whatever nature for consequential damages.

10. Any amounts expended by or on behalf of FHLMC for the protection, preservation or maintenance of the Mortgages, or property received in liquidation or realization thereof, shall be deemed expenses to be borne pro rata by FHLMC and the Holders as their interests may appear in each of the Mortgages; however, in no event shall the Holder's guarantee of principal or interest at Certificate Rate as set forth in paragraph 11 below be affected.

11. FHLMC hereby guarantees to each Registered Holder of a PC:

(a) Timely payment of interest by each mortgagor at the applicable Certificate Rate on the unpaid principal balance outstanding on each mortgage (to the extent of each Holder's percentage of participation therein); in the case of whole loans, coupon rate of each mortgage less any fees payable by Holder to FHLMC or to servicers as provided herein equals Certificate Rate; in the case of participations, Certificate Yield less any fees payable by Holder to FHLMC as provided herein equals Certificate Rate. In no event shall fees deducted by FHLMC or by servicers reduce the Certificate Rate stated on the PC.

(b) Collection of principal, without offset or deduction of any fees due FHLMC or servicers hereunder. For purposes of this guaranty, principal balance outstanding shall include the Holder's pro rata share of the unpaid principal, plus the Holder's pro rata share of amounts expended by the servicer of the Mortgages or by FHLMC under paragraph 10 above. FHLMC shall remit the amount due on account of its guaranty of collection of principal at any time after default on an underlying mortgage, but not later than: (i) thirty (30) days following foreclosure sale, (ii) thirty (30) days following payment of the claim by any mortgage insurer, if applicable, or (iii) thirty (30) days following the expiration of any redemption period, whichever occurs later, but in no event later than one (1) year after demand upon the mortgagor for accelerated payment of principal.

12. FHLMC shall be subrogated to all the rights, interests, remedies, powers, and privileges of each Holder in respect of any Mortgages on which guarantee payments have been made by FHLMC of principal and/or interest.

Transfer; Registration; and Lost PCs

13. Any sale, transfer, pledge or other disposition of a PC by a Holder shall be evidenced only by completion of the Notice of Transfer on the reverse side of the PC or by completion of such other document as may be provided for this purpose by FHLMC.

14. Holders shall comply with all requirements and limitations promulgated by FHLMC, if any, on the sale, transfer and registration of PCs. Holders shall, in the event of transfer, assign only their entire interest in any PC or only such portion of their interest in a PC as will correspond to any multiple of the minimum denomination in which PCs are issued, unless FHLMC otherwise consents in writing.

15. FHLMC or its designated agent shall maintain a register in which shall be registered the Holders of PCs. Transfers of PCs shall be on such forms as FHLMC may require and shall be registered effective as of the opening of business of the first day of the month, provided that written notice of transfer is received by FHLMC or its designated agent prior to the last five calendar days of the same month after which the transfer books will be closed for that monthly period. Any notice of transfer received by FHLMC during the five calendar day period during which the transfer books are closed shall be registered effective as of the opening of business of the first day of the following month. Notice to FHLMC shall be sent or delivered to the address stated below or such other address as is subsequently designated by FHLMC for transfer of PCs:

Registrar of PCs
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation
311 First Street, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20001

16. If any mutilated PC is surrendered to FHLMC or its designated agent, or evidence satisfactory to FHLMC of destruction, loss or theft of any PC is received by FHLMC or its designated agent, together with such security or indemnity as FHLMC may require to save FHLMC harmless, FHLMC or its designated agent shall execute and deliver, in exchange for or in lieu of such mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen PC, a new PC of like tenor.

Miscellaneous

17. FHLMC or its designated agent may deem and treat the person in whose name a PC shall be registered as the absolute owner of such PC for the purpose of receiving payment of or on account of principal or interest and for all other purposes; and FHLMC and its designated agent shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary. All such payments so made to any such person, or upon his order, shall be valid, and, to the extent of the sum or sums so paid, effectual to satisfy and discharge the duty for monies payable by FHLMC upon any such PC.

18. Issuance by FHLMC to any Holder of a PC evidencing undivided interests in the Mortgages shall be deemed to occur as of the date of settlement and payment for the PC and shall be deemed to constitute a sale, conveyance, assignment and transfer to such Holder of undivided interests in the Mortgages.

19. FHLMC requires compliance by Holders with the provisions of Executive Order 11063 (Equal Opportunity in Housing), and the Civil Rights Acts of 1964 and 1968, as amended from time to time, together with applicable regulations and orders issued thereunder.

20. PCs owned by FHLMC from time to time shall have an equal and proportionate benefit to PCs owned by Holders, without preference, priority or distinction. In the event that FHLMC retains any interest in the Mortgages, FHLMC and Holders shall share pro rata, without preference, priority or distinction. No Holder shall have any priority over any other Holder.

21. This Agreement and the Holder's rights and FHLMC's obligations with respect to PCs shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the United States. Insofar as there may be no applicable precedent, and insofar as to do so would not frustrate the purposes of the Act or any provision of this Agreement or the transactions governed thereby, the local laws of the State of New York shall be deemed reflective of the laws of the United States.

THIS DOCUMENT IS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE IN FHLMC MORTGAGE PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATES AND SHALL REQUIRE NO SIGNATURE FOR ITS OPERATION OR EFFECT AMONG FHLMC OR ANY HOLDER.

