Offering Circular Supplement
(To Offering Circular
Dated November 1, 2017)

$111,595,000

Freddie Mac
Class A
Multifamily M Certificates
Series M-042

Offered Class: Series M-042 Class A Certificates
CUSIP: 31350ABY3
Underlying Deposited Assets: Tax-exempt loans evidenced by multifamily notes issued by various state and local government entities to finance affordable multifamily housing (each such loan, a “Deposited Asset”)
Payment Dates: Monthly beginning on March 15, 2018
Final Payment Date: September 15, 2033
Form of Classes: Book-entry on DTC System
Reset Rate: The FLO Reset Rate is applicable to this Series. You may obtain the FLO Reset Rate for each period from the Remarketing Agent or from our internet website.
Frequency of Rate Resets: The FLO Reset Rate resets weekly, or upon the occurrence of a FLO Failed Remarketing Event, as described in this Supplement.
Tender Option: Holders of Class A Certificates have the Tender Option to tender their Class A Certificates to Freddie Mac, unless a FLO Failed Remarketing Event has occurred.
Rating: It is a condition to the issuance of the Class A Certificates that S&P has rated the Class A Certificates “AA+/A-1+(sf)”.
Tax Status: Shearman & Sterling LLP will render an opinion that, for federal income tax purposes, this Series will be treated as a partnership in which the holders of the Class A Certificates are treated as partners, and that interest distributed on the Class A Certificates will be excludable from the gross income of such holders for federal income tax purposes to the same extent as interest on the underlying Deposited Assets.
Closing Date: On or about February 8, 2018

The Class A Certificates may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them. See Risk Factors and Prepayment, Yield and Suitability Considerations in the Offering Circular.

You should purchase Class A Certificates only if you have read and understood this Supplement, the attached Offering Circular and the documents listed under Available Information.

We guarantee the payment of interest and scheduled principal with respect to the Class A Certificates, including certain payments on the Deposited Assets for the benefit of the Class A Certificates, and are obligated to pay the purchase price for the Class A Certificates as described further herein. These payments are not debts or obligations of the United States or any federal agency or instrumentality other than Freddie Mac.

Citi
February 6, 2018
The Class A Certificates may not be suitable investments for you. The Class A Certificates are complex securities. You should not purchase Class A Certificates unless you are able to understand and bear the associated prepayment, interest rate and market risks.

Although we guarantee certain payments on the Class A Certificates and on the Deposited Assets for the benefit of the Class A Certificates and so bear the associated credit risk and are obligated to pay the Purchase Price of Class A Certificates as described further herein and so bear the associated liquidity risk, as an investor you will bear the other risks of owning mortgage securities. You should read Risk Factors and Prepayment, Yield and Suitability Considerations in the Offering Circular for further discussions of these risks.

Our Multifamily M Certificates Offering Circular dated November 1, 2017 (the “Offering Circular”) attached to this Supplement contains additional information about the Class A Certificates and defines many of the terms we use in this Supplement. Exhibit I also defines capitalized terms used in this Supplement, the Offering Circular and the Agreement.

The Class A Certificates represent undivided ownership interests in the Deposited Assets. Notwithstanding that the Offering Circular refers to “Bonds” and this Supplement refers to “Deposited Assets”, such Deposited Assets shall be deemed to be the same as the Bonds described in the Offering Circular, unless otherwise provided in this Supplement. In addition, the Reset Rate applicable to this Series is the FLO Reset Rate, as described below in Terms Sheet — FLO Reset Rate.

To the extent of any inconsistency between the terms of the Class A Certificates discussed in this Supplement and the Offering Circular, the terms set forth in this Supplement shall control.

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**TERMS SHEET**

**Sponsor**

Dominium TEBS Sponsor I, LLC is the Sponsor of this Series.

Freddie Mac’s recourse for the Sponsor’s satisfaction or performance of its obligations under the Reimbursement Agreement includes the collateral pledged by the Sponsor under the Reimbursement Agreement and in certain limited cases, recourse to the Sponsor as more fully set forth therein.

**Payment Dates and Guarantee Payments**

We will make payments of principal and interest on the Class A Certificates on each monthly Payment Date beginning on March 15, 2018.

We guarantee certain payments of interest and principal with respect to the Class A Certificates, including the Required Class A Certificate Interest Distribution Amount, the scheduled principal due with respect to the Deposited Assets for the benefit of the Class A Certificates, the principal and interest due with respect to any applicable Deposited Assets on a Release Event Date, the Purchase Price of any Class A Certificates and the payment of any Bankruptcy Coverage Payment, each as described in the Offering Circular. Any Bankruptcy Coverage Payment will be made by Freddie Mac to the Administrator within three (3) Business
Days after receiving a written notice from the affected Registered Holders of the Certificates that were required to pay such recovery.

Our guarantee does not cover the payment of any yield maintenance charges, static prepayment premiums or any other prepayment premiums to the Mortgages.

**Interest**

The Class A Certificates bear interest at the FLO Reset Rate determined from time to time by the Remarketing Agent. The initial FLO Reset Rate is 1.38% per annum which will be in effect from the Closing Date to, but not including, February 15, 2018. The FLO Reset Rate for each period after the initial period is available from the Remarketing Agent or on our internet website as described on page 7 of the Offering Circular.

The Class A Certificates will begin to accrue interest on the Closing Date (the “Accrual Commencement Date”).

The Remarketing Agent will determine the FLO Reset Rate each week on Wednesday, unless a FLO Failed Remarketing Event has occurred as described in this Offering Circular Supplement. See *FLO Reset Rate* below and *The Certificates — Reset Rates — Reset Rate Methods* in the Offering Circular.

Prior to a FLO Failed Remarketing Event, the FLO Reset Rate established by the Remarketing Agent for the Class A Certificates may not exceed the Maximum Reset Rate. Interest on the Class A Certificates is paid prior to any other amounts, such as fees, pursuant to the payment waterfall set forth in the Agreement.

We have entered into a Remarketing Agreement pursuant to which Citigroup Global Markets Inc., has been appointed as the initial “Remarketing Agent” in connection with the remarketing of Class A Certificates that are tendered to us in connection with a Tender Option, Mandatory Tender or Optional Disposition Date. The Remarketing Agent must use its best efforts to remarket tendered Class A Certificates. The Remarketing Agent may be removed and discharged of its duties, but any successor to the Remarketing Agent must meet the qualifications set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement. The Remarketing Agent’s fee for remarketing tendered Class A Certificates will be a per annum percentage of the average aggregate unpaid principal amount of Outstanding Class A Certificates for the immediately preceding annual period. You may obtain the FLO Reset Rate for each period from the Remarketing Agent at the following address:

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
Prospectus Department
540 Crosspoint Parkway
Building 2
Attn: Compliance Fulfillment Unit
Getzville, New York 14068
(800) 831-9146
Principal

The amount of principal paid to the holders of Class A Certificates on each Payment Date will vary depending upon the following factors:

• The amount of principal scheduled to be paid on the Deposited Assets during the collection period related to that Payment Date.

• The amount of principal paid on the Deposited Assets but not yet due during the collection period related to that Payment Date.

• Whether a Release Event (including on the Optional Series Pool Release Date) has occurred and, if so, whether the Sponsor or Freddie Mac makes a principal payment in connection with such Release Event.

On each Payment Date, Holders of Class A Certificates will receive available principal plus the Redemption Premium Payment, if any, in multiples of $5,000 under random lot procedures, until the outstanding principal balance of the Class A Certificates is reduced to $0. The Holdback Requirement will not apply to this Series.

See Risk Factors — Prepayment and Yield Factors and The Certificates — Payments — Principal Distributions in the Offering Circular.

However, on any Payment Date, if Freddie Mac or the Sponsor makes a principal payment in connection with a Release Event (including on the Optional Series Pool Release Date), you will receive principal related to such payment as described under The Certificates — Release Event — Freddie Mac Funded in the Offering Circular.

Weighted Average Life (in years)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>To Optional Series Pool Release Date</th>
<th>To Maturity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Class A Certificates</td>
<td>9.4</td>
<td>13.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Assets</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>13.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* We calculate the weighted average lives based on the assumptions described in Declining Balance Table. The actual weighted average lives are likely to differ from those shown, perhaps significantly.

The Assets

As of the Closing Date, the Assets primarily consist of the tax-exempt loans shown in Appendix A. The Deposited Assets are evidenced by multifamily notes issued by various state and local government entities to finance affordable multifamily housing. A schedule of the aggregate outstanding principal loan balances of the Deposited Assets, as of the Closing Date, is shown on Appendix B. However, Freddie Mac or the Sponsor, as applicable, may remove Deposited Assets if a Release Event (including on the Optional Series Pool Release Date) occurs and Freddie Mac or the Sponsor, as applicable, funds the related Release Purchase Price, plus Hypothetical Gain Share, if any.

The Assets of this Series also include a cash Odd-Lot Subaccount of $4,999.99, which we will use for principal payments on the Class A Certificates.
Servicing of Assets

The Deposited Assets will be serviced by various primary servicers, under the supervision of Freddie Mac, in accordance with Freddie Mac servicing practices and the Guide.

Administrator

Freddie Mac will act as Administrator of this Series. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Offering Circular, for so long as we are acting as Administrator, the Distribution Account may be an unsegregated account, without separate subaccounts. Payments received on the Assets may be commingled in the Distribution Account with payments relating to other series administered by Freddie Mac or with Freddie Mac’s own assets, provided that we maintain separate books and records for this Series and otherwise comply with the terms of the Agreement. As Administrator, Freddie Mac will not make Administrator Advances for this Series.

Custodian

Freddie Mac will act as Custodian of this Series. As Custodian, Freddie Mac will hold the Deposited Assets for the benefit of the Holders in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

FLO Reset Rate

The below is a discussion of certain terms applicable to Class A Certificates while the FLO Reset Rate Method is in effect. The FLO Reset Rate Method is not described in the Offering Circular. Except as set forth in this Supplement, the terms of the FLO Reset Rate Method are generally consistent with the terms of the Weekly Reset Rate Method described in the Offering Circular. To the extent of any inconsistency between the terms applicable to Class A Certificates discussed in this Supplement and the Offering Circular, this Supplement shall control. The FLO Reset Rate Method is applicable to this Series and will continue to apply unless the Reset Rate Method is changed in accordance with the Agreement. See The Certificates — Reset Rates — Reset Rate Method in the Offering Circular for a description of a change in the Reset Rate Method.

FLO Reset Rate Prior to the Occurrence of a FLO Failed Remarketing Event

Prior to the occurrence of a FLO Failed Remarketing Event as described below under FLO Failed Remarketing Event, the Remarketing Agent will determine, by not later than 5:00 p.m. on each FLO Reset Date, the FLO Reset Rate for the Class A Certificates, which rate will be the per annum rate, not exceeding the Maximum Reset Rate, determined by the Remarketing Agent as the minimum rate of interest which would, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent, under then prevailing market conditions (taking into account that such rate will be reset on the next FLO Reset Date), result in a sale of the Class A Certificates at a market price equal to the Current Certificate Balance thereof, plus accrued interest. The FLO Reset Rate applicable on the FLO Reset Date in each week will be in effect from Thursday of such week through Wednesday of the following week, or, if earlier, through the day preceding the next Reset Rate Method Change Date. However, if on any FLO Reset Date, the Remarketing Agent fails to establish the FLO Reset Rate, the then applicable FLO Reset Rate will be the lesser of the previous FLO Reset Rate or the Maximum Reset Rate.
Tender Option

The Tender Option will be applicable to the Class A Certificates while in the FLO Reset Rate Method. Holders of the Class A Certificates may exercise the Tender Option by delivering an Exercise Notice five Business Days preceding the proposed Purchase Date. Upon receipt of an Exercise Notice, the Remarketing Agent will use its best efforts to remarket the Tendered Class A Certificates and in the event it successfully remarkets all such Tendered Class A Certificates, such Tendered Class A Certificates will be purchased on the Purchase Date at the Purchase Price with remarketing proceeds. The Tender Option will not be available while a FLO Failed Remarketing Event exists.

FLO Failed Remarketing Event

In the event that all Tendered Class A Certificates or tendered Class A Certificates in connection with an Optional Disposition Date, as applicable, cannot be remarketed on a proposed Purchase Date following the delivery of an Exercise Notice or on a proposed Optional Disposition Date (a “FLO Failed Remarketing Event”), (a) the proposed Purchase Date (or Optional Disposition Date) will be cancelled, (b) Freddie Mac will have no obligation to make a payment under the Liquidity Facility with respect to such cancelled Purchase Date (or Optional Disposition Date), (c) all FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates will continue to be owned by the Registered Holders thereof, (d) interest on the FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates will be payable as described below under FLO Reset Rate Following a FLO Failed Remarketing Event, (e) the Remarketing Agent will continue to use its best efforts to remarket such Class A Certificates through the date that is 30 calendar days following the receipt of such Exercise Notice or Optional Disposition Date Notice, as applicable (the “Remarketing Window”) and if successful, the Purchase Date (or Optional Disposition Date) will be re-established five Business Days after the Remarketing Agent enters into a binding transaction for the sale of all such Tendered Class A Certificates (or tendered Class A Certificates in connection with an Optional Disposition Date), and (f) if not successfully remarke ted, all FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates will be subject to mandatory tender on the FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date described below under FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date.

FLO Reset Rate Following a FLO Failed Remarketing Event

Upon the occurrence of a FLO Failed Remarketing Event while the FLO Reset Rate Method is in effect, (a) the Remarketing Agent will no longer determine the FLO Reset Rate and (b) the Required Class A Interest Distribution Amount for all FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates related to any Accrual Period during which a FLO Failed Remarketing Event exists (until the occurrence of a successful remarketing by the Remarketing Agent, a Mandatory Tender Event or a Series Termination Event) will be an amount equal to the sum of: (i) for the portion of the Accrual Period during which the FLO Failed Remarketing Event exists, the interest scheduled to accrue on the Deposited Assets minus the accrued Freddie Mac Fee and Remarketing Agent Fee during such period and (ii) for the portion of the Accrual Period during which the FLO Failed Remarketing Event did not exist, the interest accrued at the FLO Reset Rate or other applicable Reset Rate during such period.

In connection with either a successful remarketing during the FLO Reset Rate Remarketing Window of Tendered Class A Certificates, or a Reset Rate Method Change Date following a FLO Failed Remarketing Event whereby a new FLO Reset Rate Period is commenced, the FLO Reset Rate
for such new FLO Reset Rate Method Period will be determined as described under FLO Reset Rate Prior to the Occurrence of a FLO Failed Remarketing Event above.

**FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date**

If FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates have not been successfully remarketed by the Remarketing Agent or an intervening Mandatory Tender Event has not occurred, FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates will be subject to mandatory tender in whole for purchase on the one year anniversary of the date of the delivery of the Exercise Notice or Optional Disposition Date Notice, as applicable, preceding the FLO Failed Remarketing Event (the “FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date”). Freddie Mac guarantees the payment of the Purchase Price for the Class A Certificates on the FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date. The FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date will be a Terminating Mandatory Tender Date.

**Release Event**

A Release Event may occur upon the occurrence of the events set forth in the definition thereof, including if the Sponsor elects to purchase all (but not less than all) of the Deposited Assets on March 15, 2028 (the “Optional Series Pool Release Date”) by providing (i) notice of such election to the Administrator and (ii) all amounts necessary to pay the Release Purchase Price, plus Hypothetical Gain Share, if any (together with any additional amounts owed by the Sponsor to Freddie Mac, the “Total Release Price”). The Administrator will provide notice to the Holders of the Sponsor’s election to cause a Release Event on the Optional Series Pool Release Date not less than 20 days prior to the Optional Series Pool Release Date. In addition to the other requirements provided for under the Series Certificate Agreement, such notice will state that the Release Event occurring on the Optional Series Pool Release Date is conditioned upon the Sponsor depositing the Total Release Price at least five Business Days prior to the Optional Series Pool Release Date.

See also *The Certificates — Release Event* in the Offering Circular.

**Substitution of Deposited Assets**

The Sponsor’s substitution right as to existing Deposited Assets with respect to which an event of default exists will not apply to this Series.

**Optional Disposition and Mandatory Tender**

The Optional Disposition Right will be applicable to this Series. The first date on which the Optional Disposition Right may be exercised is January 15, 2029. To the extent the Class A Certificates are in the FLO Reset Rate Method when the Optional Disposition Right is exercised and such Class A Certificates are not successfully remarketed by the Remarketing Agent, (a) the proposed Optional Disposition Date will be cancelled, (b) Freddie Mac will have no obligation to make a payment under the Liquidity Facility with respect to such cancelled Optional Disposition Date, (c) all FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates will continue to be owned by the Registered Holders thereof, (d) interest on the FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates will be payable as described above under FLO Reset Rate — FLO Reset Rate Following a FLO Failed Remarketing Event, (e) the Remarketing Agent will continue to use its best efforts to remarket such Class A Certificates through the date that is 30
calendar days following the date of receipt of notice of such Optional Disposition Right and if successful, the Optional Disposition Date will be re-established five Business Days after the Remarketing Agent enters into a binding transaction for the sale of all such Class A Certificates, and (f) if not successfully remarketed, all FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates will be subject to mandatory tender on the FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date as described above under FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date above.

The Optional Disposition Right will not be available while a FLO Failed Remarketing Event exists.

**Tender Option Termination Event**

As discussed under FLO Reset Rate — Tender Option above, the Tender Option will be applicable to this Series. However, this Series will remain subject to liquidation upon the occurrence of a Tender Option Termination Event.

**Remarketing Agent**

Citigroup Global Markets Inc. will be the Remarketing Agent with respect to this Series.

**Tax Considerations**

Bond Counsel for each of the Deposited Assets has rendered an opinion that interest on such Deposited Assets will be excludable from the gross income of owners of such Deposited Assets for federal income tax purposes. Each opinion of Bond Counsel also indicates that interest on the Deposited Assets is not a specific tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals or corporations but such interest is included in adjusted current earnings in calculating federal alternative minimum taxable income of certain corporations. The federal alternative minimum tax on corporations has been repealed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017.

We expect interest distributed on the Class A Certificates to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes to the same extent as interest on the Deposited Assets.


Partnership Factors do not apply to this Series.

A Monthly Closing Election will be made with respect to this Series.

A Section 761 Election will not be made with respect to this Series.

**Class B Certificates**

Class B Certificates with an Initial Certificate Balance of approximately $12,404,000 are being issued to the Sponsor (or its Affiliates) simultaneously with the issuance of the Class A Certificates. The Class B Certificates are not offered by this Supplement or the Offering Circular. Any discussion of the Class B Certificates is presented solely to aid in understanding the Class A Certificates.
Sponsor and Liquidity Facility Pricing Termination

Pursuant to the Reimbursement Agreement, Freddie Mac has committed to provide the Sponsor pricing for its Liquidity Facility until March 15, 2028. At such time, the Sponsor may request that Freddie Mac provide new pricing and continue to provide its Liquidity Facility for the Class A Certificates while in the FLO Reset Rate Method but Freddie Mac has no obligation to do so. In the event new pricing is not provided or provided but not elected, the Sponsor is required to either cause a change in the interest rate mode on the Class A Certificates (which will cause the Class A Certificates to be subject to Mandatory Tender on such date) or to cause the Optional Series Pool Release Date as discussed above. The failure to take either of the foregoing actions will trigger a Liquidity Provider Termination Event at the election of Freddie Mac.

Remarketing Agent Fee and Freddie Mac Fee

The aggregate amount of fees to be paid to the Remarketing Agent for remarketing the Class A Certificates and Freddie Mac for providing the Credit Enhancement and Liquidity Facility and for serving as Administrator and Pledge Custodian is 1.40% per annum. Such fees will be paid after payment of interest due on the Class A Certificates pursuant to the payment priorities set forth in the Agreement.
AVAILABLE INFORMATION

Our common stock is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”). As a result, we file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC.

We incorporate by reference in this Supplement the documents listed under Additional Information in the Offering Circular.

When we incorporate documents by reference, that means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents rather than by providing you with separate copies. The Incorporated Documents are considered part of this Supplement. You should purchase Certificates only if you have read and understood this Supplement, the Offering Circular and the other Incorporated Documents. Information that we incorporate by reference will automatically update information in this Supplement. You should rely only on the most current information provided or incorporated by reference in this Supplement.

You may read and copy any document we file with the SEC at the SEC’s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. These SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC’s website at http://www.sec.gov.

You can obtain, without charge, copies of the Incorporated Documents, any documents we subsequently file with the SEC, the Agreement and current information concerning the Class A Certificates, as well as the disclosure documents and current information for any other securities we issue, from our Investor Inquiry Department or our internet website as described on page 7 of the Offering Circular.

DECLINING BALANCES TABLE

The rates of principal payments on the Deposited Assets and on the Class A Certificates will depend on the amortization schedule of the Mortgages. The rate of principal payment will also be influenced by the rate of prepayment of principal on the Deposited Assets. See Prepayment, Yield and Suitability Considerations in the Offering Circular for a discussion of mortgage prepayment considerations and risks.

The following table shows:

• Percentages of original balances (as of the Closing Date) that would be outstanding after each of the Payment Dates shown.

• Corresponding weighted average life.

We have prepared this table using the following assumptions (the “Modeling Assumptions”), among others:

• As of February 1, 2018, each Mortgage has the same characteristics as the related Deposited Asset shown on Appendix A.

• The Class A Certificates and the Deposited Assets always receive payments on the 15th of the month, whether or not a Business Day.

• We do not round Class A Certificate principal payments to multiples of $5,000.
The aggregate remaining principal balance of the Deposited Assets after each Payment Date is the amount shown on *Appendix B*.

- No Terminating Mandatory Tender Date occurs.
- There are no prepayments or defaults on the Deposited Assets.
- No Release Event occurs.
- No Redemption Premium Payments are made.
- The Minimum Sponsor Interest is equal to $5,000 at all times.

The Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are likely to differ from actual experience in many cases. For example, the Mortgages may experience payments that result in a different schedule of balances than that shown on *Appendix B*, many Payment Dates will occur on a Business Day after the dates assumed, a Release Event or a Clean-Up Event or Credit Provider Termination Event may occur, causing the Mortgages and the Deposited Assets to prepay.

The weighted average lives of the Class A Certificate shown in the declining balance tables herein apply to that Class as a whole; the weighted average lives of your Class A Certificates will vary, and may vary significantly, from the weighted average life of any Class A Certificate as a whole, much less the weighted average life of any particular Class A Certificate.
### Percentages of Original Balances Outstanding* and Weighted Average Life

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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Class A (%)</th>
<th>The Assets (%)</th>
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**Weighted Average Life (Years)**

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<th>Class A (%)</th>
<th>The Assets (%)</th>
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<tr>
<td>To Optional Series Pool Release Date</td>
<td>9.4</td>
<td>9.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To Maturity</td>
<td>13.4</td>
<td>13.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Rounded to nearest whole percentage.
FINAL PAYMENT DATE

The Final Payment Date is the latest date by which we expect the Class A Certificates will be paid in full and will retire. We calculate Final Payment Dates using highly conservative assumptions. The actual retirement of the Class A Certificates may occur earlier than the Final Payment Date.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

Except to the extent described below, the following sections supersede the discussions set forth under Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences in the Offering Circular.

General

The following discussion is a general summary of certain federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Class A Certificates issued as part of this Series. This summary is based on the Code, as well as final, temporary and proposed Regulations, administrative pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service (the “Service”) and judicial decisions, all as in effect on the date hereof, and all of which are subject to change or possible differing interpretation. Legislative, judicial and administrative changes may occur, possibly with retroactive effect, which could impact the accuracy of the statements and conclusions set forth herein, and there can be no assurance that the Service will agree with the conclusions expressed herein. This summary is directed solely to Holders that are “U.S. persons,” within the meaning of the Code, that purchase Class A Certificates for cash and that will hold the Class A Certificates as capital assets (generally, property held for investment). This summary does not purport to address all federal income tax matters that may be relevant to the particular circumstances of Holders, or to Holders that may be subject to special federal income tax rules (including financial institutions, tax-exempt organizations, regulated investment companies, broker/dealers, partnerships and other pass-through entities, persons holding Class A Certificates as a hedge, as part of a position in a straddle or as part of a constructive sale or other integrated transaction, persons having a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar and persons subject to the alternative minimum tax). For purposes of this summary, references to “Holders” are to the beneficial owners of the Class A Certificates.

This summary is provided as general information only, and is not intended as tax advice to particular Holders of Class A Certificates. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of Class A Certificates under federal tax law, as well as under the tax law of any relevant state, local or foreign jurisdiction.

Federal Income Tax Characterization of the Series

Special Tax Counsel will deliver its opinion, as of the Closing Date, to the effect that, for federal income tax purposes (i) the Series will be classified as a partnership (rather than an association taxable as a corporation), (ii) such partnership, even if publicly traded, will not be taxable as a corporation under section 7704 of the Code and (iii) each Holder of a Certificate will be treated as a partner in such partnership. Such opinion will be based on certain representations and assumptions, including the assumption that there will be full compliance with all terms of the related Series Certificate Agreement and other transaction documents, and that all representations or certifications set forth in such documents or provided to Special Tax Counsel are accurate and complete, and will be subject to customary limitations and conditions. In rendering its opinion, Special Tax Counsel will rely upon its
conclusions that (i) applicable Treasury regulations do not require the classification of the Series as an
association taxable as a corporation, (ii) the passive nature of the income from the Deposited Assets
will qualify the Series for an exemption from the Code section 7704 rule that publicly traded
partnerships are taxable as corporations, and (iii) the Class A Certificates will not be treated as
indebtedness of the Series, Freddie Mac or Holders of the Class B Certificates.

The opinion of Special Tax Counsel represents only its best legal judgment, is not free from doubt
and, unlike a ruling obtained from the Service, has neither binding effect on the Service nor official
status of any kind. There is no authority that addresses facts that are substantially similar to those
involved in the issuance of Class A Certificates of this Series, so there can be no assurance that the
Service or a court will agree with the opinion of Special Tax Counsel. In particular, Holders should be
aware that the Series reasonably could be subject to alternative classifications. If, for example, the
Series were classified as an association (or publicly traded partnership) taxable as a corporation,
contrary to the opinion of Special Tax Counsel, distributions to Holders generally would be treated as
taxable dividends, and the amounts available for distribution in respect of the Class Certificates could
be significantly reduced.

Each Holder of Class A Certificates will acknowledge and agree (by its purchase of Class A
Certificates) that the Series will be treated for federal income tax purposes in a manner consistent with
the characterization described above. No holder of Class A Certificates or other person is authorized to
elect under section 301.7701-3(c) of the Treasury regulations, or under any applicable state or local tax
law, to have the Series classified as an association (or publicly traded partnership) taxable as a corporation,
contrary to the opinion of Special Tax Counsel, distributions to Holders generally would be treated as
taxable dividends, and the amounts available for distribution in respect of the Class Certificates could
be significantly reduced.

The remainder of this summary assumes that the Series will be treated consistent with the
characterization described above and will not be taxable as a corporation.

Federal Income Tax Treatment of Partners

The Series will be classified as a partnership and each Certificate Holder will be considered a
partner in such partnership. See Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences in the Offering Circular for
the applicable tax treatment. Partnership Factors do not apply to this Series. A Section 761 Election
will not be made with respect to this Series. Freddie Mac intends to report items of Partnership income,
gain, loss or deduction in the manner set forth under Certain Federal Income Consequences —
Taxation of Holders — Tax Reporting by the Series in the Offering Circular.

RATING

It is a condition to the issuance of the Class A Certificates that the Class A Certificates be rated

A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to
revision or withdrawal at any time by S&P. Each security rating should be evaluated independently of
any other security rating.

The security rating reflects only the view of S&P, and an explanation of the significance of such
rating may be obtained directly from S&P.
There is no assurance that the current rating will continue for any given period of time or that the current rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely if, in the judgment of S&P, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Class A Certificates.

Neither we nor the Sponsor have requested a rating on the Class A Certificates by any rating agency other than S&P. However, there can be no assurance as to whether any other rating agency will rate the Class A Certificates, and, if it does, what rating it would assign thereto. A rating on the Class A Certificates by another rating agency, if assigned at all, may be lower than the rating assigned to the Class A Certificates by S&P.
Appendix A

DESCRIPTION OF THE DEPOSITED ASSETS

The Deposited Assets are tax-exempt loans which are evidenced by multifamily notes issued by various state and local government entities to finance affordable multifamily housing as described below. This Supplement does not provide detailed information about the Deposited Assets underlying this Series, the Governmental Lender identified below or any obligor thereon, or any rights or obligations, legal, financial or otherwise, arising thereunder or related thereto. You should undertake your own review of the Deposited Assets underlying this Series. None of the Projects related to the Deposited Assets is subject to stabilization.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Deposited Asset</th>
<th>Original Issue Date</th>
<th>Principal Amount Deposited</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
<th>Stated Maturity Date</th>
<th>Fiscal Agent</th>
<th>Bond Counsel</th>
<th>Interest Payment Dates</th>
<th>First Optional Prepayment Date (1)</th>
<th>First Optional Prepayment Date at Par</th>
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<td>Douglas County Housing Finance Authority Multifamily Revenue Note (Bluffs at Cherry Hills Apartments) Series 2016</td>
<td>05/23/2016</td>
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(1) First date on which related Deposited Asset may be optionally prepaid subject to payment of additional prepayment premium required by the terms of such Deposited Asset.
# Appendix B

## Schedule of Aggregate Outstanding Principal Loan Balances

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DEFINITIONS

“Accreted Price” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, the Deposit Price, adjusted for
(i) the amortization of Deposited Asset premium or the accrual of original issue discount, if any, as
determined under applicable Code provisions, and (ii) the Accrued Market Discount, if any, calculated
with respect to such Deposited Asset.

“Accrual Commencement Date” means the date upon which interest begins accruing on the
Certificates.

“Accrual Period” means (i) as to the First Payment Date, the period that begins on (and includes)
the Accrual Commencement Date, and ends on (and excludes) the first day of the month in which such
Payment Date occurs and (ii) as to any other Payment Date, the calendar month preceding that
Payment Date; provided if a Term Reset Rate Method or Term Extended Rate is in effect with respect
to Class A Certificates, each calendar month will be deemed to consist of 30 days. The Accrual Period
for each Payment Date ends fifteen days prior to the related Payment Date except when the fifteenth
day is not a Business Day, in which event the Accrual Period ends more than fifteen days in advance of
such Payment Date.

“Accrued Interest on the Deposited Assets” means the amount set forth in the Series Certificate
Agreement representing the portion of the interest on the Deposited Assets that accrued prior to the
Accrual Commencement Date.

“Accrued Market Discount” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset that is a “market discount
bond” as defined in Section 1278(a) of the Code, determined as of the date such Deposited Asset is
transferred to the Series Pool, the accrued market discount as defined in Section 1276(b) of the Code,
calculated on a straight-line basis (without regard to whether the election set forth in
Section 1276(b)(2)(A) of the Code had been made) and assuming no election has been made under
Section 1278(b) of the Code.

“Act of Bankruptcy” shall mean an Owner or the Sponsor, as applicable, (i) is dissolved (other
than pursuant to a consolidation, amalgamation or merger); (ii) becomes insolvent or is unable to pay
its debts or fails or admits in writing its inability generally to pay its debts as they become due;
(iii) makes a general assignment, arrangement or composition with or for the benefit of its creditors;
(iv) institutes or has instituted against it a proceeding seeking a judgment of insolvency or bankruptcy
or any other relief under any bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, liquidation or dissolution law or
other similar law affecting creditors’ rights, or a petition is presented for its winding-up or liquidation;
(v) has a resolution passed for its winding-up or liquidation (other than pursuant to a consolidation,
amalgamation or merger); (vi) seeks or becomes subject to the appointment of a receiver,
administrator, conservator, liquidator, custodian, trustee or other similar official for it or for all or
substantially all of its assets; (vii) has a secured party or other creditor take possession of all or
substantially all of its assets or has a distress, execution, attachment, sequestration or other legal
process levied, enforced or sued on or against all or substantially all of its assets; (viii) causes or is
subject to any event with respect to it which, under the applicable laws of any jurisdiction, has an
analogous effect to any of the events specified in the preceding clauses (i) to (vii) (inclusive); or
(ix) takes any action in furtherance of, or indicating its consent to, approval of, or acquiescence in, any
of the foregoing acts.
“Adjusted Capital Account Deficit” will mean, with respect to any Holder, the deficit balance, if any, in such Holder’s Capital Account (as hereinafter defined) as of the end of the relevant Fiscal Year, after giving effect to the following adjustments:

(a) Credit to such Capital Account any amounts which such Holder is obligated to restore or is deemed to be obligated to restore pursuant to the penultimate sentences of Sections 1.704-2(g)(1) and 1.704-2(i)(5) of the Regulations; and

(b) Debit to such Capital Account the items described in Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(4), (5) and (6) of the Regulations.

“Administrator” means Freddie Mac, until a successor Person has been appointed the Administrator pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Series Certificate Agreement, and thereafter “Administrator” means such successor Person.

“Administrator Advance” means an advance by the Administrator to Holders of Class A Certificates pursuant to Section 4.09 of the Standard Terms.

“Administrator Advance Charges” means charges for the benefit of the Administrator in the aggregate amount of the Daily Administrator Advance Charges.

“Administrator Fee” means, if applicable, the annual amount payable to the Administrator (if other than Freddie Mac), determined by multiplying the Administrator Fee Rate by the Aggregate Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance.

“Administrator Fee Rate” means, if applicable, the rate set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement or provided by notice from Freddie Mac to the Administrator and the Sponsor.

“Affected Deposited Asset” means, (i) in the case of a Tender Option Termination Event relating to a rating downgrade as described in clause (c) of the definition of Tender Option Termination Event, each Deposited Asset; and (ii) in the case of a Tender Option Termination Event relating to a failure to pay or an event of taxability as described in clauses (a) or (b) of the definition of Tender Option Termination Event, each Deposited Asset giving rise to such event.

“Affected Certificate” means, upon the occurrence of a Tender Option Termination Event, each Certificate until the distributions required by Section 13.04 of the Standard Terms have been made.

“Affiliate” means, with respect to any specified Person, any other Person controlling, controlled by or under common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, “control”, when used with respect to any specified Person, means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms “controlling” and “controlled” have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

“Aggregate Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance” means the aggregate of the Outstanding Deposited Asset Balances.

“Aggregate Outstanding Certificate Balance” means, as of any date of determination, the sum of the Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance and the Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance.

“Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance” means, as of any date of determination, the aggregate of the Current Class A Certificate Balances.

“Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance” means, as of any date of determination, the aggregate of the Current Class B Certificate Balances.

“Agreement” means the Series Certificate Agreement, into which is incorporated the Standard Terms, including all exhibits, schedules, supplements, appendices and amendments to each.
“Asset(s)” and “Series Pool Asset(s)” means (i) the Deposited Assets and all Deposited Asset Payments made from and after the Date of Original Issue and certificates and instruments, if any, representing the Deposited Assets, (ii) the Distribution Account (including any amounts held therein), (iii) the Credit Enhancement and the Liquidity Facility and (iv) all proceeds of the foregoing of every kind and nature.

“Authorized Denomination” means, with respect to any Class A Certificate, an initial certificate balance of at least $5,000 with integral multiples of $5,000 in excess thereof, and with respect to any Class B Certificate, an initial certificate balance of at least $5,000, subject to, with respect to any Certificate, necessary adjustments due to redemptions after the Date of Original Issue.

“Available Funds” means with respect to any Payment Date, the sum of the deposit into the Distribution Account or related subaccount pursuant to Section 4.02 of the Standard Terms and any other funds available to the Administrator for payment to the Holders, including Administrator Advances; provided that Administrator Advances may only be treated as Available Funds for the purpose of making payments of the Required Class A Certificate Interest Distribution Amount.

“Available Interest Amount” means, as of any date of determination, accrued and to accrue Deposited Asset interest from the beginning of the Accrual Period to the next Reset Date, described as follows. Available Interest Amount is only used in the context of establishing the Maximum Reset Rate where all the Deposited Assets are not fixed rate notes and is only calculated on a Reset Date. Accrued and to accrue Deposited Asset interest will be determined on a Deposited Asset by Deposited Asset basis as the product of the Deposited Asset Rate and the related Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance, calculated for each preceding day in the applicable Accrual Period and each day up to and including the next Reset Date; however, if the Deposited Asset Rate has not been determined for any day up to and including the next Reset Date, then the Deposited Asset Rate for such day will be deemed to be the minimum stated rate of interest on the Deposited Assets. Available Interest Amount will never be more than interest on the Deposited Assets regardless of any calculation previously made. Available Interest Amount is expressed as the variable “AIA” in the following formula:

\[
AIA = AI + TAI
\]

where

\[
AI = \text{accrued interest for each preceding day in the Accrual Period}
\]
\[
TAI = \text{interest that will accrue for each day up to and including the next Reset Date} \\
\text{(but only at the minimum stated interest unless the interest rate is known)}
\]

1 Example 1:

Assumptions:
1. Deposited Assets bear variable interest tied to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index (“SIFMA”) and are reset on the same day as a Weekly Reset Date.
2. The applicable Weekly Reset Date is the beginning of the third reset period following the beginning of the Accrual Period, so there are 14 days of prior interest accrual.
3. During the first accrual week, SIFMA interest was 2.0%; during the second accrual week, SIFMA interest was 2.5%. SIFMA is established for the third week at 2.3%.
4. $100,000,000 in Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance

Interest Accruals:
1. First Week = $100,000,000 times 2% divided by 365 times 7 = $38,356.16
2. Second Week = $100,000,000 times 2.5% divided by 365 times 7 = $47,945.20
3. Third Week = $100,000,000 times 2.3% divided by 365 times 7 = $44,109.58

So Available Interest Amount = $130,410.94

Example 2:

Same assumptions except that the Reset Date is a Monthly Reset Date in a 31 day month. Interest accruals are the same. Note that because we cannot determine the SIFMA for the last 10 days of the month, no additional accrued interest on the Deposited Assets can be projected and taken into account. So Available Interest Amount is the same as Example 1, or $130,410.94

Example 3:

Same assumptions except that the Reset Date is a Term Reset Date with a period of 6 months.

Interest accruals are the same as in Example 1.

So Available Interest Amount is the same as Example 1, or $130,410.94
“Available Remarketing Class A Certificates” means (i) Tendered Class A Certificates, (ii) Class A Certificates subject to Mandatory Tender (A) on a Term Effective Date (that is not a Reset Rate Method Change Date), (B) on a Reset Rate Method Change Date relating to a change (but not a continuation) in the Reset Rate Method from a Weekly Reset Rate Method, a FLO Reset Rate Method or a Monthly Reset Rate Method to a Weekly Reset Rate Method, a new FLO Reset Rate Method or a Term Reset Rate Method, (C) on a Reset Rate Method Change Date relating to a change (but not a continuation) in the Reset Rate Method from a Term Reset Rate Method or a Monthly Reset Rate Method to a Weekly Reset Rate Method, a FLO Reset Rate Method or a Monthly Reset Rate Method, (D) the date on which an amendment to the Standard Terms described in Section 12.01(b) becomes effective and (E) the date on which a successor Sponsor is appointed pursuant to Section 3.08 of the Standard Terms, and (iii) Class A Certificates with respect to which the Holder thereof has exercised the Optional Disposition Right. Available Remarketing Class A Certificates do not include Pledged Class A Certificates that are purchased in connection with a Special Adjustment Event or Term Extended Rate Class A Certificates.

“Bankruptcy Code” means the United States Bankruptcy Code of 1978, as amended in 1986 and as it may be further amended from time to time (Title 11 of the United States Code), and any successor statute thereto.

“Bankruptcy Coverage Payments” means any payments that are made in accordance with the Credit Enhancement with respect to amounts recovered after disgorgement pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or under any applicable banking laws.

“Bond Counsel” means any attorney at law, or firm of attorneys, of nationally recognized standing in matters pertaining to the exclusion from gross income of interest on bonds or notes for federal income tax purposes, issued by states and political subdivisions, and which is acceptable to Freddie Mac and to the Sponsor.

“Business Day” means any day other than (i) a Saturday or a Sunday, (ii) a day on which federal government offices located in the District of Columbia generally are closed, (iii) a day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (or other agent acting as Freddie Mac’s fiscal agent) is authorized or obligated by law or executive order to remain closed, (iv) a day on which the Freddie Mac permanent home office is closed, (v) a day on which DTC is authorized or obligated by law or executive order to remain closed or (vi) a day on which (a) banking institutions in the City of New York or in the city in which the principal office of the Administrator, the Remarketing Agent or Freddie Mac is located are closed or (b) the New York Stock Exchange is authorized or obligated by law or executive order to be closed.

“Capital Account” means the capital account established and maintained for each Holder pursuant to Section 11.02 of the Standard Terms.

“Capital Account Balance” means the Capital Account balance for each Holder adjusted pursuant to Section 11.02 of the Standard Terms for all events having occurred immediately prior to the time of determination.

“Capital Contribution” will mean the amount of money, and the Fair Market Value of any property other than money, contributed to the Series Pool pursuant to Article II of the Standard Terms by a Holder or any amount paid by the Sponsor pursuant to Section 3.04 or 3.05 of the Standard Terms or otherwise contributed to the Series Pool by the Sponsor. Any amounts paid by the initial purchasers of Certificates to acquire Certificates, including any amounts representing accrued interest, will be deemed to have been contributed to the Series Pool.
“Capital Gains” and “Capital Losses” will mean gains or losses from the Disposition of Deposited Assets but will not include Market Discount Gain.

“Certificate Payment Amount” means for any Payment Date and Class of Certificates, the aggregate payment to be made to Holders of such Class of Certificates, which payment is equal to the amounts provided in Article IV of the Standard Terms.

“Certificate Register” means the register maintained by the Certificate Registrar that provides for the registration of Certificates and transfers of Certificates.

“Certificate Registrar” means the certificate registrar and transfer agent with respect to the Certificates, which will be Freddie Mac unless otherwise indicated in the Series Certificate Agreement.

“Certificates” means the Class A Certificates and the Class B Certificates.

“Class” means the class designation, either Class A or Class B, borne by any Certificate.

“Class A Certificate” means a Certificate designated as such issued pursuant to the Series Certificate Agreement, evidencing an ownership interest in the Deposited Assets.

“Class A Certificate Notional Accelerated Principal Paydown Amount” means, if specified as applicable in the Series Certificate Agreement, with respect to any Payment Date, to the extent of remaining Available Funds, the amount identified on the Notional Accelerated Principal Amortization Schedule that corresponds to such Payment Date, together with all such amounts for prior Payment Dates remaining unpaid. To the extent remaining Available Funds are not sufficient to pay in full to the Holders of Class A Certificates such current and prior amounts, any unpaid amounts will be deferred until the next Payment Date.

“Class A Holder” means a Holder of a Class A Certificate.

“Class B Certificate” means a Certificate designated as such issued pursuant to the Series Certificate Agreement, evidencing an ownership interest in the Deposited Assets.

“Class Factor” means for any month with respect to the Class A Certificates, a truncated eight-digit decimal that, when multiplied by the Initial Certificate Balance of such Class, will equal its Current Certificate Balance. The Class Factor for any month reflects the payments of principal to be made on the Payment Date in the same month.

“Clean-Up Event” means a Mandatory Tender of the Class A Certificates pursuant to Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms, at the election of Freddie Mac or the Sponsor at any time after the Aggregate Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance is not more than 5% of the Aggregate Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance on the Date of Original Issue.

“Clean-Up Notice” means the notice given to the Administrator pursuant to Section 7.06 of the Standard Terms.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as it may be amended from time to time, and any successor statute thereto.

“Commission” means the Securities and Exchange Commission, as constituted from time to time, created under the Securities Exchange Act.

“Commitment Price” means, with respect to any date of determination, the highest cash purchase price for the Deposited Assets subject to sale or distribution on such date obtained by the Administrator by soliciting in good faith at least three bids to purchase such Deposited Assets from
Persons (other than the Administrator, the Remarketing Agent, Freddie Mac, any Holder of a Class B Certificate, or any Affiliate of any such Person) that customarily provide such bids, including, but not limited to, investment dealers and brokers that customarily deal in municipal bonds.

“Conditional Purchase Date” means, while the FLO Reset Rate Method is in effect, any proposed Purchase Date set forth in an Exercise Notice.

“Covered Payment” means those certain payments to be made by Freddie Mac if required in connection with an Owner Act of Bankruptcy pursuant to the Credit Enhancement.

“Credit Enhancement” means the guaranty of Freddie Mac set forth in Section 4.11 of the Standard Terms.

“Credit Failure” means, during a Term Extended Rate, the failure of Freddie Mac to comply with its obligations in accordance with the provisions of the Credit Enhancement, and the continuance of such failure for three (3) Business Days, to pay the Purchase Price of Class A Certificates subject to Mandatory Tender, in connection with a Credit Provider Termination Event or a Clean-Up Event.

“Credit Provider Termination Event” means, when the Class A Certificates are bearing interest at the Term Extended Rate, the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Reimbursement Agreement.

“Credit Provider Termination Notice” means the notice given to the Administrator by Freddie Mac pursuant to Section 7.03(b) of the Standard Terms.

“Current Certificate Balance” means the Current Class A Certificate Balance or the Current Class B Certificate Balance, as appropriate.

“Current Class A Certificate Balance” means with respect to any Class A Certificate, as of any date of determination, its Initial Certificate Balance minus the sum of all amounts previously distributed to the Holder of such Certificate (or any Predecessor Certificate) with respect to principal payments on the Deposited Assets, payments arising from a Release Event, and Class A Certificate Notional Accelerated Principal Paydown Amounts, if applicable.

“Current Class B Certificate Balance” means with respect to any Class B Certificate, as of any date of determination, its Initial Certificate Balance thereof (i) minus the sum of all amounts previously distributed to the Holder of such Certificate (or any Predecessor Certificate) with respect to principal payments on the Deposited Assets and payments arising from a Release Event; (ii) plus, on each Payment Date, the amount obtained by multiplying the Class A Certificate Notional Accelerated Principal Paydown Amounts, if any, distributed to the Holders of Class A Certificates under Section 4.03(a)(v) of the Standard Terms on such Payment Date by the ratio of the Current Certificate Balance of such Class B Certificate to the Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance.

“Custodian” means the custodian appointed to hold the Deposited Assets in custody on behalf of the Administrator and for the benefit of the Holders of the related Certificates in accordance with the terms of the Agreement. The Custodian shall be Freddie Mac.

“Daily Administrator Advance Charge” means, for any day, the amount of outstanding Administrator Advances on such day multiplied by the prime rate in effect on such date and divided by 365. Prime rate will equal the prime or base lending rate of major banks as published in the Wall Street Journal.

“Date of Original Issue” means the day on which the Certificates are first executed, authenticated and delivered by the Administrator.
“Delivery Office” means the office of the Administrator located at Freddie Mac, 1551 Park Run Drive, MS D5B, McLean, Virginia 22102, Attention: Office of the Registrar, or such other address as the Administrator may designate from time to time by notice to the Registered Holders, the Remarketing Agent and Freddie Mac.

“Deposit Price” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, the federal income tax basis of such Deposited Asset determined in accordance with the Code at the time of transfer and deposit as set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement with respect to Deposited Assets transferred and deposited on the Date of Original Issue.

“Deposited Asset Documents” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, the funding loan agreement, governmental note, ordinance, resolution and any other agreements or instruments pursuant to which such Deposited Asset has been issued or secured (including any project loan agreement, project note mortgage, deed of trust or any rate cap or interest rate protection agreement delivered to the applicable Fiscal Agent) or governing the operation of the Project financed by such Deposited Asset, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

“Deposited Asset Holder Representative” means Freddie Mac, in its capacity as “Funding Lender Representative”, controlling party or majority owner of the Deposited Assets, as applicable, under the Deposited Asset Documents.

“Deposited Asset Interest Payment Date” means the dates in each year on which interest is paid on the Deposited Assets. Such dates are set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement.

“Deposited Asset Payment Subaccount — Holdback” means, if applicable, the subaccount of the Distribution Account established pursuant to Section 4.02(a) of the Standard Terms into which payments up to the amount of the Holdback Requirement are deposited by the Administrator.

“Deposited Asset Payment Subaccount — Interest” means the subaccount of the Distribution Account established pursuant to Section 4.02(a) of the Standard Terms into which interest payments on the Deposited Assets are deposited by the Administrator.

“Deposited Asset Payment Subaccount — Principal” means the subaccount of the Distribution Account established pursuant to Section 4.02(a) of the Standard Terms into which principal and Deposited Asset Premium payments on the Deposited Assets and Hypothetical Gain Share are deposited by the Administrator.

“Deposited Asset Payments” means any payments of principal, Deposited Asset Premium or interest on any Deposited Asset (whether derived from amounts paid by or on behalf of the Governmental Lender of or other obligor on the Deposited Asset, Freddie Mac, or otherwise) other than Bankruptcy Coverage Payments.

“Deposited Asset Premium” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, any portion of a payment made in connection with the prepayment of all or a portion of the Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance that is in excess of the sum of (i) the Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance or the portion of such Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance that was redeemed, as the case may be, and (ii) interest accrued at the Deposited Asset Rate on the applicable Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance (if any) from and including the last Deposited Asset Interest Payment Date to but excluding the Deposited Asset Prepayment Date.

“Deposited Asset Prepayment Date” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, the date on which the principal of such Deposited Asset is paid pursuant to the applicable Deposited Asset Documents.
“Deposited Asset Rate” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, as of any date of determination, the then applicable rate of interest payable on such Deposited Asset.

“Deposited Assets” means, collectively, the tax-exempt loans identified in the Series Certificate Agreement on the Date of Original Issue and the terms “Deposited Asset” or “series of Deposited Assets” shall mean any one of such Deposited Assets. The term “Deposited Assets” shall include loan agreements, notes as well as custodial receipts, trust receipts or any other similar instrument evidencing an ownership interest in municipal notes held in a pass-through arrangement, and other evidence of indebtedness relating to a Funding Loan.

“Depositor Order” means a written order or request signed in the name of Freddie Mac by any Responsible Officer of Freddie Mac.

“Disposition” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, any prepayment, redemption, maturation, sale or other disposition of such Deposited Asset, or portion thereof, that results in the realization of gain or loss under applicable Code provisions.

“Disposition Gain” means, with respect to a Disposition of any Deposited Asset or portion thereof, the excess, if any, of the amount realized from such Disposition as determined under applicable Code provisions, over the Accreted Price of such Deposited Asset (including, if applicable, any Deposited Asset Premium) or portion of such Deposited Asset.

“Disposition Loss” means, with respect to a Disposition of any Deposited Asset, or portion thereof, the excess, if any, of the Accreted Price of such Deposited Asset, or portion thereof, over the amount realized from such Disposition, as determined under applicable Code provisions.

“Distribution Account” means, collectively, the segregated subaccounts established and maintained pursuant to Section 4.02 of the Standard Terms.

“Documents” means, collectively, the Series Certificate Agreement, the Remarketing Agreement, the Reimbursement Agreement and the Certificates; and the term “Document” will mean any of the foregoing.

“DTC” means The Depository Trust Company or any successor securities depository institution selected or approved by Freddie Mac.

“DTC Participant” means a member of, or participant in, DTC, as provided in the rules and regulations of DTC.

“Electronic Notice” means notice given by telecopy, facsimile transmission, electronic mail (“e-mail”) or other similar electronic means of communication.

“Event of Default” means:

(a) The Administrator defaults in the payment to Holders of the applicable Certificate Payment Amount or Freddie Mac defaults in the payment of any amount pursuant to the Credit Enhancement or the Liquidity Facility when the same is due and payable as provided in the Series Certificate Agreement, and such default continues for a period of three (3) Business Days; or

(b) Freddie Mac or the Administrator fails to observe or perform any other of its covenants set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement, and such failure continues for a period of 60 days after the date on which written notice of such failure, requiring Freddie Mac or the Administrator to remedy the same, has been given to Freddie Mac or the Administrator, as appropriate, by the Holders representing not less than 60% of the then outstanding unpaid principal balance of the Class A Certificates or Class B Certificates, as applicable.
“Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount” means, as of any date of determination, the excess of accrued interest on the Deposited Assets over the sum of the accrued interest on the Class A Certificates for each prior day in any Accrual Period. This definition is used in establishing the Maximum Reset Rate where all the Deposited Assets are fixed rate Deposited Assets after the excess amount is converted to an interest rate related to the Class A Certificates as provided in the definition of Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount Rate. The calculation of Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount is determined as (i) the aggregate amount of interest calculated at the applicable Deposited Asset Rate on the Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance of each related Deposited Asset for each preceding day in the Accrual Period over (ii) the sum of the aggregate amount of interest calculated at the applicable Reset Rate on the Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance for each such day (whether or not distributed to Holders).

“Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount Rate” means, with respect to the determination of the Maximum Reset Rate where all the Deposited Assets are fixed rate notes the following: a per annum rate equal to the product of (i) the quotient obtained by dividing (a) 365 (or 366 in a leap year) by (b) the number of calendar days during which a Reset Rate will be in effect and (ii) the quotient (expressed as a percentage of the Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance) obtained by dividing (a) the Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount as of the relevant day of determination by (b) the Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance as of such day. This rate is expressed as the variable “ER” in the following:\(^2\)

\[
ER = \left[ \frac{365}{D} \right] \left[ \frac{EA}{CLA} \right]
\]

where

- \(D\) = number of calendar days during which a Reset Period will be in effect
- \(EA\) = Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount
- \(CLA\) = Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance

“Exchange Date” means the date on which the Series Pool is liquidated in whole or in part in accordance with Section 13.04 of the Standard Terms, which date will be designated by Freddie Mac and will occur within five Business Days after the occurrence of a Tender Option Termination Event or Liquidity Failure or Credit Failure.

“Exchanging Holder” means each related holder of class B certificates of another Series as described in Section 7.02(c) of the Standard Terms.

“Exercise Notice” means the notice delivered by a DTC Participant through which a Class A Certificate is held for a Holder of Class A Certificates on the records of DTC to the Remarketing Agent and the Administrator pursuant to Section 6.03 of the Standard Terms in connection with the exercise of the Tender Option.

---

\(^2\) Example 1:
Assumptions =
1. Weekly Reset Rate
2. Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount: $50,000
3. Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance: $80,000,000
\[
\frac{365}{7} \times \frac{$50,000}{$80,000,000} = 52.1428 \times 0.000625 = 0.03258
\]

Example 2:
Assumptions: Same assumptions except that there is a Monthly Rate
\[
\frac{365}{30} \times \frac{$50,000}{$80,000,000} = 12.1666 \times 0.000625 = 0.00760
\]
“Fair Market Value” for any asset will mean its fair market value as determined in good faith by the Remarketing Agent pursuant to a valuation made (i) on the basis of current bid prices for such asset, (ii) if bid prices are not available for such asset, on the basis of current bid prices for comparable assets, (iii) by determining the value of such asset on the bid side of the market by appraisal, or (iv) by any combination of the foregoing. For purposes of the foregoing, the Remarketing Agent will utilize the services of Persons which are not the Administrator, the Remarketing Agent, Freddie Mac, any Holder of Class B Certificates or any Affiliate of any such Person.

“First Optional Disposition Date” means, if applicable, the date set forth as such in the Series Certificate Agreement.

“First Payment Date” means the initial Payment Date on which interest is scheduled to be payable on the Certificates, as set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement.

“Fiscal Agent” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, the financial institution designated as fiscal agent for such Deposited Asset and any separate paying agent therefor, pursuant to the applicable Deposited Asset Documents. The term “Fiscal Agent” will also be deemed to refer to, with respect to any series of Deposited Assets, any separate paying agent for that series of Deposited Assets.

“Fiscal Year” will mean the fiscal year of the Series Pool for financial accounting purposes and for federal, state and local income tax purposes, or such shorter period for which income tax returns must be prepared. Such Fiscal Year initially will be the calendar year, unless a different Fiscal Year is required by Section 706(b) of the Code and the Regulations thereunder.

“Fitch” means Fitch, Inc. and its successors.

“FLO Failed Remarketing Event” means, while the FLO Reset Rate Method is in effect, the failure of the Remarketing Agent to remarket any Tendered Class A Certificates or tendered Class A Certificates in connection with an Optional Disposition Date, as applicable, in accordance with Section 6.06 of the Standard Terms; provided, however, in the event of a successful remarketing in accordance with Section 5.02(c)(iii) of the Standard Terms, the FLO Failed Remarketing Event will no longer be deemed to exist with respect to the FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates.

“FLO Failed Remarketing Event Notice” has the meaning set forth is Section 6.06(a)(iii).

“FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date” means the date that is the one year anniversary of the date of the delivery of the Exercise Notice or Optional Disposition Date Notice, as applicable, preceding the FLO Failed Remarketing Event (which FLO Failed Remarketing Purchase Date shall be cancelled upon the occurrence of a successful remarketing pursuant to Section 5.02(c)(iii) of the Standard Terms or upon the occurrence of an intervening Mandatory Tender).

“FLO Reset Date” means Wednesday of each week, or if Wednesday is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, provided that, if the Reset Rate Method is being changed to the FLO Reset Rate Method, the initial FLO Reset Date will be the Business Day preceding the Reset Rate Change Date.

“FLO Reset Rate” means a Reset Rate that is determined by the Remarketing Agent on a weekly basis as provided in Article V of the Standard Terms, or upon the occurrence of a FLO Failed Remarketing Event, is determined in accordance with Section 5.02(c)(ii) of the Standard Terms.

“FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificate” means a Class A Certificate bearing interest at a FLO Reset Rate.
“FLO Reset Rate Method” means the method used to determine the FLO Reset Rate in accordance with Article V of the Standard Terms.

“FLO Reset Rate Method Period” means the period of time during which a FLO Reset Rate Method is in effect to but not including a Reset Rate Method Change Date.

“FLO Reset Rate Remarketing Notice” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.02(c)(iii) of the Standard Terms.

“FLO Reset Rate Remarketing Window” means, while a FLO Reset Rate Method is in effect, the period commencing on the date of delivery of an Exercise Notice and ending on the date that is 30 calendar days thereafter, or if such date is not a Business Date, the succeeding Business Day.

“Freddie Mac” means Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, a shareholder-owned government-sponsored enterprise organized and existing under the laws of the United States.


“Freddie Mac Fee” means the fees due Freddie Mac under the Reimbursement Agreement for providing the Credit Enhancement, the Liquidity Facility and serving as Administrator.

“Gain Share” means, if applicable, (i) first, with respect to the Holders of Class A Certificates that have had their Certificates redeemed or exchanged (to the extent applicable to such a redemption or exchange pursuant to the operative provisions of the Series Certificate Agreement), the product of (a) 10% of the Disposition Gain and (b) the ratio of the Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance to the Aggregate Outstanding Certificate Balance (as determined immediately prior to the redemption or exchange, as applicable, of Certificates); and (ii) second, with respect to the Holders of Class B Certificates, the remaining Disposition Gain. Gain Share with respect to the Holders of the Class A Certificates for any one Deposited Asset is expressed as the variable “GS” in the following formula:

\[ GS = (.10)(DG) \left( \frac{CLA}{CLA + CLB} \right) \]

where

DG = Disposition Gain  
CLA = Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance  
CLB = Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance

Example:

Assumptions:  
1. Disposition Gain = (2%)($50,000,000 Deposited Assets) 
2. Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance = $80,000,000 
3. Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance = $20,000,000

\[ (.10)(1,000,000) \left( \frac{80,000,000}{80,000,000 + 20,000,000} \right) = (100,000)(.8) = $80,000 \]

In this example the Holders of Class A Certificates receive $80,000 and the Holders of Class B Certificates receive the balance, or $920,000.
“Global Class A Certificate” means with respect to any Series of book-entry Class A Certificates, a global certificate executed and authenticated by the Administrator, substantially in the form attached to the Standard Terms, evidencing all of the Class A Certificates of such Series. If the rules and regulations of DTC (or a successor securities depository, including, if designated by Freddie Mac, the Federal Reserve Bank) so require, a Series of book-entry Class A Certificates may be evidenced by more than one Global Class A Certificate which, together, will evidence all of the Class A Certificates of such Series, and which, together, will constitute the “Global Class A Certificate” for such Series.

“Governmental Lender” means, with respect to each Deposited Asset, the entity specified as the Governmental Lender in the Series Certificate Agreement.

“Grant” means to pledge or grant a lien upon or a security interest in, or a right of set-off to, the Administrator pursuant to a Series Certificate Agreement. A Grant of a security interest in the Deposited Assets, or any other instrument, will include all rights but none of the obligations of the granting party.

“Guide” means the Freddie Mac Multifamily Seller/Servicer Guide, as amended from time to time.

“Holdback Requirement” means, on each Payment Date, the amount designated as such in the Series Certificate Agreement; provided, however, that the Holdback Requirement may be changed by Freddie Mac in accordance with the Series Certificate Agreement or the Registered Holders of not less than 51% of the Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance with the written consent of Freddie Mac, by written notice to the Administrator not less than ten (10) Business Days prior to any Payment Date.

“Holder” means (i) with respect to a Class A Certificate, a Person who is listed as the beneficial owner of such Class A Certificate in the records of a DTC Participant or Indirect DTC Participant and (ii) with respect to a Class B Certificate, the beneficial owner of such Class B Certificate.

“HUD Document” means, with respect to any Mortgaged Property, any interest rate reduction agreement, housing assistance payment agreement or similar document delivered by or on behalf of the Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide support for rent or mortgage payments.

“Hypothetical Gain Share” means, if applicable, for any Class A Certificate, with respect to a Release Event Date, an Optional Disposition Date or a Mandatory Tender Date relating to a Liquidity Provider Termination Event (if applicable), a Credit Provider Termination Date (if applicable), a Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy (if applicable) or a Clean-Up Event, (i) the product of (a) the aggregate of, for each Deposited Asset, (1) the highest bid (not including accrued interest) obtained after the Remarketing Agent (or the Servicer to the extent the Class A Certificates are in the Term Extended Rate) solicits three bids to purchase such Deposited Asset from Persons that customarily provide such bids, other than the Administrator, Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent, the Servicer, any Holder of Class B Certificates, or any Affiliate of any such Person, including but not limited to investment dealers and brokers that customarily deal in municipal bonds, determined for the Business Day immediately preceding the Release Event Date, Optional Disposition Date, or Mandatory Tender Date, as applicable, minus (2) the Accreted Price of such Deposited Asset and (b) the ratio of the Current Certificate Balance of such Class A Certificate to be tendered to the Aggregate Outstanding Certificate Balance and (c) 0.10, minus (ii) any Hypothetical Gain Share previously paid to any Holder of such
Class A Certificate. However, in no event may the Hypothetical Gain Share be less than zero.

Hypothetical Gain Share is expressed as the variable “HGS” in the following formula:

$$HGS = \left[ \frac{(MV - AP) \left( \frac{ACAC}{CLA + CLB} \right)(.10)}{H11002} \right] - HGSP$$

where

- $MV =$ highest bid obtained from qualified bidder
- $AP =$ Accreted Price for that Deposited Asset
- $ACAC =$ Current Certificate Balance of applicable Class A Certificate
- $CLA =$ Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance
- $CLB =$ Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance
- $HGSP =$ Hypothetical Gain Share previously paid to any Holder of the applicable Class A Certificate

“Indirect DTC Participant” means an entity holding securities through a DTC Participant as described in the rules and regulations of DTC.

“Initial Certificate Balance” means the initial certificate balance of any Certificate set forth on the face of such Certificate.

“Initial Purchaser” means, if applicable, the initial purchaser(s) of the Class A Certificates named in the Remarketing Agreement.

“Investment Company Act” means the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended from time to time, and any successor statute thereto.

“Investor Letter” means the investor letter executed by each Holder of Class B Certificates in the form attached to the Standard Terms or as otherwise approved by Freddie Mac.

“Knowledge” means actual knowledge.

“Letter of Representations” means the letter of representations from Freddie Mac to DTC in connection with each Series Certificate Agreement, relating to the Certificate or, if applicable, any blanket letter of representations from Freddie Mac to DTC, and any amendment or replacement of such letter.

---

3 Example:

Assumptions:
1. Market Value of First Deposited Asset = (110%)(10,000,000)
2. Accreted Price of First Deposited Asset = (100%)($10,000,000)
3. Current Certificate Balance of applicable Class A Certificate = $5,000,000
4. Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance = $20,000,000
5. Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance = $10,000,000
6. Market Value of Second Deposited Asset = (100%)($10,000,000)
7. Accreted Price of Second Deposited Asset = (100%)($10,000,000)
8. Market Value of Third Deposited Asset = (98%)($10,000,000)
9. Accreted Price of Third Deposited Asset = (100%)($10,000,000)
10. Previously paid applicable Hypothetical Gain Share = $2,000 (100%)

Deposited Asset 1: \((110%)(10,000,000) - (100%)(10,000,000)\) \(\frac{5,000,000}{20,000,000 + 10,000,000}\) (.10) = $16,666

Deposited Asset 2: \((100%)(10,000,000) - (100%)(10,000,000)\) \(\frac{5,000,000}{20,000,000 + 10,000,000}\) (.10) = zero

Deposited Asset 3: \((98%)(10,000,000) - (100%)(10,000,000)\) \(\frac{5,000,000}{20,000,000 + 10,000,000}\) (.10) = ($3,333)

However, Hypothetical Gain Share may not be less than zero, so the amount for Deposited Asset 3 equals zero.

Aggregating the hypothetical gain share

Deposited Asset 1 + Deposited Asset 2 + Deposited Asset 3 = HGSP

$16,666 + 0 + 0 = $2,000 = $14,666
“Lien” means a lien, charge, security interest, mortgage, pledge, encumbrance, or other type of preferential arrangement (including the interest of a vendor or lessor under any conditional sale agreement, capital lease or other title retention agreement).

“Liquidity Commitment” means, with respect to the Liquidity Facility, the amount for which Freddie Mac is obligated to honor demands for payment under the Liquidity Facility.

“Liquidity Facility” means the agreement of Freddie Mac set forth in Section 6.01(b) of the Standard Terms to pay the Purchase Price of certain Class A Certificates.

“Liquidity Failure” means the failure of Freddie Mac to comply with its obligations in accordance with the provisions of the Liquidity Facility, and the continuance of such failure for three (3) Business Days, to pay the Purchase Price of Class A Certificates subject to Mandatory Tender, Tendered Class A Certificates whose Holders have exercised the Tender Option or Class A Certificates whose Holders have exercised their Optional Disposition Right.

“Liquidity Provider” means Freddie Mac.

“Liquidity Provider Termination Event” means, when the Class A Certificates are bearing interest in a Reset Rate Method, the occurrence of an “Event of Default” under the Reimbursement Agreement.

“Liquidity Provider Termination Notice” means the notice given to the Administrator by Freddie Mac pursuant to Section 7.03 of the Standard Terms.

“Loan Agreement” means, with respect to any issue of Deposited Assets, the project loan agreement, financing agreement or other agreement providing for the Mortgage Loan from the Governmental Lender to the Owner.

“LURA” means with respect to any issue of Deposited Assets, the land use restriction agreement, tax regulatory agreement or other similar agreement imposing operating restrictions on the related Project.

“Mandatory Tender” means the obligation of the Holders of Class A Certificates to tender such Certificates for purchase pursuant to Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms, subject to the right to retain such Certificates pursuant to Section 6.07 of the Standard Terms.

“Mandatory Tender Date” means any date on which Class A Certificates, other than Affected Certificates, are subject to Mandatory Tender pursuant to Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms following the occurrence of a Mandatory Tender Event.

“Mandatory Tender Event” means any of the events set forth in Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms.

“Mandatory Tender Notice” means the notice given by the Administrator to the Registered Holders of the occurrence of a Mandatory Tender Event pursuant to Section 6.05 of the Standard Terms.

“Market Discount Gain” means, with respect to a Disposition of any Deposited Asset or portion of a Deposited Asset, the amount of any gain recognized for federal income tax purposes on such Disposition, to the extent such gain does not exceed the Accrued Market Discount, if any, on such Deposited Asset or portion thereof.

“Market Discount Share” means 100% of the Market Discount Gain, which will be allocated solely to the Holders of Class B Certificates.
“Maximum Reset Rate” is to be calculated by the Remarketing Agent on any Reset Date immediately before determining the applicable Reset Rate. The Maximum Reset Rate is to be calculated, as applicable, using one of two different methods. One method applies only if all the Deposited Assets are fixed rate notes and the other method applies if any of the Deposited Assets are not fixed rate notes.

The Maximum Reset Rate, if all the Deposited Assets are fixed rate Deposited Assets, is equal to the Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount Rate, if any, plus a rate determined by dividing the product of the lowest Deposited Asset Rate times the Aggregate Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance by the Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance as of such day. For any Reset Rate Method other than a Weekly Reset Rate Method or a FLO Reset Rate Method, the calculation will not include the Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount Rate because the Maximum Reset Rate is calculated on a Reset Date and there will be no Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount on a Reset Date for a Monthly Reset Rate Method or a Term Reset Rate Method. This Maximum Reset Rate is expressed as the variable MRR(FRB) in the following formula:

\[
MRR(FRB) = \left[\frac{365/6}{D}\right] \left[\frac{EA}{CLA}\right] + \left[\frac{LBR \times BB}{CLA}\right]
\]

This Maximum Reset Rate is determined in four steps.

STEP ONE: the Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount is determined, which is the excess of accrued interest on the underlying Deposited Assets over the sum of interest on the Class A Certificates, in each case, for each prior day in the Accrual Period.

4 Example 1:
Assumptions: 1. Aggregate Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance: $100,000,000
2. Lowest Deposited Asset Rate: 6.5%
3. Aggregate Outstanding Class A Balance: $80,000,000
4. Aggregate Outstanding Class B Balance: $20,000,000
5. Not a leap year
6. Weekly Reset Rate; 7 days previously accrued interest for Class A Certificates at 3.8%
7. The applicable Weekly Reset Date is the second such Reset Date in the Accrual Period

STEP ONE:
Deposited Asset Interest on $100,000,000 @ 6.5% for 7 days = $124,657.53
Accrued interest on Class A Certificates for 7 days @ 3.8% = $58,301.37
($124,657.53) – ($58,301.37) = $66,356.16

STEP TWO:
convert that amount to an annual interest rate related to Class A Certificates:

\[
\frac{365}{7} \times \frac{EA}{CLA} = (52.1428)(.00082945) = 4.324995\%
\]

STEP THREE: Convert Deposited Asset interest to an interest rate related to Class A Certificates

\[
\frac{(LBR)(BB)}{CLA} = \frac{(0.065)(100,000,000)}{80,000,000} = 8.125\%
\]

STEP FOUR: add STEP TWO and STEP THREE

4.324995% + 8.125% = 12.449995%

Example 2:
1. Same assumptions as first six assumptions
2. 14 days of accrued interest on Class A Certificates at 3.8% and the applicable Weekly Reset Date is the third Weekly Reset Date in the Accrual Period

STEP ONE:
Deposited Asset interest on $100,000,000 @ 6.5% for 14 days = $249,315.07
Accrued interest on Class A Certificates @ 3.8% for 14 days = $116,602.74
($249,315.07) – ($116,602.74) = $132,712.33

STEP TWO:
convert that amount to an annual interest rate related to Class A Certificates

\[
\frac{365}{D} \times \frac{EA}{CLA} = \frac{365}{7} \times \frac{$132,712.33}{$80,000,000} = (52.1428)(.00165890) = 8.649991\%
\]

STEP THREE: Convert Deposited Asset interest to interest rate related to Class A Certificates. Same result as Example 1 = 8.125%

STEP FOUR: add STEP TWO and STEP THREE

8.649991% + 8.125% = 16.774991%
STEP TWO: the Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount is converted to an annual rate of interest (the Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount Rate) related to the Class A Certificates. This excess rate is expressed as the variable “ER” in the following formula:

\[
ER = \left[ \frac{365/6}{D} \right] \left[ \frac{EA}{CLA} \right]
\]

where
- \(D\) = Number of calendar days during which a Reset Period will be in effect
- \(EA\) = Excess Accrued Net Interest Amount
- \(CLA\) = Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance

STEP THREE: interest on the Deposited Assets at the lowest Deposited Asset Rate is converted to an interest rate related to the Class A Certificates. This converted rate is expressed in the following formula:

\[
\frac{(LBR \times BB)}{CLA}
\]

where
- \(LBR\) = Lowest Deposited Asset Rate
- \(BB\) = Aggregate Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance

STEP FOUR: add the rates obtained in STEP TWO and STEP THREE.

The Maximum Reset Rate, if any of the Deposited Assets are not fixed rate notes, is equal to the product of (i) the quotient of the number of days in the year divided by the number of days in which a Reset Rate will be in effect times (ii) the quotient of (a) the Available Interest Amount minus the aggregate amount of interest accrued at the applicable Reset Rate on the Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance for each preceding day in the Accrual Period divided by (b) the Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance; provided however, that the Class A Certificates will never accrue more interest than the Available Interest Amount, regardless of any calculation previously made. Unlike the formula for determining the Maximum Reset Rate where all Deposited Assets are fixed rate notes, this calculation will apply to all Reset Rate Methods because the determination of the Available Interest Amount includes both accrued interest on the Deposited Assets and Interest on the Deposited Assets that will accrue over the balance of the applicable Reset Period, to the extent that amount is known. This Maximum Reset Rate is expressed as the variable \(MRR(NFRB)\) in the following formula:\(^5\)

\[
MRR(NFRB) = \left( \frac{365/6}{D} \right) \left( \frac{AIA - ACI}{CLA} \right)
\]

where
- \(D\) = number of calendar days in which a Reset Period will be in effect
- \(AIA\) = Available Interest Amount
- \(ACI\) = Accrued Certificate Interest

---

\(^5\) Example 1:

Assumptions:
1. Weekly Reset for Class A Certificates
2. Available Interest Amount the same as Example 1 under definition of Available Interest Amount
3. Not a leap year
4. Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance: $80,000,000
5. Interest accrued on Class A Certificates at 2.0% during first week and 2.5% during second week

\[
\frac{365}{7} \times \frac{($130,410.94 - $69,041.10)}{80,000,000} = \frac{(52,1428)(561,369.84)}{80,000,000} = 3.9999\% = \text{Maximum Reset Rate}
\]
This Maximum Reset Rate is determined in three steps.

STEP ONE: establish the Reset Rate period factor

\[
\frac{365}{D} \quad \text{where} \quad D = \text{Number of calendar days in which a Reset Period will be in effect}
\]

STEP TWO: determine the Available Interest Amount; then subtract Accrued Certificate Interest

STEP THREE: multiply STEP ONE times STEP TWO and convert product to interest rate related to Class A Certificates by dividing by Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance

“Minimum Sponsor Interest” means, (i) if the Series Certificate Agreement provides that the Partnership Factors apply, with respect to any day, an amount equal to the lesser of one percent of the Aggregate Outstanding Certificate Balance and $500,000 (adjusted for any capital contributions (actual or deemed) by any Holder) or (ii) in all other cases, an aggregate interest at all times in the capital of the Series Pool of $5,000.

“Minimum Sponsor Percentage” means, if the Series Certificate Agreement provides that the Partnership Factors apply, one percent and in all other cases, “Minimum Sponsor Percentage” will not apply to the related Series.

“Monthly Closing Election” means an election pursuant to Revenue Procedure 2003-84 (or any successor Revenue Procedure or other applicable Internal Revenue Service guidance) that, if available, and if made on behalf of an eligible Series Pool, permits items of income, gain, loss or deduction of the Series Pool to be determined for federal income tax purposes on the basis of a monthly closing of its books.

“Monthly Reset Date” means the Business Day immediately preceding the first day of the next succeeding calendar month, provided that if the Reset Rate Method is being changed to the Monthly Reset Rate Method, the Monthly Reset Date will be the Business Day immediately preceding the Reset Rate Method Change Date.

(...continued)

Example 2:

Assumptions: 1. Weekly Reset for Class A Certificates
2. Available Interest Amount assumptions
   a. Deposited Assets bear interest at 90% of 30 day LIBOR; LIBOR is 3.0% for applicable period and for this example, LIBOR is set on the same day as the first Weekly Reset Date in the Accrual Period
   b. the applicable Weekly Reset Date is the beginning of the third reset period so there are 14 days of prior interest accrual on the Class A Certificates
   c. $100,000,000 in Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance
3. Not a leap year
4. Aggregate Outstanding Class A Certificate Balance: $80,000,000
5. Interest accrued on Class A Certificates at 2.0% during first week and 2.5% during second week

STEP ONE: establish Reset Rate period factor

\[
\frac{365}{7} = 52.1428
\]

STEP TWO: determine the Available Interest Amount accruals on Deposited Assets: $155,342.46
   (21 days; 14 days have already accrued and since the rate is established for next 7 days that period is included as well)
   AIA = $155,342.46 then subtract Class A Certificates Accruals from AIA $155,342.46 - $69,041.10 = $86,301.36

STEP THREE: multiply STEP ONE times STEP TWO and convert to interest rate related to Class A Certificates

\[
\frac{(52.1428)($86,301.36)}{80,000,000} = 5.62499\% = \text{Maximum Reset Rate}
\]

Example 3:

Assumptions: 1. Same as Example 2 except that the applicable Weekly Reset Date is the first one in the Interest Accrual Period so there are no prior interest accruals on the Deposited Assets or the Class A Certificates

STEP ONE: determine the applicable Reset Period factor is 52.1428

STEP TWO: determine the Available Interest Amount Interest accruals on Deposited Assets: $51,780.82
   (7 days until next Weekly Reset Date since rate on Deposited Assets is established)
   AIA = $51,780.82
“Monthly Reset Rate” means a Reset Rate that is determined by the Remarketing Agent on a monthly basis as provided in Article V of the Standard Terms.

“Monthly Reset Rate Method” means the method used to determine the Monthly Reset Rate in accordance with Article V of the Standard Terms.


“Mortgage” means, with respect to each Project, the multifamily deed of trust or mortgage, as applicable, assignment of rents, security agreement and fixture filing delivered on the closing date for the related Deposited Assets, together with all riders and addenda, from the Owner of the Project granting a first priority mortgage and security interest in the Project to secure the repayment of the Mortgage Loan, which Mortgage has been assigned by the Governmental Lender to the Fiscal Agent pursuant to the Deposited Asset Documents.

“Mortgage Loan” means, with respect to each issue of Deposited Assets, the loan by the Governmental Lender to the Owner with respect to the Project in an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of such issue of Deposited Assets.

“Mortgage Documents” means, with respect to each Mortgage Loan, the Mortgage, the Mortgage Note, the LURA, the Loan Agreement and any related documents evidencing the obligations of the Owner under the Mortgage Note or securing payment or performance of such obligations or otherwise pertaining to such obligations, including any HUD Document, as each such document, agreement or instrument may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“Mortgage Note” means, with respect to each Mortgage Loan, the promissory note from the Owner to the Governmental Lender, including all riders and addenda, evidencing the Owner’s obligation to repay the Mortgage Loan, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, which Mortgage Note has been assigned by the Governmental Lender to the Fiscal Agent.

“Non-Monetary Default” means the occurrence of any default, other than the failure to pay principal, premium or interest, on the Deposited Assets or any document or instrument related to the Deposited Assets.

(...continued)

STEP THREE: multiply STEP ONE times STEP TWO and convert to interest rate related to Class A Certificates

\[
\left(\frac{52.1428 \times 51,780.82}{80,000,000}\right) = 3.337\% = \text{Maximum Reset Rate}
\]

Example 4:
Assumptions: 1. Same as Example 3 except that $20,000,000 of Deposited Assets bear interest at 90% of 30 day LIBOR and $80,000,000 of Deposited Assets are fixed rate Deposited Assets bearing interest at 6.8%

STEP ONE: the applicable Reset Period factor is 52.1428

STEP TWO: determine the Available Interest Amount
Interest accruals on Deposited Assets
$20,000,000 LIBOR-based Deposited Assets =
\[
\frac{(20,000,000)(2.7\%)(7)}{365} = 10,356.16
\]

$80,000,000 Deposited Assets bearing interest at 6.8% =
\[
\frac{(80,000,000)(6.8\%)(7)}{365} = 104,328.76
\]

AIA = (10,356.16 + 104,328.76) = 114,684.92

STEP THREE: multiply STEP ONE and STEP TWO and convert to interest rate related to Class A Certificates

\[
\left(\frac{52.1428 \times 114,684.92}{80,000,000}\right) = 7.47499\% = \text{Maximum Reset Rate}
\]

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“Notice of Sponsor Bankruptcy” means the notice given to the Remarketing Agent and Freddie Mac by the Administrator pursuant to Section 7.04 of the Standard Terms.

“Notional Accelerated Principal Amortization Schedule” means, if applicable to a Series, the schedule provided by Freddie Mac on the Date of Original Issue and attached to the Series Certificate Agreement, which schedule contains the Class A Certificate Notional Accelerated Principal Paydown Amount applicable to each Payment Date, and which may be amended by Freddie Mac to the extent the Remarketing Agent deems appropriate.

“Odd-Lot Subaccount” means the segregated subaccount designated as such forming part of the Distribution Account.

“Offering Circular” means the Offering Circular, including any Offering Circular Supplement, describing the Class A Certificates.

“Official Action” means any formal action conducted by a Person, which results in a written statement of action duly approved by an authorized committee or governing body of such Person, as appropriate.

“Offsetting Allocations” will have the meaning set forth in Section 11.05(d) of the Standard Terms.

“Opinion of Counsel” means one or more written opinions of outside counsel for Freddie Mac satisfactory to the Administrator and Freddie Mac, and which opinion is addressed to the Administrator and Freddie Mac and is in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrator and Freddie Mac.

“Opinion of Tax Counsel” means one or more written opinions of an attorney or firm of attorneys duly admitted to the practice of law before the highest court of any state of the United States of America and experienced in matters pertaining to the tax-exempt status of interest on state and local obligations, as well as to the status of interests in trusts, partnerships and other structures containing such obligations, which counsel is satisfactory to the Administrator and Freddie Mac and which opinion is addressed to the Administrator and Freddie Mac, and is in form and in substance satisfactory to the Administrator and Freddie Mac.

“Optional Disposition Date” means, if applicable, with respect to any Class A Certificate, the First Optional Disposition Date and each Payment Date thereafter.

“Optional Disposition Date Notice” a notice by a Holder that it is exercising its right to tender such Class A Certificates in exchange for the Optional Disposition Price on an Optional Disposition Date.

“Optional Disposition Price” means, if applicable, with respect to any Class A Certificate, the sum of the Purchase Price and the Hypothetical Gain Share.

“Optional Disposition Right” means, if applicable, the right of a Holder of a Class A Certificate to tender such Class A Certificate in exchange for the Optional Disposition Price in accordance with the provisions of Section 7.05 of the Standard Terms.

“Outstanding” means, with respect to the Certificates, as of any date of determination, all such Certificates previously executed, authenticated and delivered under the Series Certificate Agreement except:

(i) Certificates previously canceled by the Certificate Registrar or the Administrator or delivered to the Certificate Registrar or the Administrator for cancellation; and

(ii) Certificates in exchange for which, or in lieu of which, other Certificates have been executed, authenticated and delivered pursuant to the Series Certificate Agreement, unless proof satisfactory to the Administrator is presented that any such Certificates are held by a bona fide purchaser.
“Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, as of any date of determination, the outstanding principal balance of such Deposited Asset as of the Date of Original Issue, as set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement, minus any payment of principal on such Deposited Asset received by the Administrator with respect to such Deposited Asset after the Date of Original Issue and on or before such date of determination.

“Owner” means, with respect to any Project, the owner of such Project and any successor owner.

“Owner Act of Bankruptcy” means an Act of Bankruptcy arising with respect to an Owner.

“Partnership Factors” means the provisions of the Series Certificate Agreement necessary for the arrangement created in the Series Certificate Agreement to be treated as a partnership under the tax laws of certain states and which will only apply to the Series Pool and the Certificates if the Series Certificate Agreement so states, in connection with the application of the definitions of “Minimum Sponsor Interest” and “Minimum Sponsor Percentage”, and Sections 3.05, 3.06, 7.04 and 11.05(e) of the Standard Terms.

“Paying Agent” means the Administrator or any other Person appointed as Paying Agent by the Administrator in accordance with Section 4.04 of the Standard Terms.

“Payment Date” means the fifteenth day of each calendar month, provided, that if such day is not a Business Day, the Payment Date will occur on the next Business Day.

“Permitted Increment” shall mean with respect to any redemption of Class A Certificates pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Standard Terms, $5,000 or any integral multiple of $5,000 in excess thereof.

“Person” means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, association, joint stock company, trust (including any beneficiary thereof), unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof.

“Placement Agent” means, if applicable, the Placement Agent for the Class A Certificates designated in the Remarketing Agreement.

“Pledge Custodian” means Freddie Mac or any other entity appointed by Freddie Mac to serve in such capacity.

“Pledged Class A Certificate” means (i) any Available Remarketing Class A Certificate purchased with funds derived from a demand on the Liquidity Facility, which is registered in the name of the Pledge Custodian, pursuant to Section 6.06(d) of the Standard Terms, and which is pledged to Freddie Mac as security for the reimbursement obligation owed to Freddie Mac with respect to such demand on the Liquidity Facility and (ii) any Class A Certificate purchased in connection with a Special Adjustment Event and which is registered in the name of the Pledge Custodian and pledged to Freddie Mac as security for the obligations of the Sponsor under the Reimbursement Agreement.

“Predecessor Certificate” means, with respect to any Certificate, every previous Certificate evidencing all or a portion of the same Initial Certificate Balance as that evidenced by such Certificate. For the purpose of this definition, any Certificate executed, authenticated and delivered under Section 2.07 of the Standard Terms in lieu of a lost, destroyed or stolen Certificate will be deemed to evidence the same interest in the assets held by the Administrator.

“Preliminary Class A Certificate Rate” means the interest rate set pursuant to Section 5.02(b) or 5.03(a) of the Standard Terms, as applicable.
“Proceeding” means any suit in equity, action at law or other judicial or administrative proceeding.

“Profits” and “Losses” will mean, for each Fiscal Year or other period, an amount equal to the Series Pool’s taxable income or loss for such Fiscal Year or period, except for Market Discount Gains, Capital Gains and Capital Losses, determined in accordance with Section 703(a) of the Code, which for this purpose, will include all items of income, gain, loss or deduction required to be stated separately pursuant to Section 703(a)(1) of the Code, with the following adjustments:

(a) Any income of the Series Pool that is exempt from federal income tax and not otherwise taken into account in computing Profits or Losses pursuant to this definition will be added to such taxable income or loss;

(b) Any expenditures of the Series Pool described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code or treated as Section 705(a)(2)(B) expenditures pursuant to Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(i) of the Regulations, and not otherwise taken into account in computing Profits or Losses pursuant to this definition will be subtracted from such taxable income or loss; and

(c) Any amounts paid by the Sponsor pursuant to Sections 3.04 or 3.05 of the Standard Terms will be treated as payments of expenses by the Series Pool.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, any items which are specially allocated pursuant to Section 11.05 of the Standard Terms will not be taken into account in computing Profits or Losses.

“Project” means the related multifamily development financed with proceeds of a series of Deposited Assets.

“Purchase Date” means any date on which the Class A Certificates, other than Affected Certificates and Pledged Class A Certificates, are eligible for purchase pursuant to an exercise of the Tender Option, as specified in Section 6.03 of the Standard Terms.

“Purchase Price” means, with respect to any Class A Certificate, an amount equal to the sum of (i) the Current Certificate Balance of such Class A Certificate and (ii) the accrued and unpaid Required Class A Certificate Interest Distribution Amount on such Current Certificate Balance to but not including the Purchase Date or Mandatory Tender Date, as applicable; provided, that “Class A Certificates”, for purposes of this definition, refers solely to Class A Certificates that are not Affected Certificates.

“Purchase Price Excess” will have the meaning set forth in Section 6.06(b) of the Standard Terms.

“Rating Agency” shall mean each institution that at the request of Freddie Mac provides a rating with respect to the Class A Certificates, as set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement. For purposes of the Series Certificate Agreement, “applicable Rating Agency” refers to all institutions that are rating such Class A Certificates at such time.

“Redemption Date” means any day on which payments of principal or Deposited Asset Premium with respect to any Deposited Asset are to be distributed to Holders of Class A Certificates, which day will be a Payment Date.

“Redemption Premium Payment” means the respective portions of the Deposited Asset Premium payable to Holders in accordance with the definitions of “Disposition Gain” and “Gain Share”.

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“Redemption Record Date” means, with respect to a Redemption Date, the close of business on the last day of the month prior to the month in which such Redemption Date occurs.

“Registered Holder” means the Person in whose name a Certificate is registered on the Certificate Register.

“Regular Record Date” means, with respect to any Payment Date, including a Redemption Date, the last day of the month preceding the month in which such Payment Date occurs.

“Regulations” means the Treasury Regulations promulgated under the Code, as such regulations are in effect on the date of the Series Certificate Agreement.

“Regulatory Allocations” will have the meaning set forth in Section 11.05(d) of the Standard Terms.

“Reimbursement Agreement” means the Reimbursement, Pledge and Security Agreement between the Sponsor and Freddie Mac, as amended or supplemented, which agreement is executed and delivered concurrently with the Series Certificate Agreement.

“Release Event” means, with respect to any series of Deposited Assets, the occurrence of either (i) a Tax Event with respect to such Deposited Assets, (ii) an event of default pursuant to the related Deposited Asset Documents, (iii) a material adverse credit condition with respect to the Deposited Assets or under the related Deposited Asset Documents or Mortgage Documents or the Reimbursement Agreement, (iv) the termination of the Series in accordance with Article XIII of the Standard Terms, (v) a breach of a material representation or warranty made by the Sponsor with respect to a series of Deposited Assets or related Project is not cured pursuant to the Reimbursement Agreement, (vi) a FLO Failed Remarketing Event (which shall be a Release Event with respect to all of the Deposited Assets), or (vi) if applicable to the Series Pool, the Sponsor’s delivery of notice to the Administrator that the Sponsor has elected to purchase all of the Deposited Assets in the Series Pool on the Optional Series Pool Release Date in accordance with the requirements of the Reimbursement Agreement.

“Release Event Date” means the date on which the payment of the Release Purchase Price is received by the Administrator concurrent with the provision of notice to the Holders that a Release Event has occurred.

“Release Purchase Price” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset, an amount equal to the then outstanding principal amount of such Deposited Asset plus accrued interest on such Deposited Asset to, but not including, the Release Event Date.

“Remarketing Agent” means the remarketing agent named in the Series Certificate Agreement, and its successors and assigns.

“Remarketing Agent Fee” will have the meaning set forth in the Remarketing Agreement.

“Remarketing Agent Fee Rate” will have the meaning set forth in the Remarketing Agreement.

“Remarketing Agent Notice” means the notice given by the Remarketing Agent to the Administrator and Freddie Mac pursuant to Section 6.06(a)(iii) of the Standard Terms with respect to remarketing proceeds received by the Remarketing Agent related to remarked Class A Certificates.

“Remarketing Agreement” means, with respect to each Series of Class A Certificates, the related Certificate Purchase and Remarketing Agreement among Freddie Mac, the Sponsor, the Initial Purchaser and the Remarketing Agent (or, as applicable, the related Certificate Placement and
Remarketing Agreement among Freddie Mac, the Sponsor, the Placement Agent and the Remarketing Agent), as amended or supplemented.

“Required Class A Certificate Interest Distribution Amount” means, subject to Section 1.02 of the Standard Terms, with respect to any Class A Certificate and for any Payment Date, the aggregate of the amounts of interest accrued for each day in the Accrual Period related to such Payment Date, at the Reset Rate or Term Extended Rate, as applicable, in effect on each such day, on the Current Certificate Balance of such Certificate for each such day; provided, however, upon the occurrence of a FLO Failed Remarketing Event, the Required Class A Certificate Interest Distribution Amount for FLO Reset Rate Class A Certificates shall be determined as set forth in Section 5.02(c)(ii) of the Standard Terms.

“Required Class B Certificate Consent” means the prior consent of the Holders of Class B Certificates representing at least 51% of the Aggregate Outstanding Class B Certificate Balance, which consent will be deemed to have been given without any action being taken by the applicable Holder unless the Holder provides to the Administrator an executed notice of refusal of consent in form reasonably acceptable to the Administrator.

“Reset Date” means a Weekly Reset Date, a Monthly Reset Date, FLO Reset Date or a Term Reset Date on which the Reset Rate is to be determined by the Remarketing Agent.

“Reset Rate” means, to the extent the Class A Certificates are Reset Rate Class A Certificates, the per annum rate at which interest accrues on the Current Certificate Balance of the Class A Certificates from time to time, as determined from time to time by the Remarketing Agent pursuant to Article V of the Standard Terms, subject to, on any day in an Accrual Period, the Maximum Reset Rate for such day.

“Reset Rate Class A Certificates” mean Class A Certificates bearing interest at a Weekly Reset Method, Monthly Reset Rate Method, FLO Reset Rate Method or a Term Reset Rate Method.

“Reset Rate Method” means, on any day, the method in effect for determining the Reset Rate for a weekly, monthly or term interval, as applicable, pursuant to Article V of the Standard Terms.

“Reset Rate Method Change Date” means any date on which a change in the Reset Rate Method from a Weekly Reset Rate Method, a Monthly Reset Rate Method, a FLO Reset Rate Method or a Term Reset Rate Method to another Reset Rate Method takes effect pursuant to Article V of the Standard Terms, including, following a FLO Failed Remarketing Event, the date on which a new FLO Reset Rate Period commences.

“Reset Rate Method Change Notice” means the notice given to the Remarketing Agent and the Administrator, and by the Administrator to the Registered Holders, pursuant to Section 5.02(c) or Section 5.03(c) of the Standard Terms.

“Responsible Officer” means, as to Freddie Mac or the Administrator, any of the President, any Vice President, any Managing Director, the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, the Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer of such entity.

“Retention Notice” means the notice delivered by or on behalf of a Holder of a Class A Certificate pursuant to Section 6.07 of the Standard Terms.

“Section 761 Election” means the election to exclude the Series Pool from the application of all of the provisions of Subchapter K of the Code, if such election is permitted to be taken pursuant to the Regulations.
“Securities Act” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended from time to time, and any successor statute thereto.


“Selected by Lot” means, with respect to Class A Certificates held by DTC, the procedure by which Holders of Certificates are selected to be affected by a given action affecting less than all of the Holders under any CUSIP number are selected, which procedure will be initiated by the Administrator by notifying DTC of a requirement for such a selection. With respect to such Certificates, DTC will select, in such manner as it determines from a position listing of the aggregate Current Certificate Balances of such Class A Certificates as of the close of business on the date of such notice, the interests in Class A Certificates held by DTC Participants with respect to which such action will be taken. DTC will give the DTC Participant(s) for the interests so selected written notice of the selection, which will specify the date and nature of such action and the aggregate Current Certificate Balance of Class A Certificates to be selected. Each such DTC Participant will thereupon select, in such manner as it determines, the Holders with respect to whose interests such action will be taken. The Remarketing Agent will contact each such DTC Participant to request such DTC Participant to disclose to the Remarketing Agent the Holders so selected. With respect to the Class B Certificates and any Class A Certificates not held by DTC, “Selected by Lot” means selected by the Administrator by lot or in such other manner as the Administrator, in its discretion, deems fair.

“Series” means a separate series of Certificates issued pursuant to a Series Certificate Agreement and having the numerical or other designation specified therein.

“Series Certificate Agreement” means the Series Certificate Agreement into which the Standard Terms have been incorporated, including all schedules, exhibits, appendices and amendments, and pursuant to which the related Series Pool is created and related Certificates are issued.

“Series Expiration Date” means the date on which the final payment of principal and interest with respect to the Class A Certificates has been distributed by the Administrator pursuant to Article IV of the Standard Terms.

“Series Pool” means a discrete pool formed by Freddie Mac consisting of Assets with respect to which Freddie Mac has elected partnership status.

“Series Termination Event” means the occurrence of any of the following events:

(i) the Series Expiration Date;

(ii) the Exchange Date on which all Certificates are exchanged for Deposited Assets or sales proceeds in connection with a Tender Option Termination Event or a Liquidity Failure;

(iii) the Mandatory Tender Date relating to a Mandatory Tender Event arising in connection with a Liquidity Provider Termination Event (if applicable), a Credit Provider Termination Event (if applicable), a FLO Failed Remarketing Event (if applicable) or following a Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy (if applicable) or a Clean-Up Event, or, if Freddie Mac does not provide the Purchase Price on such Mandatory Tender Date but provides the Purchase Price on or before the third Business Day after such Mandatory Tender Date then such date the Purchase Price is provided by Freddie Mac; or

(iv) the date on which the Optional Disposition Right has been exercised with respect to the last Class A Certificate (unless such Class A Certificate has been remarketed).
“Servicer” means the party designated as the Servicer in the Series Certificate Agreement, if applicable.

“Servicing Fee” means the fee payable to the Servicer in accordance with the servicing arrangement between Freddie Mac and the Servicer, if applicable.

“Special Adjustment Date” means the Mandatory Tender Date arising from a Special Adjustment Event.

“Special Adjustment Event” means, if specified as applicable to a Series Pool in the related Series Certificate Agreement, the occurrence of (i) the receipt of principal paid with respect to any “Class B Certificates” of another Series, as described in Section 7.02 of the Standard Terms, or, if applicable, (ii) any other event specified in the Reimbursement Agreement as giving rise to a Special Adjustment Event.

“Special Adjustment Event Notice” means the notice given to the Administrator by Freddie Mac pursuant to Section 7.02 of the Standard Terms.

“Specified Party” means, collectively, the Administrator, Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent and any Holder of Class B Certificates or any Affiliate of any such Person.

“Sponsor” means the party designated as the Sponsor in the Series Certificate Agreement.

“Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy” means an Act of Bankruptcy arising with respect to the Sponsor.

“S&P” shall mean S&P Global Ratings, or its successor in interest. If neither such rating agency nor any successor remains in existence, “S&P” shall be deemed to refer to such other nationally recognized statistical rating agency or other comparable Person designated by Freddie Mac, notice of which designation shall be given to the Administrator, the Sponsor and the Remarketing Agent, and specific ratings of S&P referenced herein shall be deemed to refer to the equivalent ratings of the party so designated.

“Standard Terms” means the Standard Terms of the Series Certificate Agreement, together with all exhibits, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

“State” means any one of the 50 states of the United States of America, or the District of Columbia.

“Tax Event” means, with respect to any Deposited Asset (i) a determination that interest on such Deposited Asset is includable in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, as a result of the entry of any decree or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction; or (ii) the taking of any official action by the Internal Revenue Service, in either case, whether or not such decree, judgment or action is appealable or deemed to be final under applicable procedural law, which has the effect of a determination that interest on such Deposited Asset is includable in gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes.

“Tender Advice” means the notice delivered by the Administrator to Freddie Mac pursuant to Section 6.03 or 6.05 of the Standard Terms.

“Tender Option” means the right granted to the Holders of Reset Rate Class A Certificates pursuant to Section 6.01(a) of the Standard Terms to tender or cause to be tendered such Reset Rate Class A Certificates (other than Affected Certificates or Pledged Class A Certificates) for purchase by the Administrator from amounts deposited pursuant to Section 6.06 of the Standard Terms.
“Tender Option Termination Event” means:

(a) there shall have occurred (A) a failure to pay when due any installment of principal of or premium, if any, or interest with respect to any Deposited Assets (whether by scheduled maturity, regular repayment, acceleration, demand or otherwise), and (B) a failure by Freddie Mac to pay under the Credit Enhancement set forth in Section 4.11 of the Standard Terms, which failure or failures continues for a period of three (3) Business Days;

(b) upon the entry of any decree or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction or the taking of any official action by the Internal Revenue Service or the Department of the Treasury, which decree, judgment or action is deemed final under applicable procedural law, and which has the effect of a determination that the interest on any of the Deposited Assets is includable in the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes; or

(c) if the rating of the long-term senior debt of Freddie Mac is reduced below “investment grade” (being “Baa3” in the case of Moody’s and “BBB-” in the case of Fitch and S&P) by each Rating Agency rating such debt.

Tender Option Termination Event applies to each of Reset Rate Class A Certificates and Term Extended Rate Class A Certificates.

“Tender Option Termination Notice” means the notice given by the Administrator to the Registered Holders pursuant to Section 7.01 of the Standard Terms in connection with the occurrence of a Tender Option Termination Event.

“Tendered Class A Certificates” means any Certificate as to which an Exercise Notice has been given.

“Term Effective Date” means the date on which a particular Term Reset Rate will be effective.

“Term Extended Rate” means, with respect to Term Extended Rate Class A Certificates, the interest rate(s) on the Current Certificate Balance of the Class A Certificates from the Date of Original Issue to the Series Expiration Date as set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement.

“Term Extended Rate Class A Certificate” means a Class A Certificate bearing interest at a Term Extended Rate.

“Term Reset Date” means the Business Day immediately preceding a Term Effective Date.

“Term Reset Method Notice” means the notice given to the Remarketing Agent and the Administrator, and given by the Administrator to the Registered Holders, pursuant to Section 5.03(b) of the Standard Terms.

“Term Reset Rate” means a Reset Rate determined by the Remarketing Agent for a specified term as provided in Article V of the Standard Terms.

“Term Reset Rate Method” means the method used to determine the Term Reset Rate in accordance with Article V of the Standard Terms.

“Terminating Mandatory Tender Date” means a Mandatory Tender Date relating to a Mandatory Tender Event arising in connection with a Liquidity Provider Termination Event (if applicable), a Credit Provider Termination Event (if applicable), a FLO Failed Remarketing Event (if applicable), a Clean-Up Event or following a Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy (if applicable), or, if Freddie Mac does not provide the Purchase Price on such Mandatory Tender Date but provides the Purchase Price on or
before the third Business Day after such Mandatory Tender Date then such date the Purchase Price is
provided by Freddie Mac.

“UCC” means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the relevant jurisdiction.

“Vice President” means, with respect to Freddie Mac and the Administrator, any Senior Vice
President, Vice President, or Assistant Vice President.

“Weekly Reset Date” means Wednesday of each week, or if Wednesday is not a Business Day, the
immediately preceding Business Day, provided that, if the Reset Rate Method is being changed to the
Weekly Reset Rate Method, the initial Weekly Reset Date will be the Business Day preceding the
Reset Rate Change Date.

“Weekly Reset Rate” means a Reset Rate that is determined by the Remarketing Agent on a
weekly basis as provided in Article V of the Standard Terms.

“Weekly Reset Rate Method” means the method used to determine the Weekly Reset Rate in
accordance with Article V of the Standard Terms.

“Weighted Average Deposited Asset Rate” means, as of any date of determination, (i) the
aggregate of, for each Deposited Asset, the product of the Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance and
the related Deposited Asset Rate, divided by (ii) the Aggregate Outstanding Deposited Asset Balance,
expressed as a percentage.
Freddie Mac
Class A
Multifamily M Certificates

The Certificates

Freddie Mac creates each series of Multifamily M Certificates (“Certificates”) and issues and guarantees Class A Certificates (“Class A Certificates”) that represent undivided ownership interests with specified rights in pools of tax exempt multifamily affordable housing bonds. The multifamily affordable housing bonds are issued by certain state and local government entities to finance multifamily affordable housing mortgages.

Freddie Mac’s Guarantee

We guarantee certain payments of interest and principal with respect to the Class A Certificates, including the Required Class A Certificate Interest Distribution Amount, the scheduled principal due with respect to the Bonds for the benefit of the Class A Certificates and the principal and interest due with respect to any applicable Bonds on a Release Event Date, each as described in this Offering Circular. We alone are responsible for making payment on our guarantee and for paying for Class A Certificates tendered to us for purchase. Principal and interest payments on, and payment of the tender price for, the Class A Certificates are not guaranteed by, and are not debts or obligations of, the United States or any federal agency or instrumentality other than Freddie Mac.

Freddie Mac Will Provide More Information for Each Offering

This Offering Circular describes the general characteristics of the Class A Certificates. For each offering, we prepare an offering circular supplement (“Supplement”). The Supplement will describe more specifically the particular Class A Certificates included in that offering.

Tax Status and Securities Law Exemptions

We expect interest from the Class A Certificates to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes for most holders. The supplement will more specifically describe the tax status of the Class A Certificates included in that offering. Because of applicable securities law exemptions, we have not registered the Class A Certificates with any federal or state securities commission. No securities commission has reviewed this Offering Circular.

The Class A Certificates may not be suitable investments for you. You should not purchase the Class A Certificates unless you have carefully considered the risks of investing in them. The Risk Factors section beginning on page 11 highlights some of these risks.

Offering Circular dated November 1, 2017
If you intend to purchase Class A Certificates, you should rely on the information in this Offering Circular, in the disclosure documents that we incorporate by reference in this Offering Circular as stated under Additional Information and in the related Supplement. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information.

This Offering Circular, the related Supplement and any incorporated documents may not be correct after their dates.

We are not offering the Class A Certificates in any jurisdiction that prohibits their offer. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in the applicable Supplement, each prospective investor (and its representatives, agents and employees) may disclose to any person, without limitation of any kind, the federal income tax treatment and federal income tax structure of the transactions contemplated hereby, and all materials (including opinions and other tax analyses) that are provided relating to such treatment or structure, except to the extent that nondisclosure is reasonably necessary in order to comply with applicable securities laws.

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*Exhibit I* to the related Supplement defines capitalized terms used in this Offering Circular, the related Supplement and the Agreement.
FREDDIE MAC

General

Freddie Mac was chartered by Congress in 1970 under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (the “Freddie Mac Act”). Our statutory mission is to provide liquidity, stability and affordability to the U.S. housing market. We do this primarily by purchasing residential mortgages originated by lenders. In most instances, we package these mortgages into mortgage-related securities, which are guaranteed by us and sold in the global capital markets. We also invest in mortgage and mortgage-related securities. We do not originate mortgage loans or lend money directly to borrowers.

Although we are chartered by Congress, we alone are responsible for making payments on our securities. Payments on our Class A Certificates are not guaranteed by, and are not debts or obligations of the United States or any federal agency or instrumentality other than Freddie Mac.

Our statutory mission, as defined in our charter, is to:

• Provide stability in the secondary market for residential mortgages;
• Respond appropriately to the private capital market;
• Provide ongoing assistance to the secondary market for residential mortgages (including activities related to mortgages on housing for low- and moderate-income families involving a reasonable economic return that may be less than the return received on other activities) by increasing the liquidity of mortgage investments and improving the distribution of investment capital available for residential mortgage financing; and
• Promote access to mortgage credit throughout the U.S. (including central cities, rural areas and other underserved areas) by increasing the liquidity of mortgage investments and improving the distribution of investment capital available for residential mortgage financing.

Conservatorship

We continue to operate under the conservatorship that commenced on September 6, 2008, conducting our business under the direction of the Federal Housing Finance Agency (“FHFA”) as our conservator (the “Conservator”). Upon its appointment, FHFA, as Conservator, immediately succeeded to all rights, titles, powers and privileges of Freddie Mac and of any stockholder, officer or director of Freddie Mac with respect to us and our assets. The Conservator has delegated certain authority to our Board of Directors to oversee, and to management to conduct, day-to-day operations. The directors serve on behalf of, and exercise authority as directed by, the Conservator. The Conservator retains the authority to withdraw or revise its delegations of authority at any time. The Conservator also retains certain significant authorities for itself, and has not delegated them to the Board. The Conservator continues to provide strategic direction for Freddie Mac and directs the efforts of the Board and management to implement its strategy. Despite the delegations of authority to management, many management decisions are subject to review and/or approval by FHFA and management frequently receives direction from FHFA on various matters involving day-to-day operations.

It is possible and perhaps likely that future legislative or regulatory action will materially affect our role, business model, structure, and results of operations. Some or all of our functions could be transferred to other institutions, and we could cease to exist as a stockholder-owned company, or at all.
Several bills were introduced in Congress in the last several years concerning the future status of Freddie Mac, the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae," together with Freddie Mac, the “Enterprises”), and the mortgage finance system, including bills which provided for the wind down of the Enterprises or modification of the terms of the Purchase Agreement. None of these bills were enacted.

The conservatorship is indefinite in duration. The timing, likelihood, and circumstances under which we might emerge from conservatorship are uncertain. Under the Purchase Agreement, Treasury would be required to consent to the termination of the conservatorship, other than in connection with receivership, and there can be no assurance it would do so. Even if the conservatorship is terminated, we would remain subject to the Purchase Agreement and the terms of the senior preferred stock. It is possible that the conservatorship could end with our being placed into receivership. Because Treasury holds a warrant to acquire nearly 80% of our common stock for nominal consideration, we could effectively remain under the control of the U.S. government even if the conservatorship is ended and the voting rights of common stockholders are restored.

FHFA’s Strategic Plan for Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae Conservatorships. In May 2014, FHFA issued its 2014 Strategic Plan. FHFA issued the 2016 and 2017 Conservatorship Scorecards in December 2015 and December 2016, respectively. The 2014 Strategic Plan updated FHFA’s vision for implementing its obligations as Conservator of the Enterprises. The Conservatorship Scorecards established annual objectives and performance targets and measures for the Enterprises related to the strategic goals set forth in the 2014 Strategic Plan.

The 2014 Strategic Plan established three reformulated strategic goals for the conservatorships of Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae:

- **Maintain**, in a safe and sound manner, foreclosure prevention activities and credit availability for new and refinanced mortgages to foster liquid, efficient, competitive and resilient national housing finance markets.
- **Reduce** taxpayer risk through increasing the role of private capital in the mortgage market.
- **Build** a new single-family securitization infrastructure for use by the Enterprises and adaptable for use by other participants in the secondary market in the future.

As part of the first goal, the 2014 Strategic Plan describes various steps related to increasing access to mortgage credit for credit-worthy borrowers.

The second goal focuses on ways to transfer risk to private market participants and away from the Enterprises in a responsible way that does not reduce liquidity or adversely impact the availability of mortgage credit. The second goal provides for us to increase the use of single-family credit risk transfer transactions, continue using credit risk transfer transactions in the multifamily business and continue shrinking our mortgage-related investments portfolio consistent with the requirements in the Purchase Agreement, with a focus on selling less liquid assets.

The third goal includes the continued development of the Common Securitization Platform ("CSP"). FHFA refined the scope of this project to focus on making the new shared system operational for Freddie Mac’s and Fannie Mae’s existing single-family securitization activities. The third goal also provides for the Enterprises to work towards the development of a single (common) security.
We continue to align our resources and internal business plans to meet the goals and objectives provided to us by FHFA.

See the Incorporated Documents (as defined under Additional Information) for additional information concerning FHFA’s strategic plan, Conservatorship Scorecards and legislative developments.

Purchase Agreement

On September 7, 2008, the U.S. Department of the Treasury (“Treasury”) entered into a senior preferred stock purchase agreement (as amended, the “Purchase Agreement”) with our Conservator, acting on our behalf. The amount of available funding remaining under the Purchase Agreement was $140.5 billion as of December 31, 2016. This amount will be reduced by any future draws.

The Purchase Agreement requires Treasury, upon request of the Conservator, to provide funds to us after any quarter in which we have a negative net worth (that is, our total liabilities exceed our total assets, as reflected on our consolidated balance sheets prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles). The Purchase Agreement also provides for Treasury, upon the request of the Conservator, to provide funds to us if the Conservator determines, at any time, that it will be mandated by law to appoint a receiver for us unless we receive these funds from Treasury. Holders of Certificates have certain limited rights to bring proceedings against Treasury if we fail to pay under our guarantee and if Treasury fails to perform its obligations under its funding commitment. For a description of Holders’ rights to proceed against Freddie Mac and Treasury, see The Agreement — Rights Upon Event of Default. The Purchase Agreement contains covenants that significantly restrict our operations.

We pay dividends on the senior preferred stock. For each quarter from January 1, 2013 through and including December 31, 2017, the dividend payment on the senior preferred stock was or will be the amount, if any, by which our Net Worth Amount (as defined below) at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter, less the applicable capital reserve amount, exceeds zero. The applicable capital reserve amount was $1.2 billion for 2016, is $600 million for 2017 and will decline to zero on January 1, 2018. For each quarter beginning January 1, 2018, the dividend payment will be the amount, if any, by which our Net Worth Amount at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter exceeds zero. If the calculation of the dividend payment for a quarter does not exceed zero, then no dividend will accrue or be payable for that quarter. The term “Net Worth Amount” is defined as: (a) our total assets (excluding Treasury’s commitment and any unfunded amounts thereof), less (b) our total liabilities (excluding any obligation in respect of capital stock), in each case as reflected on our consolidated balance sheets prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Under the Purchase Agreement, the unpaid principal balance of our mortgage-related investments portfolio is subject to a cap that decreases by 15% each year until the cap reaches $250 billion. As a result, the unpaid principal balance of our mortgage-related investments portfolio could not exceed $339.3 billion as of December 31, 2016 (and was $298.4 billion on that date) and may not exceed approximately $288 billion as of December 31, 2017. In addition, in 2014 we adopted a plan under which we will manage the unpaid principal balance of the mortgage-related investments portfolio so that it does not exceed 90% of the annual cap established by the Purchase Agreement, subject to certain exceptions.
We receive substantial support from Treasury and are dependent upon its continued support in order to continue operating our business. Our ability to access funds from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement is critical to keeping us solvent and avoiding appointment of a receiver by FHFA under statutory mandatory receivership provisions. See the Incorporated Documents for additional information concerning the Purchase Agreement.
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Our common stock is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Exchange Act”). We file reports and other information with the SEC.

As described below, we incorporate certain documents by reference in this Offering Circular, which means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents rather than by providing you with separate copies. We incorporate by reference in this Offering Circular (1) our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC; (2) all other reports we have filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act since the end of the year covered by that Form 10-K report, excluding any information we “furnish” to the SEC on Form 8-K; and (3) all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c) or 14 of the Exchange Act after the date of this Offering Circular and prior to the termination of the offering of the related Certificates, excluding any information we “furnish” to the SEC on Form 8-K.

These documents are collectively referred to as the “Incorporated Documents” and are considered part of this Offering Circular. You should read this Offering Circular and the related Supplement in conjunction with the Incorporated Documents. Information that we incorporate by reference will automatically update information in this Offering Circular. Therefore, you should rely only on the most current information provided or incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular and the related Supplement.

You may read and copy any document we file with the SEC at the SEC’s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. The SEC also maintains a website at http://www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding companies that file electronically with the SEC.

You can obtain, without charge, copies of this Offering Circular, the Incorporated Documents and the related Supplement under which Certificates are issued from:

Freddie Mac — Investor Inquiry
1551 Park Run Drive, Mailstop D5O
McLean, Virginia 22102-3110
Telephone: 1-800-336-3672
(571-382-4000 within the Washington, D.C. area)
E-mail: Investor_Inquiry@freddiemac.com

We also make these documents available on our internet website at this address:

http://www.freddiemac.com*

This Offering Circular relates to Certificates issued on and after November [___], 2017. For information about Certificates issued before that date, see the related Offering Circular (available on our internet website) that was in effect at the time of issuance of those Certificates.

* We are providing this internet address solely for the information of investors. We do not intend this internet address to be an active link and we are not using references to this address to incorporate additional information into this Offering Circular or any Supplement, except as specifically stated in this Offering Circular.
**SUMMARY**

This summary highlights selected information about the Class A Certificates. Before buying Class A Certificates, you should read the remainder of this Offering Circular, the Supplement for the particular offering and the Incorporated Documents. You should rely on the information in the Supplement if it is different from the information in this Offering Circular.

Capitalized Terms that are not in **bold type** and defined on their first use are defined in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement. References to time in this Offering Circular relate to local time in Washington D.C.

**Depositor and Guarantor**

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or “Freddie Mac,” a shareholder-owned government-sponsored enterprise.

On September 6, 2008, the Director of FHFA placed Freddie Mac into conservatorship pursuant to authority granted by the Federal Housing Finance Regulatory Reform Act of 2008 (the “Reform Act”). As the Conservator, FHFA succeeded to all rights, titles, powers and privileges of Freddie Mac, and of any stockholder, officer or director of Freddie Mac, with respect to Freddie Mac and the assets of Freddie Mac. For additional information regarding the conservatorship, see *Freddie Mac — Conservatorship and Risk Factors — Governance Factors*.

As Depositor, we transfer and deposit the Bonds that we have acquired to various pass-through structures as described in the applicable supplements. As Guarantor, we guarantee the timely payment of interest and scheduled principal on the Class A Certificates on each Payment Date and guarantee timely principal payments on the Bonds for the benefit of the Class A Certificates. **Principal and interest payments on the Certificates are not guaranteed by, and are not debts or obligations of, the United States or any federal agency or instrumentality other than Freddie Mac.**

**Liquidity Provider**

We will be obligated to pay the applicable tender price for Class A Certificates on each Purchase Date, Mandatory Tender Date and Optional Disposition Date. This obligation is described in the Agreement as the Liquidity Facility.

**Certificates**

Certificates represent undivided ownership interests with specified rights in pools of assets that we form. Certificates are issued in series ("Series"), each consisting of **“Class A Certificates”** and **“Class B Certificates.”** Class A Certificates will be offered pursuant this Offering Circular and the related Supplement. Class B Certificates will be issued simultaneously with Class A Certificates but will not be offered pursuant to this Offering Circular.
Assets. As specified in the related Supplement, the assets of each Series will include multifamily affordable housing bonds or interests therein (which may be evidenced by custodial receipts, trust receipts or any similar instrument representing beneficial ownership interests in such bonds) (together, “Bonds”) that we have acquired. The Bonds are issued by state and local government entities and are secured by first liens on multifamily affordable housing properties and certain other assets pledged by these government entities.

Payments. We make payments on the Class A Certificates on each Payment Date. A “Payment Date” is the 15th of each month, or if the 15th is not a Business Day, the next Business Day, beginning the month after issuance.

• Interest. We pay interest on the Class A Certificates at the applicable “Reset Rate” or “Term Extended Rate” in effect on each day during the period that interest accrues for that Payment Date. A Reset Rate may change from time to time. Changes to the Reset Rate can occur either:
  • each week.
  • each month.
  • on other dates as specified in the Supplement.

The Supplement will specify if a Reset Rate or Term Extended Rate is applicable, and with respect to a Reset Rate how frequently the Reset Rate will change. The method for determining the Reset Rate can be changed at our option (under certain circumstances) or the option of the Sponsor (with our consent). Should that happen, the Class A Certificates will be subject to mandatory tender, however you will have the right to retain your Class A Certificates (the “Retention Right”).

Interest for each Payment Date will accrue for the calendar month preceding that Payment Date or, for the first Payment Date, from the date specified in the Supplement.

The Supplement will identify the Remarketing Agent for each Series. The Remarketing Agent will determine the Reset Rate each time it is changed. The Remarketing Agent will set the Reset Rate equal to the lesser of:
  • the minimum interest rate which would, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent, result in a sale of the Class A Certificates at par under prevailing market conditions, plus accrued interest.
  • the Maximum Reset Rate calculated as described in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement. The Remarketing Agent is also responsible for remarketing Class A Certificates that are tendered to us.
On each Payment Date, we pay scheduled principal on the Class A Certificates plus principal prepayments and your portion of Redemption Premium, if any, until the outstanding balance of the Class A Certificates is reduced to zero. The definition of “Gain Share” in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement describes how we calculate your portion of any Redemption Premium.

The Holders of any Class that receives principal payments (and their share of any Redemption Premium) receive those payments either on a pro rata or random lot basis as described in the Supplement.

Holders of Class A Certificates (except Pledged Class A Certificates, Affected Certificates and Class A Certificates in the Term Extended Rate) will have the right to tender their certificates for purchase upon five Business Days’ written notice (the “Tender Option”) at the “Purchase Price” equal to the remaining principal of such Class A Certificate plus any accrued and unpaid interest through the day prior to the Purchase Date.

The Purchase Date related to an exercise of the Tender Option may occur on:

- any Business Day, when the Reset Rate can change each week.
- the first Business Day of every calendar month, when the Reset Rate can change each month.

Freddie Mac is obligated to pay the applicable Purchase Price. The Tender Option is not available during a period when the Reset Rate is set other than each week or each month.

The Tender Option may terminate without notice as described in The Certificates — Tender Option — Tender Option Termination Events.

We have a “Mandatory Tender Right” to purchase all or a portion of outstanding Class A Certificates at the Purchase Price upon the occurrence of certain events.

We must purchase Class A Certificates pursuant to the Mandatory Tender Right if:

- the frequency of changes to the Reset Rate is changed or, if the Reset Rate is set other than weekly or monthly, that period expires (however, you will have the Retention Right).
- an amendment to certain provisions of the Agreement occurs (however, you will have the Retention Right).
• a Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy occurs (if Partnership Factors apply).

• a successor Sponsor is designated by the Sponsor (with our consent) (however, you will have the Retention Right).

We may purchase Class A Certificates pursuant to the Mandatory Tender Right if:

• we determine that a Liquidity Provider Termination Event or a Credit Provider Termination Event has occurred.

• the outstanding balance of the Class A Certificates is equal to or less than 5% of the original principal balance.

Pledged Class A Certificates or Affected Certificates will not be subject to the Mandatory Tender Right.

Release

We have the right to redeem Class A Certificates and pay you the outstanding balance of the Class A Certificates plus accrued interest thereon, plus any Hypothetical Gain Share, if any of the following events (each a “Release Event”) occurs:

• interest on a related Bond is determined to be includable in the recipient’s gross income for federal income tax purposes.

• an event of default pursuant to the related Bond Documents.

• a breach of representations made by the Sponsor with respect to a Series of Bonds or related projects pursuant to and in accordance with the Reimbursement Agreement.

• a property related to a Bond fails to achieve stabilization (as further described in The Certificates — Assets) when required by the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement.

• a material adverse credit condition exists with respect to a Bond or under the related Bond Documents or Bond Mortgage Documents or the Reimbursement Agreement.

• the Sponsor elects to purchase Bonds with respect to which an event of default exists in connection with a substitution of Bonds.

• the Series is terminated in whole or in part.

• upon the occurrence of other events as set forth in the Supplement.

The amount of Class A Certificates redeemed upon a Bond Release Event will be equal to the then outstanding principal amount of the affected Bond(s) rounded to the nearest multiple of $5,000.
Optional Disposition . . . . . . . . . .

If applicable to the Series Pool as set forth in the Supplement, Holders of Class A Certificates who have held Class A Certificates for at least one year will have the right to tender any of those Class A Certificates for purchase ("Optional Disposition") at the "Optional Disposition Price" equal to the remaining principal of such Class A Certificates plus any accrued and unpaid interest plus any Hypothetical Gain Share on any Optional Disposition Date.

The "First Optional Disposition Date" will be specified in the Supplement.

The definition of "Hypothetical Gain Share" in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement describes how Hypothetical Gain Share will be calculated.

Holders . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

As an investor in Class A Certificates, you are not necessarily the Holder of those Certificates. You ordinarily must hold your Class A Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, generally either through the DTC System or the Fed System as specified in the Supplement. You may exercise your rights as an investor only through the Holder of your Class A Certificates, and we may treat the Holder as the absolute owner of your certificates. For Class A Certificates, the term "Holder" usually means DTC or its nominee to the extent the DTC System is in effect.

Tax Status . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

If you own Class A Certificates, you will be treated for federal income tax purposes as a partner in a partnership that owns the related Bonds. For most investors, we expect income on the underlying Bonds to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes.
RISK FACTORS

Although we guarantee certain payments on the Class A Certificates and on the Bonds for the benefit of the Class A Certificates and so bear the associated credit risk and are obligated to pay the Purchase Price of Class A Certificates and so bear the associated liquidity risk, as an investor you will bear the other risks of owning mortgage securities. This section highlights some of these risks. Investors should carefully consider the risks described below and elsewhere in this Offering Circular, the related Supplement and the Incorporated Documents before deciding to purchase Class A Certificates. However, neither this Offering Circular nor those other documents describe all the possible risks of an investment in the Class A Certificates that may result from your particular circumstances, nor do they project how the Class A Certificates will perform under all possible interest rate and economic scenarios.

PREPAYMENT AND YIELD FACTORS:

Principal payment rates are uncertain. Principal payment rates on Class A Certificates will depend on the rates of principal payments on the underlying Bonds. Principal payment rates on the underlying Bonds will depend upon principal payments from the related multifamily affordable housing properties. Bond principal payments include scheduled payments and prepayments. Prepayment rates fluctuate continuously and (in some market conditions) substantially. We cannot predict the rate of prepayments on the Bonds, which is influenced by a variety of economic, social and other factors, including local and regional economic conditions, the existence and enforceability of lockout periods and prepayment premiums and the availability of alternative financing. Prepayments are also affected by servicing decisions and policies, such as decisions to pursue alternatives to foreclosure. In addition, prepayments may occur upon a Bond Release Event or a Liquidity Provider Termination Event.

Prepayments can reduce your yield if you purchase your Class A Certificates at a premium. Your yield on a Class A Certificate will depend on the price you pay for your Class A Certificate, the rate of prepayments on the mortgage underlying the related Bonds and the other characteristics of those Bonds. The Bonds may be optionally redeemed at any time, subject to any applicable lockout period and to the payment of any applicable redemption premiums. The Bonds with lockout periods may be optionally redeemed at any time outside of the lockout period. The Bonds also may be redeemed due to defaults, casualties, condemnation and repurchases.

Reinvestment of principal payments may produce lower returns. Exercise of the Tender Option will result in a return of the entire outstanding principal portion of the Class A Certificates that you tendered. Additionally, the Bonds tend to prepay fastest when current interest rates are low. When you receive principal payments in a low interest rate environment, you may not be able to reinvest them in comparable securities with as high a return as your Class A Certificates.

Changes to the Reset Rate may produce lower yields. The Reset Rate may change periodically and a future Reset Rate may be lower than your original Reset Rate.

The Maximum Reset Rate may limit the Reset Rate payable on the Class A Certificates. If the Maximum Reset Rate is less than the prevailing interest rate for similar securities, the Remarketing Agent may be unable to remarket the Class A Certificates.
INVESTMENT FACTORS:

The Class A Certificates may not be suitable investments for you. The Class A Certificates are complex securities. You, alone or together with your financial advisor, need to understand the risks of your investment. You need to be able to analyze the information in the related offering documents and the Incorporated Documents, as well as the economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect your investment. You also need to understand the terms of the Certificates and any investment restrictions that may apply to you. Because each investor has different investment needs and different risk tolerances, you should consult your own financial, legal, accounting and tax advisors to determine if the Certificates are suitable investments for you. If you require a definite payment stream, or a single payment on a specific date, the Class A Certificates are not suitable investments for you. If you purchase Class A Certificates, you need to have enough financial resources to bear all of the risks related to your Class A Certificates.

You may not be allowed to buy Class A Certificates. If you are subject to investment laws and regulations or to review by regulatory authorities, you may not be allowed to invest in Class A Certificates. If you purchase Class A Certificates in violation of such laws or regulations, you may be compelled to divest such Class A Certificates. See Legal Investment Considerations.

The Remarketing Agent may have interests that conflict with the Class A Certificates. The Remarketing Agent may purchase Class A Certificates for its own account. The Remarketing Agent may have other relationships with or could also be an affiliate of the Holder of the Class B Certificates. If so, the Remarketing Agent’s interests in the Class B Certificates could differ from the interests of the beneficial owners of Class A Certificates because a low Reset Rate on the Class A Certificates will leave more interest available to be paid to the Holders of Class B Certificates.

Your Tender Option may become unavailable. If the Tender Option is terminated due to a Tender Option Termination Event or a Liquidity Failure, you will not be able to tender your Class A Certificates to Freddie Mac for the Purchase Price. Instead, if a Tender Option Termination Event or a Liquidity Failure occurs, the Series will be liquidated in whole or in part. Without the Tender Option, your ability to sell your Class A Certificates may be limited and the liquidation of the Series may cause you to receive less than the Purchase Price for your Class A Certificates. Moreover, the Class A Certificates may no longer qualify as an eligible investment for certain investors.

Interest on the Class A Certificates may be taxable if interest on the Bonds is determined to be taxable. All or a portion of the interest received on Class A Certificates could be deemed to be taxable if interest on the Bonds is determined to be taxable. A determination that interest on the bonds is taxable could occur after distributions are paid on the Class A Certificates. A final determination that interest on the Bonds is taxable would trigger a Tender Option Termination Event and would result in the liquidation of all or part of a Series.

Credit enhancement is limited. No form of credit enhancement will be directly available to you as a Holder of Class A Certificates other than (a) the subordination of the Class B Certificates (not offered hereby) to the Class A Certificates of a Series and (b) the Freddie Mac guarantee, as described in this Offering Circular and the related Supplement. The Sponsor may be required to set aside cash reserves to be applied toward the stabilization (including reparation and rehabilitation) of the underlying properties or to contribute other assets, including funds, accounts, letters of credit or interest rate hedges. Because any such additional collateral secures only Freddie Mac, upon any termination and required liquidation of the Series Pool, the Holders of the Class A Certificates would
not be entitled to any such collateral and any Bonds distributed upon any such liquidation may be of uncertain value or marketability.

GOVERNANCE FACTORS:

The Conservator may repudiate our contracts, including our guarantee. As Conservator, FHFA may disaffirm or repudiate contracts (subject to certain limitations for qualified financial contracts) that we entered into prior to its appointment as Conservator if it determines, in its sole discretion, that performance of the contract is burdensome and that disaffirmation or repudiation of the contract promotes the orderly administration of our affairs. The Reform Act requires FHFA to exercise its right to disaffirm or repudiate most contracts within a reasonable period of time after its appointment as Conservator.

The Conservator has advised us that it has no intention of repudiating any guarantee obligation relating to Freddie Mac’s mortgage-related securities, including the Class A Certificates, because it views repudiation as incompatible with the goals of the conservatorship. In addition, the Reform Act provides that mortgage loans and mortgage-related assets that have been transferred to a Freddie Mac securitization trust must be held for the beneficial owners of the related Freddie Mac mortgage-related securities, including the Class A Certificates, and cannot be used to satisfy our general creditors.

If our guarantee obligations were repudiated, payments of principal and/or interest to Holders would be paid solely from payments on the Bonds and other assets. Any actual direct compensatory damages owed due to the repudiation of our guarantee obligations may not be sufficient to offset any shortfalls experienced by Holders.

The Conservator also has the right to transfer or sell any asset or liability of Freddie Mac, including our guarantee obligation, without any approval, assignment or consent. If the Conservator were to transfer our guarantee obligation to another party, Holders would have to rely on that party for satisfaction of the guarantee obligation and would be exposed to the credit risk of that party.

FHFA could terminate the conservatorship by placing us into receivership, which could adversely affect our guarantee, and restrict or eliminate certain rights of Holders. Under the Reform Act, FHFA must place us into receivership if the Director of FHFA makes a determination in writing that our assets are, and for a period of 60 days have been, less than our obligations. FHFA has notified us that the measurement period for any mandatory receivership determination with respect to our assets and obligations would commence no earlier than the SEC public filing deadline for our quarterly or annual financial statements and would continue for 60 calendar days after that date. FHFA has also advised us that, if, during that 60-day period, we receive funds from Treasury in an amount at least equal to the deficiency amount under the Purchase Agreement, the Director of FHFA will not make a mandatory receivership determination.

In addition, we could be put into receivership at the discretion of the Director of FHFA at any time for a number of reasons as set forth under the Reform Act. Several bills considered by Congress in the past several years provided for Freddie Mac to be placed into receivership. In addition, FHFA could be required to place us into receivership if Treasury were unable to provide us with funding requested under the Purchase Agreement to address a deficit in our net worth. Treasury might not be able to provide the requested funding if, for example, the U.S. government were not fully operational because Congress had failed to approve funding or if the U.S. government reached its borrowing limit and, as a result, Treasury was unable to obtain funds sufficient to cover the request.
Being placed into a receivership would terminate the current conservatorship. The appointment of FHFA as our receiver would terminate all rights and claims that our stockholders and creditors may have against our assets or under our charter arising as a result of their status as stockholders or creditors, other than the potential ability to be paid upon our liquidation. Unlike conservatorship, the purpose of which is to conserve our assets and return us to a sound and solvent condition, the purpose of receivership is to liquidate our assets and resolve claims against us.

If FHFA were to become our receiver, it could exercise certain powers that could adversely affect Holders. As receiver, FHFA could repudiate any contract entered into by us prior to its appointment as receiver if FHFA determines, in its sole discretion, that performance of the contract is burdensome and that repudiation of the contract promotes the orderly administration of our affairs. The Reform Act requires that any exercise by FHFA of its right to repudiate any contract occur within a reasonable period following its appointment as receiver. FHFA has defined such a reasonable period to be 18 months.

If FHFA, as receiver, were to repudiate our guarantee obligations, the receivership estate would be liable for actual direct compensatory damages as of the date of receivership under the Reform Act. Any such liability could be satisfied only to the extent our assets were available for that purpose.

Moreover, if our guarantee obligations were repudiated, payments of principal and/or interest to Holders would be paid solely from payments on the TELs and other assets. Any actual direct compensatory damages owed due to the repudiation of our guarantee obligations may not be sufficient to offset any shortfalls experienced by Holders. Holders would experience delays in receiving payments on their Guaranteed Certificates because the relevant systems are not designed to make partial payments.

In its capacity as receiver, FHFA would have the right to transfer or sell any asset or liability of Freddie Mac, including our guarantee obligation, without any approval, assignment or consent of any party. If FHFA, as receiver, were to transfer our guarantee obligation to another party, Holders would have to rely on that party for satisfaction of the guarantee obligation and would be exposed to the credit risk of that party. During a receivership, certain rights of Holders of Guaranteed Certificates may not be enforceable against FHFA, or enforcement of such rights may be delayed.

The Reform Act also provides that no person may exercise any right or power to terminate, accelerate or declare an event of default under certain contracts to which Freddie Mac is a party, or obtain possession of or exercise control over any property of Freddie Mac, or affect any contractual rights of Freddie Mac, without the approval of FHFA as receiver, for a period of 90 days following the appointment of FHFA as receiver.

If we are placed into receivership and do not or cannot fulfill our guarantee obligation to Holders of Guaranteed Certificates, Holders could become unsecured creditors of Freddie Mac with respect to claims made under our guarantee.

See the Incorporated Documents for additional information regarding the possible implications of a receivership.

**CREDIT RISK RETENTION**

Freddie Mac, as sponsor of this securitization transaction, will not retain risk pursuant to provisions of FHFA’s Credit Risk Retention Rule (12 C.F.R. Part 1234) (the “Rule”) because FHFA, as Conservator and in furtherance of the goals of the conservatorship, has determined to exercise
authority under Section 1234.12(f)(3) of the Rule to sell or otherwise hedge the credit risk that Freddie Mac would be required to retain and has instructed Freddie Mac to take such action necessary to effect this outcome. Freddie Mac also will not rely on a third party purchaser to retain risk pursuant to the Rule, as may otherwise be permitted under Section 1234.7 (Commercial mortgage-backed securities). As a result, no party will retain risk with respect to this transaction in a form or an amount pursuant to the terms of the Rule. Although Freddie Mac will not be retaining risk pursuant to the Rule as a result of FHFA instructions, it may elect to retain, to the extent permitted by FHFA, some portion of the certificates.

THE CERTIFICATES

We create and administer each Series of Certificates. We sell and guarantee certain payments of principal and interest on Class A Certificates. Class A Certificates are offered pursuant to this Offering Circular and the related Supplement. Class B Certificates are issued simultaneously with Class A Certificates, but will not be offered pursuant to this Offering Circular.

ASSETS

Each Certificate represents an undivided ownership interest with specified rights in the Bonds contained in its related Series.

The Bonds are issued by state and local government entities to finance affordable multifamily housing mortgages. The Bonds are secured by a pledge by the issuer of first liens on the related multifamily residential properties and certain other assets, including funds and accounts held by the Bond trustee, and in some instances, other collateral including letters of credit and interest rate hedges.

The general terms of the specific Bonds for each Series of Certificates will be described in the applicable Supplement.

Funds from Bonds may be used to construct, acquire and rehabilitate or refinance affordable multifamily housing properties. For properties that are being constructed or rehabilitated, the financing documents contain certain conditions regarding, among other things, the timing of completion of the project and leasing of the units. Once a property satisfies these conditions it is said to achieve “stabilization.” Examples of these conditions include:

(i) the construction has been completed in accordance with the plans and specifications and any amendments thereto consented to by the Bondholder Representative and applicable building codes;

(ii) a certificate of occupancy has been issued for each building that is located on the property; (iii) the property shall have obtained physical occupancy (net of concessions) of not less than a percentage specified in the related Bond Documents for 90 consecutive days;

(iv) the debt coverage ratio of the applicable property and Mortgage is equal to or greater than a percentage specified in the related Bond Documents;

(v) the loan-to-value ratio of the Mortgage is equal to or less than a set percentage specified in the related Bond Documents; and

(vi) any additional conditions have been satisfied.

If a property does not achieve stabilization by a set date, the property may not be eligible for permanent financing and the related Bonds may be subject to mandatory redemption or tender.
no certainty that construction will be completed or that all of the conditions to conversion will be satisfied in time for a property to achieve stabilization.

Even if a property achieves stabilization within the specified time frame, the Bond Documents related to that property may provide for a reduction of the principal amount of the Bonds related to that property to an amount that is less than the original principal amount of the related Bond. If the principal amount of the Bonds related to a property is reduced upon stabilization, the principal amount of the related Bonds will be reduced through a partial prepayment of such Bonds. This prepayment would be funded by the property owner. If such prepayment is required as a condition to stabilization and is not made, conversion to permanent financing will not occur and the related Bonds may be subject to mandatory redemption or tender in whole, as described above.

In addition, Freddie Mac may have more stringent or additional conditions beyond those set forth in the Bond Documents to be met for it to treat a property related to the Bonds as stabilized. If such conditions are not met, the failure of a property to stabilize may constitute a Bond Release Event under the applicable Series Certificate Agreement permitting the Bonds to be released from the Series following the payment of the Bond Release Purchase Price. This would result in a prepayment of the Class A Certificates.

The stabilization date may be extended under the terms of the related Bond Documents. You will not receive notice of an extension of the stabilization date.

Each underlying Mortgage is a fixed or floating rate, interest only, fully amortizing or balloon mortgage with an original term of 10 to 40 years. The Mortgages usually either prohibit prepayment or provide for prepayment at a premium for some period, after which the Mortgage may be prepaid at par.

Principal payments on the Bonds are generally made on a monthly or semi-annual basis on an amortization schedule that usually does not exceed 40 years, with a maturity from 10 to 40 years following the beginning of amortization. Principal and interest payments are typically made on the Mortgages by the related borrowers on a monthly basis.

The applicable Bond Trustee will pay principal and interest on each Bond, and deduct and pay fees due with respect to that Bond. If the borrower fails to pay the mortgage underlying a Bond, the servicer will notify the applicable Bond Trustee and Bondholder Representative. The Bondholder Representative will instruct the applicable Bond Trustee as to remedies. Freddie Mac will be the Bondholder Representative for the Bonds in each Series.

**PAYMENTS**

**Payment Dates**

We make payment to Holders of Class A Certificates on each applicable Payment Date. A “Payment Date” is the 15th of each month or, if the 15th is not a Business Day, the next Business Day.

For this purpose, a “Business Day” means a day other than:

- A Saturday or a Sunday.
- A day when the offices of the federal government in the District of Columbia generally are closed.
- A day when the Federal Reserve Bank of New York is closed.
- A day when Freddie Mac is closed.
• A day when DTC is closed.
• A day when banks in New York or the city(ies) in which the Administrator, Freddie Mac or Remarketing Agent is located are closed.
• A day when the New York Stock Exchange is closed.

Class Factors

For each month, we calculate and make available (including on our internet website) the Class Factor for Class A Certificates of each Series.

The “Class Factor” for any Class A Certificates for any month is a truncated eight-digit decimal that, when multiplied by the original principal amount of the Class A Certificates of that Series, will equal its remaining principal amount. The Class Factor for any month reflects payments of principal to be made on the Payment Date in the same month.

Class Factors will be available not later than the second Business Day prior to the Payment Date for that month.

The Class Factor for each Class A Certificate for the month of its issuance is 1.00000000.

Distribution Account

As Administrator, we establish a Distribution Account for each Series. For each Payment Date, we deposit into the Distribution Account each of the following amounts related to that Payment Date:

• all Bond Payments received, including Bond Redemption Premiums.
• all amounts paid in connection with a Release Event.
• all amounts Freddie Mac pays under its Credit Enhancement.
• all Administrator Advances by Freddie Mac.

The Distribution Account will relate solely to the Certificates of the related Series, and funds in the Distribution Account will not be commingled with any other funds.

Interest Distributions

For each Payment Date other than the first Payment Date, holders of Class A Certificates will be paid interest equal to the aggregate of the interest accrued each day in the calendar month preceding each Payment Date (the “Accrual Period”) at the Reset Rate or Term Extended Rate in effect for such Certificate on each such day. For the first Payment Date, the Accrual Period will run from the date specified in the Supplement to the last day of the month preceding the first Payment Date.

The Bonds are expected to generate more interest than is necessary to provide for interest at a rate that will enable the Remarketing Agent to remarket all Class A Certificates at par, but no assurance can be given that this will be the case.

Principal Distributions

Principal will be paid on each Payment Date. For any Payment Date, the total amount of principal payments available for distribution will equal the sum of:

• The amount of principal payments scheduled or made on the underlying Bonds during the collection period for that Payment Date (“Available Principal”). The collection period for
each Payment Date will be the period from the second Business Day of the prior calendar month through the first Business Day of the month of that Payment Date.

- The Redemption Premium, if any, payable to Holders, determined in accordance with the Gain Share calculation described in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement. Freddie Mac does not guarantee the payment of any Redemption Premium.

- Class A Certificates share of the Hypothetical Gain Share, if any, in connection with a payment arising from a Release Event. Hypothetical Gain Share is calculated as described in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement. Freddie Mac does not guarantee the payment of any Hypothetical Gain Share.

On each Payment Date, other than a Payment Date related to a Release Event, we pay Available Principal to the Holders of the Class A Certificates entitled to receive principal payments on that Payment Date pro rata as follows:

- To Freddie Mac as the secured lien holder of Pledged Class A Certificates, until the balance of any Pledged Class A Certificates is reduced to zero.

- To the other Holders of Class A Certificates, until retired.

While the DTC System is in effect, payments of principal to Holders of Class A Certificates other than Freddie Mac as the secured lien holder of Pledged Class A Certificates will be paid in multiples of $5,000 under random lot procedures. Under such random lot procedures, on each Payment Date when principal is payable on Class A Certificates, the amount payable on that Class is rounded to a multiple of $5,000. On the first such Payment Date, the Registrar withdraws from the Odd-Lot Subaccount any funds needed to round the principal payment upward to the next multiple of $5,000 and pays the rounded amount on the Class A Certificates. On the next such Payment Date, the Registrar applies the principal payable on the Class A Certificates first to repay any amount withdrawn from the Odd-Lot Subaccount on the previous Payment Date. The Registrar then rounds the remainder of the principal payment upward to the next multiple of $5,000, by making another withdrawal from the Odd-Lot Subaccount, and pays this amount on the Class A Certificates. This process continues on each following Payment Date until the Class A Certificates have been retired.

While the DTC System is in effect, DTC will determine which Holders will be paid by using its established random lot procedures. Each DTC Participant receiving principal payments, and each financial intermediary in the chain to the beneficial owners, will remit payments to their customers according to their own procedures, which may or may not be by random lot. A DTC Participant or financial intermediary could decide to allot Class A principal payments to certain customers (which could include the DTC Participant or intermediary) without allotting payments to others. You may ask your brokers or other intermediaries or the Remarketing Agent what allocation procedures they use.

While the Fed System is in effect, payments of principal to Holders of the Class A Certificates will be paid in multiples of $0.01 in accordance with the Fed System Book Entry Rules.

The Supplement for each Series will describe the specific allocation of principal payments for that Series.

On each Payment Date, we also pay the Redemption Premium (if any) and Hypothetical Gain Share (if any) related to a Release Event to the Class A Certificates, until retired.

On any Payment Date related to a Bond Release Event, we pay the portion of Available Principal related to the released Bond as described under The Certificates — Release Event.
Reports to Holders

Each month, not later than the second Business Day prior to the Payment Date for that month, we will make available on our internet website the following information:

- the related Payment Date;
- the Class Factor for that Payment Date;
- the weighted average of the Reset Rate applicable to that Payment Date; and
- if all of the Certificates are to be redeemed in full on a Payment Date, the notice described under *The Agreement — Final Distribution*.

Record Dates

We make payments on each Payment Date to Holders as of the close of business on the last day of the preceding month (the "Record Date").

Final Payment Dates

The "Final Payment Date" for each Class is the latest date by which it will be paid in full and will retire. We calculate Final Payment Dates using conservative assumptions. The actual retirement of Class A Certificates of any Series could occur significantly earlier than its Final Payment Date.

RESET RATES

The Remarketing Agent

The Remarketing Agent sets the Reset Rate and determines the Maximum Reset Rate for the Class A Certificates by 5:00 p.m. on the related Reset Date. The Remarketing Agent is also responsible for remarketing Class A Certificates that are tendered to us. The Supplement will identify the Remarketing Agent for that Series.

*The Remarketing Agent Is Paid by the Sponsor*

The Remarketing Agent is appointed by Freddie Mac and the Sponsor. As a result, the interests of the Remarketing Agent may differ from those of the beneficial owners of the Class A Certificates.

*The Remarketing Agent May Purchase Class A Certificates for Its Own Account*

The Remarketing Agent acts as remarketing agent for a variety of variable rate demand obligations and may, in its sole discretion, purchase such obligations for its own account, including the Class A Certificates. In its sole discretion, the Remarketing Agent may acquire tendered Class A Certificates in order to achieve a successful remarketing of the Class A Certificates (for example, because there otherwise are not enough buyers to purchase the Class A Certificates) or for other reasons. *The Remarketing Agent is not obligated to purchase Class A Certificates, however, and may cease doing so at any time without notice.* The Remarketing Agent may also sell any Class A Certificates it has purchased to one or more affiliated investment vehicles for collective ownership or enter into derivative arrangements with affiliates or others in order to reduce its exposure to the Class A Certificates. The purchase of Class A Certificates by the Remarketing Agent may create the appearance that there is greater third party demand for the Class A Certificates in the market than is
actually the case. The practices described above also may result in fewer Class A Certificates being tendered in a remarketing.

**Class A Certificates May be Offered at Different Prices on Any Date, Including a Reset Date**

Pursuant to the Remarketing Agreement, the Remarketing Agent is required to determine the rate of interest that, in its judgment, is the minimum rate which would, under then existing market conditions, result in the sale of the Class A Certificates on the applicable Reset Date at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any. The interest rate will reflect, among other factors, the level of market demand for the Class A Certificates (including whether the Remarketing Agent is willing to purchase Class A Certificates for its own account). There may or may not be Class A Certificates tendered and remarketed on a Reset Date, and it is possible that the Remarketing Agent may not be able to remarket any Class A Certificates tendered for purchase on such date at par. The Remarketing Agent is not obligated to advise purchasers in a remarketing if it does not have third party buyers for all of the Class A Certificates at the remarketing price. In the event the Remarketing Agent owns any Class A Certificates for its own account, it may, in its sole discretion in a secondary market transaction outside the tender process, offer such Class A Certificates on any date, including the Reset Date, at a discount or premium to par.

**The Ability to Sell the Class A Certificates Other Than Through the Tender Process May be Limited**

The Remarketing Agent may buy and sell Class A Certificates other than through the tender process. However, it is not obligated to do so and may cease doing so at any time without notice. The Remarketing Agent may require beneficial owners that wish to tender their Class A Certificates to do so only through the Remarketing Agent with appropriate notice, as provided in the Series Certificate Agreement. Thus, investors which purchase the Class A Certificates, whether in a remarketing or otherwise, should not assume that they will be able to sell their Class A Certificates other than by tendering the Class A Certificates in accordance with the tender process set forth in the Series Certificate Agreement.

**Under Certain Circumstances, the Remarketing Agent May be Removed, Resign or Cease Remarketing the Class A Certificates, Without a Successor Being Named**

Under certain circumstances, the Remarketing Agent may be removed or resign or cease its remarketing efforts without a successor having been named, subject to the terms of the Remarketing Agreement.

**Determination of the Reset Rate**

The Reset Rate will change from time to time. The Reset Rate for any period will be the minimum rate of interest which would, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent, under then prevailing market conditions (taking into account that such rate will be reset on the next Reset Date), result in a sale of the Class A Certificates at a market price equal to the outstanding balance of the Class A Certificates, plus accrued interest. The Reset Rate cannot exceed the Maximum Reset Rate calculated as described in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement.

The Remarketing Agent will calculate the Maximum Reset Rate on each Reset Date immediately prior to determining the Reset Rate.
If the Remarketing Agent fails to set a Reset Rate by 5:00 p.m. on the Reset Date, the Reset Rate for the next period will be the lesser of the previous Reset Rate or the Maximum Reset Rate.

Upon setting the Reset Rate, the Remarketing Agent notifies Freddie Mac of the Reset Rate, the Maximum Reset Rate and the date on which the Reset Rate will take effect. After the Remarketing Agent sets the Reset Rate and gives notice to Freddie Mac, the determination of the Reset Rate, absent manifest error, will be binding, subject to the Maximum Reset Rate. You may obtain the Reset Rate for each period from the Remarketing Agent as described in the Supplement or from our internet website.

**Reset Rate Method**

The frequency of making changes to the Reset Rate is called the “Reset Rate Method.” The following table shows the date by which the Reset Rate will be determined (each a “Reset Date”) and the period during which the Reset Rate applies for each Reset Rate Method.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reset Rate Method</th>
<th>Reset Date(1)</th>
<th>Related Accrual Period(2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weekly Reset Rate Method</strong></td>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>Thursday through the following Wednesday</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>if Wednesday is not a Business Day, the preceding Business Day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Monthly Reset Rate Method</strong></td>
<td>Last Business Day of the preceding month Calendar Month</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Term Reset Rate Method</strong></td>
<td>Last Business Day prior to the beginning of the term Term specified in notice to holders (or until the Series Expiration Date, if earlier)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) However, if the Reset Rate Method is being changed, the Reset Date will be the Business Day preceding the Reset Rate Change Date.

(2) However, if the Reset Rate Method is being changed and the Reset Rate Change Date is prior to the end of this period, the Reset Rate will apply through day preceding the next Reset Rate Change Date.

(3) Unless otherwise approved by Freddie Mac, this period will not be less than 180 days nor more than one year until the First Optional Disposition Date. After the First Optional Disposition Date, this period will not be less than 180 days nor more than five years.

The Supplement will specify the initial Reset Rate Method applicable to each Series.

If the Monthly Reset Rate Method or Term Reset Rate Method is in effect, the Remarketing Agent will make preliminary indications of the Reset Rate for the next period available by telephone six Business Days prior to the related Reset Date. The Reset Rate will not be less than the preliminary Reset Rate quoted by the Remarketing Agent.

The Reset Rate Method may be changed by:

- direction of the Holders of a majority of the outstanding principal balance of Class B Certificates (with Freddie Mac’s approval).
- Freddie Mac, if the interest rate hedge required by the Reimbursement Agreement between Freddie Mac and the Sponsor is not in effect.

If the Reset Rate Method is changed, Holders will be notified by the Remarketing Agent of the change at least eight Business Days prior to the change taking effect. A change of the Reset Rate Method will be a Mandatory Tender Event (however, you will have the Retention Right). See *Description of Certificates — Mandatory Tender*.

If the Reset Rate Method is changed to the Weekly Reset Rate Method or the Monthly Reset Rate Method, the Reset Rate Method will continue to be Weekly or Monthly, as applicable, until changed by Holders of Class B Certificates with Freddie Mac’s consent. If the Reset Rate Method is changed to the Term Reset Rate Method, the Reset Rate Method will become Weekly at the conclusion of the
specified term, unless the Holders of the Class B Certificates with Freddie Mac’s consent elect to continue the Term Reset Rate Method. The expiration of a period in which the Term Reset Rate Method is in effect will be a Mandatory Tender Event, subject to your Retention Right.

The Reset Rate Method may not be changed during the last two Business Days before a Mandatory Tender Date.

TERM EXTENDED RATE

If so specified in the Supplement, the Class A Certificate shall bear interest at the Term Extended Rate specified in the Supplement. The Term Extended Rate will generally be a fixed interest rate per annum to be in effect from and including the Date of Original Issuance to but not including the Series Expiration Date. Class A Certificates in the Term Extended Rate may not be converted to a Reset Rate Method. The Tender Option does not apply to Class A Certificates in the Term Extended Rate, nor does any requirement for Mandatory Tender (other than with respect to Mandatory Tenders resulting from a Credit Provider Termination Event or a Clean Up Event). Except as otherwise provided in the Supplement, Holders of Class A Certificates in the Term Extended Rate may tender their Class A Certificates on any Optional Disposition Date. Class A Certificates in the Term Extended Rate are subject to early redemption in connection with a Tender Option Termination Event.

TENDER OPTION

Rights of Holders to Tender Class A Certificates

Holders of a Class A Certificate have the Tender Option to tender their Class A Certificates to Freddie Mac on any Purchase Date in exchange for the Purchase Price upon giving proper notice. We are obligated to pay the Purchase Price for each Class A Certificate validly tendered pursuant to the Tender Option.

A “Purchase Date” is:

- any Business Day, when the Weekly Reset Rate Method is in effect.
- the first Business Day of every calendar month, when the Monthly Reset Rate is in effect.

The Tender Option is not available:

- when the Term Reset Rate Method or Term Extended Rate is in effect.
- for Affected Certificates after the occurrence of an applicable Tender Option Termination Event.
- for Pledged Class A Certificates.

Holders of Class A Certificates may exercise the Tender Option for Class A Certificates having an original balance of $5,000 and integral multiples of $5,000 in excess thereof. Holders may not exercise the Tender Option for other denominations of Class A Certificates.

Procedures to Exercise the Tender Option

In order to exercise the Tender Option, you must instruct the Holder of your Certificates to exercise the Tender Option on your behalf.
To exercise the Tender Option on your behalf, a Holder of Class A Certificates must:

- Give an Exercise Notice to the Remarketing Agent and Freddie Mac. The Exercise Notice must be given by 5:00 p.m., on or prior to the fifth Business Day preceding the Purchase Date. The Exercise Notice should be made by telephone and confirmed by telecopy, facsimile transmission, electronic mail or similar electronic means of communication. The confirmation must be received by the principal office of the Remarketing Agent as specified in the Supplement and Freddie Mac, as Registrar, at 1551 Park Run Drive, MS-D5B, McLean, Virginia 22102-3110 by 5:00 p.m. on the same day. The Exercise Notice must specify:
  - the original balance of the Class A Certificates being tendered.
  - the Authorized Denominations tendered for purchase.
  - the Purchase Date on which you demand purchase.
- Deliver the Class A Certificates to Freddie Mac by book-entry transfer into Freddie Mac’s account at DTC by not later than 11:00 a.m. on the Purchase Date.
- Advise Freddie Mac in writing of the single account of the Holder in which payment for Tendered Class A Certificates is to be transferred.

Freddie Mac will pay the Purchase Price of any Tendered Class A Certificates by 3:00 p.m. to the Holders of Tendered Class A Certificates as they appear on the records of the Registrar.

Once it is exercised, the Tender Option may not be revoked. Upon giving telephonic notice of exercise of the Tender Option to Freddie Mac or the Remarketing Agent, or upon delivery of an Exercise Notice to Freddie Mac or the Remarketing Agent, Holders of Class A Certificates will have no further rights or interests in such Class A Certificates other than the right to receive payment of the Purchase Price. No interest will be paid on such Class A Certificates from and after the Purchase Date.

If a Holder of Class A Certificates gives an Exercise Notice and then fails to deliver the Tendered Class A Certificates as described above, the Tendered Class A Certificates will be deemed to have been delivered, and the Holder will have no further rights or interests in such Class A Certificates other than the right to receive payment of the Purchase Price.

Freddie Mac will determine whether the Tender Option has been exercised in compliance with the requirements described in this section. If an attempted exercise of the Tender Option does not comply with these requirements, Freddie Mac will reject such exercise and redeliver such Class A Certificates by using its best efforts to transfer such Certificates “free” on the records of DTC to the applicable Holder.

Freddie Mac will give the Remarketing Agent and DTC a Tender Advice by not later than 5:00 p.m. on the Business Day after it receives an Exercise Notice. The Tender Advice will be delivered by telecopy, facsimile transmission, electronic mail or similar electronic means of communication and will set forth:

- the Purchase Date and
- the aggregate Authorized Denominations of Class A Certificates tendered for purchase.
Tender Option Termination Events

The Tender Option for a Series will terminate without notice upon the occurrence of any of the following events (each, a “Tender Option Termination Event”):

- (a) There shall have occurred (A) a failure to pay when due any installment of principal of or premium, if any, or interest with respect to any Bonds and (B) a failure by Freddie Mac to pay on the Credit Enhancement which failure or failures continues for three Business Days.

- (b) Interest on a Bond underlying that Series is determined to be includable in the recipient’s gross income for federal income tax purposes. This determination may be made by the entry of any decree or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction or the taking of any official action by the Internal Revenue Service or the Department of the Treasury, which decree, judgment or action is deemed final under applicable procedural law.

- (c) The rating of the long-term senior debt of Freddie Mac is reduced below “Baa3” in the case of Moody’s and “BBB-” in the case of Fitch and S&P by each such rating agency rating such debt.

If a Tender Option Termination Event occurs, the Series will be subject to complete or partial liquidation on the related Exchange Date. See The Agreement — Termination.

If a Tender Option Termination Event occurs, Freddie Mac will promptly give the Remarketing Agent a Tender Option Termination Notice by telecopy, facsimile transmission, electronic mail or similar electronic means of communication, promptly confirmed by mailing a copy of the Tender Option Termination Notice. The Tender Option Termination Notice will set forth each of the following items:

- A description of the Tender Option Termination Event that has occurred and a description of the Affected Bonds.

- The date when such Tender Option Termination Event occurred.

- A schedule, prepared by Freddie Mac, of the Bonds, if any, that will remain after the complete or partial liquidation of the Series and required distributions have been effected on the related Exchange Date.

- If applicable, a schedule, prepared by Freddie Mac, of the amounts of Class A Certificates and Class B Certificates and of the obligation, if any, of Freddie Mac to purchase tendered Certificates that will remain after the complete or partial liquidation of the Series and required distributions have been effected on the related Exchange Date. No such obligation will exist after a complete liquidation of the Series.

Freddie Mac will give the Holders of Class A Certificates a copy of the Tender Option Termination Notice not later than one Business Day following its delivery to the Remarketing Agent. The failure to give notice of any Tender Option Termination Event to the Holders or the failure of any Holder to receive such notice will not delay or affect in any manner the termination of the right to exercise the Tender Option with respect to any Affected Certificates.
MANDATORY TENDER

Mandatory Tender Events

Freddie Mac has the right to purchase Class A Certificates (other than Affected Certificates and Pledged Class A Certificates) if a Mandatory Tender Event occurs. If a Mandatory Tender Event occurs:

- Freddie Mac will give notice ("Mandatory Tender Notice") to the Holders and the Remarketing Agent.
- Freddie Mac will purchase all or a portion of the outstanding Class A Certificates and pay the Purchase Price on the "Mandatory Tender Date" specified in the table below. After the Mandatory Tender Date and payment of the Purchase Price you will not have a right to additional payments of principal or interest from your Class A Certificates.

Under some circumstances, you may decline a Mandatory Tender by exercising your Retention Right. If you exercise the Retention Right, your Class A Certificates will not be purchased and you will not receive the Purchase Price. See The Certificates — Mandatory Tender — Right to Retain.

The table below specifies the dates of the Mandatory Tender Notice and the Mandatory Tender Date for each related Mandatory Tender Event.
### Mandatory Tender Event Notice Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mandatory Tender Event</th>
<th>Notice Requirements</th>
<th>Mandatory Tender Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>An event of default under the Reimbursement Agreement (a “Liquidity Provider Termination Event”)(^{1}) if a Reset Rate is in effect or a “Credit Provider Termination Event” if a Term Extended Rate is in effect.</td>
<td>Freddie Mac sends a Liquidity Provider Termination Notice or Credit Provider Termination Notice to the Remarketing Agent.</td>
<td>The Business Day specified by Freddie Mac in the Liquidity Provider Termination Notice or Credit Provider Termination Notice (must be between 5 and 10 Business Days after the date of the Mandatory Tender Notice)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• A change in the Reset Rate Method from the Weekly Reset Rate Method or Monthly Reset Rate Method to the Monthly Reset Rate Method or the Term Reset Rate Method(^{2}) or</td>
<td>Freddie Mac sends notice to:</td>
<td>The Term Effective Date specified in the notice to Holders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• The beginning of a new term if the Term Reset Rate Method was previously and will continue to be in effect(^{2})</td>
<td>• Remarketing Agent at least nine Business Days prior to the Term Reset Date and not later than one Business Day after it consents to the change in Reset Rate Method</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A change in the Reset Rate Method to the Weekly or Monthly Reset Rate Method(^{2})</td>
<td>Freddie Mac sends notice to:</td>
<td>The Reset Rate Method Change Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• distributions and payments from the Distribution Account</td>
<td>• Remarketing Agent not later than two Business Days after it consents to the change in Reset Rate Method</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• determination of the Reset Rate</td>
<td>• Holders at least eight Business Days prior to the Reset Rate Method Change Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• the Tender Option or Tender Termination Events</td>
<td>A Business Day that is at least 20 calendar days prior to the effective date of the amendment</td>
<td>The effective date of the amendment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• the provisions regarding amendments to those sections</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{1}\) Events of default under the Reimbursement Agreement typically include the following events:
• Freddie Mac does not receive amounts due under the Reimbursement Agreement.
• The Sponsor fails to perform its obligations under the Reimbursement Agreement or other agreements related to this Series.
• The interest rate on the Bonds converts to a fixed rate without Freddie Mac’s consent.
• The Sponsor fails to deliver a replacement interest rate hedge when required by the Reimbursement Agreement.
• The Sponsor challenges the pledge to Freddie Mac of Class B Certificates.
• The Sponsor breaches certain representations.

\(^{2}\) Subject to your Retention Right.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mandatory Tender Event</th>
<th>Notice Requirements</th>
<th>Mandatory Tender Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At Freddie Mac’s option, when the outstanding balance of the Class A Certificates is</td>
<td>Upon occurrence of a Clean-Up Event, Freddie Mac sends a Clean-Up Notice to the Remarketing Agent.</td>
<td>The date specified by Freddie Mac in the Mandatory Tender Notice (must be between 5 and 10 Business Days after the date of the Mandatory Tender Notice)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>less than 5% of the balance of the Bonds as of the Closing Date for that Series (a “Clean-Up Event”)</td>
<td>Freddie Mac sends Holders Mandatory Tender Notice by 5:00 p.m. on the second Business Day after the date of the Clean-Up Notice.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| If Partnership Factors apply, the occurrence of certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar proceedings involving the Sponsor (each, a “Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy”) | Freddie Mac sends notice to:  
  • Remarketing Agent upon obtaining knowledge of the Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy  
  • Holders by no later than one Business Day after sending notice to the Remarketing Agent | The fifth Business Day after notice is given to Holders                                                                                                                                                          |
| A Successor Sponsor is appointed by the Sponsor (with Freddie Mac’s consent)(2)       | Sponsor sends notice (and Freddie Mac’s consent) to the Administrator. Freddie Mac sends notice to the Holders.                                                                                                        | The date specified in the notice (at least 10 Business Days prior to the date the appointment becomes effective)                                       |

(2) Subject to your Retention Right.

Holders of Affected Certificates and Pledged Class A Certificates have no right to tender Affected Certificates or Pledged Class A Certificates for purchase upon the occurrence of a Mandatory Tender Event.

**Notice of Mandatory Tender**

If a Mandatory Tender Event occurs, Freddie Mac will provide notice to the Remarketing Agent and the Holders as described in the table above. The Mandatory Tender Notice will include each of the following:

- The Mandatory Tender Date.
- A brief statement specifying the applicable Mandatory Tender Event.
- Directions for surrendering tendered Certificates for payment.
- A statement that the Purchase Price payable to the Holders of Class A Certificates tendered pursuant to the Mandatory Tender will be payable on the Mandatory Tender Date, and that interest payable with respect to such Class A Certificates will cease to accrue from and after such Mandatory Tender Date.
- In connection with a Mandatory Tender Event related to Liquidity Provider Termination Event or a Credit Provider Termination Event, as applicable, a Sponsor Event of Bankruptcy or a Clean-Up Event, a statement that Hypothetical Gain Share, if any, will be paid to the Holders of Class A Certificates based upon a valuation of the Bonds and a statement that Freddie Mac’s responsibilities under the Series Certificate Agreement will terminate.
If applicable, a statement that Holders of Class A Certificates will have the right to elect to retain such Certificates by delivering a Retention Notice to Freddie Mac as described in *The Certificates — Mandatory Tender — Right to Retain.*

A statement that even if the Holder of Class A Certificates fails to surrender its Class A Certificates on the Mandatory Tender Date, the Tender Option with respect to such Certificates will terminate on the Mandatory Tender Date, and any Class A Certificates not surrendered on the Mandatory Tender Date will, for all purposes of the Series Certificate Agreement, be deemed to have been surrendered unless the Holder has delivered a conforming Retention Notice.

A statement that, notwithstanding such Mandatory Tender Notice, Holders of affected Class A Certificates will continue to have the right to exercise the Tender Option in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Series Certificate Agreement; provided, that, if the Series is terminated as a result of such Mandatory Tender Event, the Tender Option will terminate at the last applicable time and date on which an Exercise Notice may be given by or on behalf of such Holder in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Series Certificate Agreement.

Freddie Mac will give the Remarketing Agent and DTC a Tender Advice by telecopy, facsimile transmission, electronic mail or similar electronic means of communication by not later than 10:00 a.m. on the second Business Day prior to any Mandatory Tender Date. The Tender Advice will include each of the following:

- The applicable Mandatory Tender Date.
- The aggregate outstanding balance of Class A Certificates subject to Mandatory Tender.
- The Authorized Denominations of Class A Certificates with respect to which conforming Retention Notices have been received by Freddie Mac, if applicable.

**Right to Retain**

You will have the Retention Right to decline a Mandatory Tender in connection with the following Mandatory Tender Events:

- a Term Effective Date (that is not a Reset Rate Method Change Date).
- a change (but not a continuation) in the Reset Rate Method from a Weekly Reset Rate Method or Monthly Reset Rate Method to a Monthly Reset Rate Method or a Term Reset Rate Method.
- a change (but not a continuation) in the Reset Rate Method from a Term Reset Rate Method or a Monthly Reset Rate Method to a Weekly Reset Rate Method or Monthly Reset Rate Method.
- a Section 12.01(b) Amendment.
- a Successor Sponsor is appointed by the Sponsor.
To exercise a Retention Right, a Holder must deliver a Notice (a “Retention Notice”) to the Administrator by 12:00 noon on the third Business Day before the related Mandatory Tender Date. The Retention Notice must state the following information:

- The applicable Mandatory Tender Date.
- The outstanding balance of Class A Certificates subject to Mandatory Tender.
- The outstanding balance of Class A Certificates the Holder elects to retain.

Upon the receipt by the Administrator of a Retention Notice, the related Class A Certificates will no longer be subject to the applicable Mandatory Tender. If you exercise the Retention Right your Class A Certificates will not be purchased and you will not receive the Purchase Price.

The Administrator will provide a copy of each Retention Notice to the Remarketing Agent by Electronic Notice, promptly confirmed in writing by mail, not later than the Business Day following the Business Day on which it receives such notice.

**Effects of Mandatory Tender**

**Remarketing**

The Remarketing Agent will remarket Class A Certificates tendered pursuant to the following Mandatory Tender Events:

- a Term Effective Date (that is not a Reset Rate Method Change Date).
- a change (but not a continuation) in the Reset Rate Method from a Weekly Reset Rate Method or Monthly Reset Rate Method to a Monthly Reset Rate Method or a Term Reset Rate Method.
- a change (but not a continuation) in the Reset Rate Method from a Term Reset Rate Method or a Monthly Reset Rate Method to a Weekly Reset Rate Method or Monthly Reset Rate Method.
- a Section 12.01(b) Amendment.
- a Successor Sponsor is appointed.

**Termination**

A Series will terminate upon the occurrence of the following Mandatory Tender Events:

- Liquidity Provider Termination Event or Credit Provider Termination Event, as applicable.
- Clean-Up Event.
- Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy. See *The Agreement — Termination*. 
RELEASE EVENT

General

Freddie Mac has the right to redeem all or a portion of the Class A Certificates if any of the following (each, a “Release Event”) occurs:

- Interest on a Bond underlying that Series is determined to be includable in the recipient’s gross income for federal income tax purposes (a “Tax Event”). This determination may be made by the entry of any decree or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction or the taking of any official action by the Internal Revenue Service or the Department of the Treasury, regardless of whether such decree, judgment or action is deemed final under applicable procedural law.
- There is an “event of default” pursuant to the related Bond Documents.
- A material adverse credit condition exists with respect to the related Bonds, Bond Documents or Bond Mortgage Documents or the Reimbursement Agreement.
- There is a substitution of Bonds with respect to which an event of default exists under the related Bond Documents.
- There is a breach of representations made by the Sponsor with respect to a Series of Bonds or related project pursuant to and in accordance with the Reimbursement Agreement.
- The Series terminates in whole or in part pursuant to the Agreement.
- A property related to a Series of Bonds fails to achieve stabilization when required by the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement, if applicable.
- Any other event specified in the Supplement.

Freddie Mac will redeem Class A Certificates in an amount equal to the outstanding balance of the affected Bonds rounded up to the next multiple of $5,000 on the next Payment Date after the date of the Release Event. In addition, Freddie Mac will pay interest on such Class A Certificates, together with Hypothetical Gain Share calculated as described in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement.

The redemption related to a Release Event will reduce the outstanding balance of Class A Certificates. The affected Bonds related to a Release Event will be released from the Series Pool following payment of the Release Purchase Price.

Sponsor Funded

The Sponsor has the option to fund the Release Purchase Price and have the affected Bonds released to it. If the Sponsor makes a principal payment in connection with a Release Event, the Supplement will describe the portion of such principal payment that will be applied to redeem Class A Certificates.

Freddie Mac Funded

Unless otherwise described in the Supplement, if Freddie Mac makes a principal payment in connection with a Release Event, the amount of such principal payment to be paid to the Holders of
Class A Certificates will be calculated as follows (provided, if such Release Event relates to a termination of the Series, such principal will be applied as provided below under “Termination”):

\[
\text{Amount to be paid} = X + Y
\]
\[
\text{where } X = (60\%)(A + B) \text{ minus } B
\]
\[
\text{and } Y = A \text{ minus } (X + C \text{ minus } D + E) \text{ (But } Y \text{ will never be less than } \$0)
\]

and where:

- \(A\) = the principal amount paid by Freddie Mac related to the applicable tax-exempt Bonds subject to a Release Event during the collection period related to that Payment Date
- \(B\) = the outstanding principal amount of taxable bonds that financed the same Project as the applicable Bonds
- \(C\) = the Current Class B Certificate Balance
- \(D\) = the Minimum Sponsor Interest ($5,000 where Partnership Factors have not been elected)
- \(E\) = prior distributions of principal other than to Holders of Class A Certificates (including Pledged Class A Certificates) or Holders of Class B Certificates to pay fees of Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent or Servicer (to the extent not otherwise paid)

This amount will be paid pro rata to Freddie Mac as the Holder of Pledged Class A Certificates and to the other Holders of Class A Certificates.

### OPTIONAL DISPOSITION

If applicable to the Class A Certificates as set forth in the Supplement, Holders who have held Class A Certificates for at least one year have the Optional Disposition Right to tender any of those Class A Certificates for purchase.

The Optional Disposition Right may be exercised beginning on the date specified in the Supplement and on every Payment Date thereafter (“Optional Disposition Date”) by any Holder of Class A Certificates (except Affected Certificates and Pledged Class A Certificates). However, Optional Disposition is not available unless the Hypothetical Gain Share is greater than zero.

To exercise the Optional Disposition Right a Holder must submit a written notice to the Registrar at least five Business Days before the related Optional Disposition Date. The notice must state each of the following:

- the identity of the Holder.
- that the Holder is the registered owner of a specified amount of Class A Certificates.
- that the Holder is exercising its right to tender such Class A Certificates in exchange for the Optional Disposition Price.

Freddie Mac will notify the Remarketing Agent within one Business Day after it receives an optional disposition notice. Unless otherwise directed by Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent will attempt to remarket Class A Certificates subject to the Optional Disposition Right for settlement on the related Optional Disposition Date.
On the Optional Disposition Date:

- Holders who have exercised the Optional Disposition Right will surrender the Tendered Class A Certificates to Freddie Mac. However, if the Hypothetical Gain Share on an Optional Disposition Date is not greater than zero, that Optional Disposition Date will be cancelled and any Class A Certificates delivered to Freddie Mac for Optional Disposition will be returned to the Holders thereof.

- Freddie Mac will pay the Optional Disposition Price equal to the outstanding balance of such Class A Certificates plus any accrued and unpaid interest through the day before the Optional Disposition Date plus, from the sources described below, any Hypothetical Gain Share received for any Class A Certificates tendered pursuant to the Optional Disposition Right.

- Any Holder of Class A Certificates may request a valuation of the Bonds from the Remarketing Agent on any Business Day not earlier than ten Business Days before an Optional Disposition Date. The Remarketing Agent will then determine such valuation for such Business Day in the manner specified in the definition of “Hypothetical Gain Share” in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement. Such valuation will be provided solely for informational purposes and will not be binding.

- For each Optional Disposition Date, Freddie Mac will calculate the Hypothetical Gain Share for that Optional Disposition Date and pay the Hypothetical Gain Share, if any, from (i) first, amounts provided to Freddie Mac by the Holders of Class B Certificates, at their election after inquiry by Freddie Mac and (ii) second, sales of Bonds selected by Freddie Mac, but only to the extent necessary to pay such Hypothetical Gain Share (subject to applicable Authorized Denomination provisions). Freddie Mac will not pay Hypothetical Gain Share in an aggregate principal amount exceeding the outstanding balance of the Class A Certificates for which the Optional Disposition Right has been exercised; provided, that to the extent any such Class A Certificates are remarketed, the outstanding balance of such Class A Certificates will be adjusted, if necessary, downward by the aggregate principal amount of Bonds sold, such that the outstanding balance of Class A Certificates and Class B Certificates does not exceed the outstanding balance of related Bonds.

GUARANTEES

We guarantee to each Holder of Class A Certificates until the Series terminates:

- The timely payment of interest at the applicable Reset Rate as described under The Certificates — Payments — Interest.

- The timely payment of scheduled principal as described under The Certificates — Payments — Principal, including payment in full by the applicable Final Payment Date.

- The timely payment of amounts due (other than Redemption Premium) upon the occurrence of any Release Event as described under The Certificates — Release Event.

- The payment of any Bankruptcy Coverage Payments as defined in the Supplement or an exhibit to the Supplement.

We do not guarantee the payment of any Redemption Premium or Hypothetical Gain Share.
Principal and interest payments on the Class A Certificates are not guaranteed by, and are not debts or obligations of, the United States or any federal agency or instrumentality other than Freddie Mac. In the event the Conservator were to repudiate our guarantee obligation, the ability of Holders of Class A Certificates to enforce the guarantee obligation would be limited to actual direct compensatory damages. The rights of Holders to bring proceedings against Treasury are limited if we fail to pay under our guarantee. The Conservator has advised us that it has no intention of repudiating our guarantee obligation because it views repudiation as incompatible with the goals of the conservatorship.

The rights provided to Holders of Class A Certificates may not be enforced against FHFA, or enforcement of such rights may be delayed, if we are placed into receivership. The Reform Act provides that no person may exercise any right or power to terminate, accelerate or declare an event of default under certain contracts to which Freddie Mac is a party, or obtain possession of or exercise control over any property of Freddie Mac, or affect any contractual rights of Freddie Mac, without the approval of FHFA, as receiver, for a period of 90 days following the appointment of FHFA as receiver.

FORM, HOLDERS AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES

The Supplement specifies whether the DTC System or the Fed System is in effect with respect to the Class A Certificates.

DTC System

Form of Certificates

DTC is a New York-chartered limited purpose trust company that performs services for its participants ("DTC Participants"), mostly brokerage firms and other financial institutions. Class A Certificates are registered in the name of DTC or its nominee. Therefore, DTC or its nominee is the holder of Class A Certificates held on the DTC System.

CUSIP Number

Each class of Certificates for each Series will carry a unique nine-character designation, known as a “CUSIP Number,” used to identify that class.

Denominations

Class A Certificates are issued, held, transferred and tendered in minimum original principal balances of $5,000 and additional increments of $5,000.

Holders of Class A Certificates

A Holder of a Class A Certificate is not necessarily its beneficial owner. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Class A Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. Your ownership of Class A Certificates will be recorded on the records of the brokerage firm, bank or other financial intermediary where you maintain an account for that purpose. In turn, the financial intermediary’s interest in the Class A Certificate will be recorded on the records of DTC (or of a DTC Participant that acts as agent for the financial intermediary, if the intermediary is not itself a DTC Participant).
A Holder that is not also the beneficial owner of a Class A Certificate, and each other financial intermediary in the chain between the Holder and the beneficial owner, will be responsible for establishing and maintaining accounts for their customers. Freddie Mac will not have a direct obligation to a beneficial owner of a Class A Certificate that is not also the Holder. DTC will act only upon the instructions of the applicable DTC Participant in recording transfers of Class A Certificates.

Freddie Mac, the Registrar and DTC may treat the Holder as the absolute owner of a Class A Certificate for the purpose of receiving payments and for all other purposes, regardless of any notice to the contrary. Your rights as a beneficial owner of a Class A Certificate may be exercised only through the Holder.

Payment Procedures

We, or in some cases, the Registrar, make payments on Class A Certificates held on the DTC System in immediately available funds to DTC. DTC is responsible for crediting the payment to the accounts of the appropriate DTC Participants in accordance with its normal procedures. Each Holder and each other financial intermediary will be responsible for remitting payments to the beneficial owners of Class A Certificates that it represents.

If a principal or interest payment error occurs, we may correct it by adjusting payments to be made on later Payment Dates or in any other manner we consider appropriate.

The Fed System

Book Entry Only

Class A Certificates maintained on the Fed System will be evidenced only by an entry on the books and records of a Federal Reserve Bank. The Holder of a Class A Certificate will not receive a certificate. Class A Certificates maintained on the Fed System will at all times remain on deposit with a Federal Reserve Bank in accordance with the provisions of the Fed System Book-Entry Rules. The issuance and recordation of, and transfers of interests (including security interests) in, such Class A Certificates maintained on the Fed System will be governed by the Fed System Book-Entry Rules and such procedures as are agreed upon from time to time by the Administrator and the Federal Reserve Banks. A Federal Reserve Bank may act only upon the instructions of the Holder of the Class A Certificates in recording transfers of securities maintained on the Fed System.

CUSIP Number

Each class of Certificates for each Series will carry a CUSIP Number used to identify that class.

Payments Procedures

Payments on the Class A Certificates maintained on the Fed System will be made by crediting the Class A Holders’ accounts at the Federal Reserve Bank on the applicable Payment Date. Payments of principal to Holders of the Class A Certificates will be paid in multiples of $0.01 in accordance with the Fed System Book Entry Rules.
Transfers

Transfers of Class A Certificates maintained on the Fed System will be subject to any applicable Federal Reserve Bank minimum wire transfer requirements. The Federal Reserve Banks maintains a book-entry recordkeeping system for all transactions in such Class A Certificates.

Holders of Class A Certificates

Holder means with respect to a Class A Certificate maintained on the Fed System, any entity that appears on the records of a Federal Reserve Bank as a holder of such Class A Certificate. The Administrator may treat the Holder as the sole and absolute owner of the Class A Certificates, including the payment of distributions to Holders of Class A Certificates, giving or receiving notices of redemption, tender and other matters with respect to the Class A Certificates and the selection of Class A Certificates for redemption or tender.

Termination of Fed System

Freddie Mac may elect (with the consent of the Sponsor) to terminate the Fed System with respect to the Class A Certificates, and in such event may either appoint DTC as the securities depository (or appoint another securities depository) or terminate the book-entry system for the Class A Certificates. When the Administrator receives notice from Freddie Mac that the Fed System has been terminated, the Administrator will, at least 10 days before such appointment or termination is effective, give notice of such event to the Registered Holders and will inform them either (i) of the name and address of the securities depository pursuant to which the Class A Certificates will be maintained or (ii) the time and place where certificated Class A Certificates may now be obtained by Holders of the Class A Certificate if the book-entry system has been terminated.

SUBSTITUTION OF BONDS

The Sponsor may substitute Bonds for existing Bonds with respect to which an event of default exists under the related Bond Documents on any Payment Date after the Closing Date (a “Substitution Date”). To make such a substitution the Sponsor must:

- obtain consent of the Holders of Class B Certificates;
- obtain the consent of Freddie Mac; and
- deliver a confirmation of the existing rating on the Class A Certificates from each applicable Rating Agency to the Administrator.

Any Bonds delivered in substitution for existing Bonds must have terms consistent with the series of Bonds being released, including principal amount (which must be equal to or less than the principal amount of Bonds being released), tax status, interest rate, interest payment date and interest modes. If the principal amount is less, the Sponsor must, prior to substitution, provide funds to the Administrator in an amount sufficient to effect a Release Event with respect to the principal portion of the Bonds being released that is in excess of the principal amount of Bonds being substituted. In addition, upon any substitution, the Sponsor must pay Hypothetical Gain Share, if any, as calculated by Freddie Mac, with respect to the total principal amount of Bonds being released.
At least ten days prior to each Substitution Date the Sponsor must submit a “Substitution Notice” to the Administrator and the Remarketing Agent together with copies of the consents and ratings confirmation (if applicable). The Substitution Notice shall set forth:

- the series of Bonds to be released upon substitution;
- the information set forth on Schedule 1 of the Series Certificate Agreement for the Bonds to be substituted;
- the Substitution Date;
- the amount being paid by the Sponsor to effect a related Release Event and Hypothetical Gain Share, if applicable; and
- instructions to the Administrator to effect the substitution on the Substitution Date.

The Administrator will forward a copy of the Substitution Notice to the Holders and each applicable Rating Agency within five Business Days of its receipt of the Substitution Notice and the amount of funds necessary to fund any related Release Event and Hypothetical Gain Share, if applicable, and will effect the substitution on the Substitution Date.

**PREPAYMENT, YIELD AND SUITABILITY CONSIDERATIONS**

**PREPAYMENTS**

The rates of principal payments on the Class A Certificates will depend on the rates of principal payments on the underlying Bonds and Mortgages and the occurrence of Release Events. Principal payments may be in the form of scheduled amortization or partial or full prepayments. Prepayments include:

- Prepayments by the borrower and resulting optional redemptions of the related Bonds.
- Bond redemptions resulting from default, casualty or condemnation.
- Payments we make under our guarantee of principal in connection with a Release Event.
- Other redemptions of the Bonds, including redemptions arising from failure of the property related to the Bonds to achieve occupancy targets.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable Supplement, the Mortgages may be voluntarily prepaid in full or in part at any time, subject to any applicable prepayment premiums or lockout periods. If the Mortgages are voluntarily prepaid, the Bonds will be redeemed in the amount of the prepayment.

Mortgage prepayment rates may fluctuate significantly over time. Prepayment rates are influenced by a variety of economic, social and other factors, which may exist in multiple combinations, including:

- The age, principal amount, geographic distribution and payment terms of the Mortgages.
- The remaining depreciable lives of the underlying properties.
- The physical condition of the underlying properties (including the presence of any hazardous substances or other environmental problems).
- Any applicable tax laws (including depreciation benefits) in effect from time to time.
• Characteristics of the borrowers (such as credit status and management ability) and their equity positions in the underlying properties.

• Changes in local industry and population migration and relocation as they affect the supply and demand for rental units and rent levels.

• Prevailing rent levels (as may be limited by any applicable rent control or stabilization laws) affecting cash flows from the underlying properties.

• Levels of current mortgage interest rates and borrower refinancing activities.

• Activity of lenders in soliciting refinancing, including refinancing without significant transaction costs by the borrower.

• Attractiveness of other investment alternatives.

• The existence of prepayment premiums or lockout provisions.

• Certain state laws limiting the enforceability of lockout periods and the collection of prepayment premiums.

The characteristics of particular Mortgages may also influence their prepayment rates. Also, different types of Mortgages may be affected differently by the same factor, and some factors may affect prepayment behavior on only some types of Mortgages.

The rate of defaults of the Mortgages underlying a Bond will also affect the prepayment behavior of the related Series. Defaults may increase during periods of declining property values or as a result of other factors that decrease borrowers’ equity. In addition, mortgage servicing decisions, including seeking alternatives to foreclosure, may impact the prepayment behavior of particular Bonds.

The factors affecting the prepayment behavior of the Mortgages differ in certain respects from those affecting the prepayment behavior of single family mortgages. A borrower typically views multifamily properties solely as an investment and, therefore, economic rather than personal considerations primarily will affect the prepayment behavior of the Mortgages. Also, individual Mortgage amounts often are large and one Mortgage is likely to comprise a larger portion of the assets of a Series than would be the case with a pool of single family mortgages. Therefore, principal prepayments may significantly affect the yield on the Class A Certificates if you purchased your certificates at a premium or discount. Similarly, the prepayment behavior of a Series containing only one or a small number of Mortgages is likely to be more volatile than the prepayment behavior of a Series backed by a large number of Mortgages, because a prepayment on a single Mortgage may result in the payment to Holders of a substantial portion of the principal amount of a Series. We cannot make any representation regarding the likely prepayment experience of the Mortgages underlying any Class A Certificate or the particular effect that any factor may have on Mortgage prepayment behavior. For example, although we may expect Mortgages with higher prepayment premiums to prepay less frequently than Mortgages with lower or no prepayment premiums, prepayment premium provisions may or may not effectively deter prepayments. Similarly, lockout provisions may or may not prevent prepayments.
YIELDS

General

In general, your yield on any Class A Certificates will depend on several variables, including:

- The price you paid for the Class A Certificates.
- The interest rate on your Class A Certificates.
- The rate of principal prepayments on the underlying Mortgages.
- The payment delay of your Class A Certificates.

Payment Delay

The effective yield on any Class A Certificates will be less than the yield that its Reset Rate and purchase price would otherwise produce, because the interest payable on the Class A Certificates will accrue during its Accrual Period, which will end approximately 15 days before each Payment Date.

SUITABILITY

Class A Certificates may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider the following before you invest in Class A Certificates.

- Class A Certificates are not appropriate investments if you require a single lump sum payment on a date other than a Purchase Date.
- Class A Certificates are complex securities. Before investing in Class A Certificates, you should be able, either alone or with a financial advisor, to evaluate the information contained and incorporated in this Offering Circular and in the related Supplement. You should evaluate the information in the context of your personal financial situation, the potential loss of the Tender Option upon a Tender Option Termination Event or a Liquidity Failure, and your views on possible and likely interest rate and economic scenarios.

This Offering Circular does not describe all the possible risks of an investment in Class A Certificates that may result from your particular circumstances, nor does it project how Class A Certificates will perform under all possible interest rate and economic scenarios. You should purchase Class A Certificates only if you understand and can bear the potential loss of the Tender Option upon a Tender Option Termination Event and the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with your investment under a variety of interest rate and economic scenarios. If you purchase Class A Certificates, you need to have enough financial resources to bear all the risks related to your Class A Certificates.

THE AGREEMENT

GENERAL

We create Certificates under the Freddie Mac Multifamily M Certificates Standard Terms dated as of the closing date of the related Series (the “Standard Terms”). We prepare a “Series Certificate Agreement” for each Series of Certificates. For any particular offering, the Standard Terms and the applicable Series Certificate Agreement together constitute the “Agreement.”
Freddie Mac will administer each Series in accordance with the terms of the Agreement. If Freddie Mac is no longer the Administrator of a Series, the obligations of Freddie Mac as administrator and notices to Freddie Mac described in this Offering Circular will be obligations of and notices to the successor administrator, respectively.

**Adjustment of Class B Certificate Balances**

*Decrease in Class B Certificates*

Holders of Class B Certificates will have the right to convert a specified balance of Class B Certificates that they hold to an equivalent balance of Class A Certificates if:

- Freddie Mac consents.

  and

- Either:
  - The proposed conversion date is a Reset Date for the applicable Reset Rate Method.
  - Written consent of 100% of the Holders of Class A Certificates has been obtained.

If the Sponsor is the directing Holder alone, the outstanding balance of Class B Certificates to be converted may be equal to or less than the outstanding balance that it holds, subject to maintaining a minimum outstanding balance of Class B Certificates of $5,000. If all Holders of Class B Certificates make such direction, the outstanding balance of Class B Certificates to be converted for each such Holder will be proportional to the outstanding balance of each Holder’s Class B Certificates prior to conversion, subject to the Sponsor’s maintaining a minimum outstanding balance of Class B Certificates of $5,000.

To convert Class B Certificates under this provision, Holders of Class B Certificates will deliver the following items to Freddie Mac at least 15 Business Days prior to the date on which such conversion is to occur:

- a written request to increase the outstanding balance of such Class A Certificates.
- the written consent of Freddie Mac.
- an equivalent outstanding balance of Class B Certificates on the date of the conversion. Freddie Mac will promptly notify DTC of the resulting reduction in the aggregate outstanding balance of Class B Certificates and the corresponding increase in the aggregate outstanding balance of Class A Certificates and the Liquidity Commitment.

**Advances and Advance Charges**

Bonds may pay either on a monthly or semi-annual basis. As Administrator, Freddie Mac may make Administrator Advances to provide a regular flow of payments to Holders on each monthly Payment Date if Bonds make semi-annual payments as described below.
Freddie Mac to Make Administrator Advances

Freddie Mac may, but need not, make Advances to Holders of Class A Certificates on a Payment Date in an amount up to the Required Class A Certificate Interest Distribution Amount for the prior Accrual Period. The decision by Freddie Mac to make an Administrator Advance of any amount will be made in the sole discretion of Freddie Mac and no decision to make an Administrator Advance will impose any obligation to make an Administrator Advance of any further amount. On each occasion when Freddie Mac determines to make an Administrator Advance, Freddie Mac will notify the Remarketing Agent of such determination prior to 12:00 noon, on the Business Day prior to such Payment Date.

Repayment of Administrator Advances

Freddie Mac will be entitled to reimburse itself for Administrator Advances from amounts deposited in the Distribution Account or from proceeds of the sale of Bonds.

Administrator Advance Charge

Freddie Mac will be entitled to receive a fee equal to the Accrued Advance Charges, computed on the amount of outstanding Administrator Advances on each day multiplied by the prime rate of interest in effect on such date, divided by 365. Prime rate will equal the prime or base lending rate of major banks as published in The Wall Street Journal.

Payment of Administrator Advance Charge

Administrator Advance Charges will be paid from Available Funds derived from interest payments on Bonds or funds in the Holdback subaccount before payments to Class A Holders on each Payment Date, to the extent available, and as elsewhere provided in the Series Certificate Agreement upon the withdrawal, sale or redemption of Bonds.

Each Holder of Certificates, by its purchase thereof, authorizes Freddie Mac to deduct from payments on the Bonds any unreimbursed Administrator Advances and any unpaid Administrator Advance Charges, and accrued fees and reimbursements due to Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent and the Servicer.

If Freddie Mac determines not to make Administrator Advances for any reason, interest distributions on the Class A Certificates will be made on each Payment Date in the manner described in The Certificates — Payments — Interest. After the payment of Administrator Fees and Administrator Advance Charges, all amounts in the Distribution Account related to interest or holdback requirements will be paid immediately to Holders of Class A Certificates on each Payment Date. Interest on the Class A Certificates will continue to accrue at the Reset Rate in effect for each Accrual Period without an increase in the accrual rate for any delay in payment.

Payment of Expenses

Freddie Mac will be paid certain fees related to each Series. The Sponsor will pay Freddie Mac an issuance fee on the Closing Date of each Series. The Sponsor will pay the following expenses:

(i) to Freddie Mac the Administrator Fee (to the extent not paid from funds received by the Series Pool),
(ii) to the Remarketing Agent the Remarketing Agent Fee (to the extent not paid from funds received by the Series Pool),

(iii) to the Initial Purchaser or Placement Agent any amounts owed to the Initial Purchaser pursuant to the Remarketing Agreement in connection with issuing and selling the Class A Certificates and in connection with preparing all related offering documents;

(iv) except as otherwise expressly provided in the Series Certificate Agreement, to Freddie Mac all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, disbursements and advances made by it in accordance with any provision of the Series Certificate Agreement (including the reasonable compensation, expenses and disbursements of its respective agents and counsel), except any such expense, disbursement or advance as may be attributable to its gross negligence, bad faith, fraud or willful misconduct;

(v) any penalties, and interest on penalties, imposed on the Series relating to a Section 761 Election as set forth in Section 11.08 of the Agreement; and

(vi) any amounts required to be paid by it pursuant to the Agreement, the Remarketing Agreement, the Reimbursement Agreement, the Certificates and the Certificate Purchase Agreement.

Resignation or Removal of the Remarketing Agent

The Remarketing Agent may resign upon giving of 30 days’ written notice to the Holders of Class B Certificates and Freddie Mac. If the Remarketing Agent duly notifies the Class B Certificate Holders and Freddie Mac, it will be discharged from its duties under the Series Certificate Agreement. Upon receiving such notice of resignation, Freddie Mac will promptly appoint a successor Remarketing Agent.

The Remarketing Agent may be removed without cause on ten days’ written notice at the written request of Freddie Mac. Upon any such removal of the Remarketing Agent, Freddie Mac will promptly appoint a successor Remarketing Agent.

Any removal or resignation of the Remarketing Agent and any appointment of a successor Remarketing Agent will not become effective until the successor Remarketing Agent accepts its appointment in form acceptable to Freddie Mac.

VARIOUS MATTERS REGARDING FREDDIE MAC

Freddie Mac and its directors, officers, employees and agents will not be liable to Holders for any action taken or omitted in good faith or for errors in judgment.

In addition, Freddie Mac need not appear in any legal action that we believe may result in any expense or liability for which repayment of such expenses or indemnity for such liability is not adequately assured. However, Freddie Mac may undertake any legal action that we believe is necessary or desirable in the interests of the Holders.

Freddie Mac may acquire all or part of the Certificates of any Series of Class A Certificates. The Certificates we hold will be treated the same as Certificates of the same Class held by other Holders.

The Agreement will be binding upon any successor to Freddie Mac.
EVENTS OF DEFAULT

“Events of Default” under the Agreement are:

- Any failure by the Administrator to pay the applicable Certificate Payment Amount, and such failure continues for three Business Days.
- Any failure by Freddie Mac to pay amounts required pursuant to the Credit Enhancement or Liquidity Facility, and such failure continues for three Business Days.
- Any failure by Freddie Mac (or the Administrator, if different than Freddie Mac) to perform any other obligation under the Agreement, if the failure lasts for 60 days after Freddie Mac receives notice from the Holders of at least 60% of the outstanding principal amount of affected Class A Certificates or Class B Certificates, as applicable.

RIGHTS UPON EVENT OF DEFAULT

If an Event of Default under the Agreement is not remedied, the Holders of a majority of the outstanding balance of any affected Class of Certificates may remove Freddie Mac as Administrator and nominate a successor to Freddie Mac as Administrator, except as to its guarantee obligations and its obligation to pay the Purchase Price. That nominee will replace Freddie Mac unless Freddie Mac objects within ten days after the nomination. In that event, either Freddie Mac or anyone who has been a bona fide Holder of an affected Class for at least six months may ask a court to appoint a successor. The court may then appoint a successor to Freddie Mac except as to its guarantee obligations and the obligation to pay the Purchase Price.

Holders of a majority of the outstanding principal amount of any affected Class of Certificates may waive any Event of Default under the Agreement. When any Event of Default under the Agreement is waived, the Event of Default will cease to exist and be deemed cured and not to have occurred for every purpose of the Agreement, but a waiver of an Event of Default will not extend to any subsequent or other Event of Default.

VOTING UNDER ANY UNDERLYING AGREEMENT

Holders of Bonds have various rights under the agreements governing the Bonds. We will hold the Bonds that back Class A Certificates. In our role as provider of the Credit Enhancement and the Liquidity Facility we are appointed as the “Bondholder Representative.” If any action, consent or direction relating to a change in the terms of the Bonds or the related Bond Documents is required from the owners of Bonds as provided in the related Bond Documents, the Administrator will solicit our proxy for such vote, consent or direction and the Administrator will vote, consent or otherwise take direction solely in accordance with the written direction of us as the Bondholder Representative. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any failure by Freddie Mac to pay under its Credit Enhancement or Liquidity Facility, however, the Administrator will solicit from each Holder of Certificates its proxy for any such vote, consent or direction and will vote, consent or otherwise take direction solely in accordance with such proxies, weighted by the Current Certificate Balance of each Holder providing the same.

Holders of Bonds also have the right to consent to amendments to their governing agreements. The Agreement provides that, as the Bondholder Representative, we may consent to such an amendment.
AMENDMENT

12.01(b) Amendment

Section 12.01(b) Amendments are amendments that relate to:

- changes affecting distributions and payments from the Distribution Account;
- changes to the method of determining the Reset Rate or the Reset Rate Method;
- changes related to the Tender Option or Tender Option Termination Events; or
- the provisions regarding amendments to those sections and Section 12.01(b) of the Standard Terms.

A Section 12.01(b) Amendment constitutes a Mandatory Tender Event which is subject to the Retention Right.

Freddie Mac may effect a Section 12.01(b) Amendment upon receiving consent of the Holders of Class A Certificates, which consent is to be evidenced by executing a Retention Notice. Holders of Class A Certificates that do not execute a Retention Notice will have their Certificates subject to Mandatory Tender.

Other Amendments

Freddie Mac also may amend the Agreement in any other way upon receipt of the following:

- Consent of the Sponsor and Holders of 51% of the outstanding Current Certificate Balance of Class B Certificates.
- An opinion of Tax Counsel satisfactory to Freddie Mac and the Sponsor to the effect that the amendment does not adversely affect any of the prior opinions relating to federal income taxation pertaining to the Certificates.
- Each applicable Rating Agency confirms its rating on the Class A Certificates.

Amendment Procedures

Freddie Mac will provide notice of any proposed amendment of the Agreement to Holders at least twenty days prior to the effective date of the amendment. In the case of an amendment that is not a Section 12.01(b) Amendment, if the Reset Rate is a Monthly Reset Rate and the next Purchase Date or Mandatory Tender Date will occur either (i) after the proposed effective date of such amendment or (ii) before the date which is ten Business Days after the Registered Holders receive notice of such amendment, then Holders of Class A Certificates will be permitted to treat the Business Day preceding the proposed effective date of such amendment as a Purchase Date for purposes of exercising their Optional Tender. In the case of a Section 12.01(b) Amendment, Holders of Class A Certificates who elect to exercise their Retention Right will be deemed to have consented to the related amendment.

GOVERNING LAW

The Agreement is to be interpreted in accordance with federal law. If there is no applicable federal precedent and if the application of New York law would not frustrate the purposes of the Freddie Mac Act, the Agreement or any transaction under the Agreement, then New York law will be deemed to reflect federal law.
TERMINATION

The obligations of Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent and the Sponsor created under the Series Certificate Agreement (other than the obligations noted below) will terminate upon the earliest of the following events (each of which is a “Series Termination Event”):

- the date on which the outstanding balance of Class A Certificates is reduced to zero (the “Series Expiration Date”);
- the Exchange Date on which all Certificates are exchanged for Bonds or sales proceeds in connection with a Tender Option Termination Event or a Liquidity Failure;
- the Mandatory Tender Date relating to a Mandatory Tender Event arising in connection with a Liquidity Provider Termination Event, a Clean-Up Event, or, if applicable, following a Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy; or
- the date on which the Optional Disposition Right has been exercised with respect to the last Class A Certificate (unless such Class A Certificate has been remarkeated).

A Series Termination Event does not terminate the following obligations of Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent and the Sponsor:

- The obligation of the Sponsor to make certain payments of expenses.
- If Partnership Factors Apply, the Sponsor’s liabilities for certain obligations under the Series Certificate Agreement to the extent not otherwise satisfied.
- Bankruptcy Coverage Payments and payments due upon the termination of such Series.

Termination Procedures

General

If a Series is terminated upon the occurrence of any of the following:

- a Tender Option Termination Event;
- a Liquidity Failure or a Credit Failure;
- a Terminating Mandatory Tender Date; or
- the Optional Disposition Right has been exercised with respect to the last Class A Certificate the Series will be terminated by distributing
- the amounts, if any, on deposit in the Bond Payment Subaccount — Interest and/or the Bond Payment Subaccount — Principal to the related Holders, based on their respective outstanding balances and in accordance with their Capital Account Balances.
- the amount in the Bond Payment Subaccount — Holdback to the Holders of Class B Certificates.

So long as the Sponsor maintains the Minimum Sponsor Interest and a Series Termination Event has not occurred, the Series will continue in full force and effect.
Series Expiration Date

If a Series is to be terminated, Freddie Mac will notify the Holders of the pending termination of the Series and of the responsibilities of Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent and the Sponsor under the Series Certificate Agreement on a date prior to the Series Expiration Date and the final distribution of a Series of Class A Certificates. This notice will specify:

- the expected final Payment Date.
- the expected principal amount of such final payment.
- the Record Date for such payment (and that the regular Record Date will not apply to the final distribution).
- instructions for presentation and surrender of such Holder’s Class A Certificates for cancellation.

Termination Due to a Liquidity Failure, Credit Failure or a Tender Option Termination Event Relating to a Rating Downgrade

If a Series is terminated upon a Liquidity Failure, a Credit Failure or a Tender Option Termination Event of the type set forth in subparagraph (c) of the definition thereof (relating to a rating downgrade), Freddie Mac will terminate the Series as follows:

- Freddie Mac will provide written notice to the Holders of the pending termination of the responsibilities of Freddie Mac, the Remarketing Agent and the Sponsor under the Series Certificate Agreement.

- On the Business Day immediately preceding such Exchange Date, Freddie Mac will solicit at least three commitments to purchase the Bonds from Persons (other than the Remarketing Agent, Freddie Mac or a Holder of Class B Certificates of that Series (and affiliates of each such party)) which customarily provide such bids, including but not limited to investment dealers and brokers that customarily deal in municipal bonds.

- If the Bonds can be sold for a price (the “Required Exchange Price”) that is at least equal to the sum of (a) accrued and unpaid expenses of the Series (including any Administrator Fee, Freddie Mac Fee, Administrator Advance, Daily Administrator Advance Charges, Servicing Fee and Remarketing Agent Fee), (b) the outstanding balance of the Class A Certificates plus the accrued but unpaid interest thereon and (c) the outstanding balance of the Class B Certificates the Series will be liquidated as follows:

  - On the Exchange Date Freddie Mac will sell the Bonds to the party that has offered the highest price for the Bonds by the close of business on the Business Day preceding the Exchange Date; provided, however, that Remarketing Agent, Freddie Mac or a Holder of Class B Certificates of that Series (and affiliates of each such party) may purchase the Bonds at a price equal to the highest bid, with priority given, first, to Holders of Class B Certificates, and second, to Freddie Mac.
• Freddie Mac will distribute the liquidation proceeds from the sale of Bonds in the following order of priority:

1. To pay any accrued and unpaid expenses of the Series (including, but not limited to any Administrator Fee, Credit Facility Fee, Advance, Advance Charges, Liquidity Facility Fee and Remarketing Agent Fee).

2. To the Holders of Class A Certificates an amount equal to the outstanding balance of their Class A Certificates plus the accrued but unpaid interest thereon.

3. To the Holders of Class B Certificates an amount equal to the outstanding balance of their Class B Certificates.

4. To the Holders of Class A Certificates the amount of each such Holder’s liquidating distribution with respect to the remaining portion of their Capital Account Balance as determined by Freddie Mac in accordance with Section 11.02 of the Standard Terms (generally equal to Gain Share as calculated pursuant to the Series Certificate Agreement).

5. To the Holders of Class B Certificates the amount of each such Holder’s liquidating distribution with respect to the remaining portion of their Capital Account Balance (after taking into account the payment of the outstanding balance made pursuant to step 3) including Gain Share and Market Discount Share.

• In the case of either a Liquidity Failure or a Tender Option Termination Event of the type set forth in subparagraph (c) of the definition thereof (relating to a rating downgrade), if the Bonds cannot be sold for a price that is at least equal to the Required Exchange Price, Freddie Mac will elect that the Bonds be subject to mandatory purchase from the Series Pool at the Release Purchase Price and declare a Release Event for such purpose, and Freddie Mac will distribute the proceeds from such funding of such Release Event in the order provided in the preceding paragraph.

• If there is any failure in funding a Release Event as required pursuant to the preceding paragraph which failure continues for a period of three (3) Business Days or a Credit Failure and the Bonds cannot be sold for a price that is at least equal to the Required Exchange Price, the Series will be liquidated as follows on the Exchange Date:

• Freddie Mac will sell a principal amount of each Bond equal to the portion of the outstanding balance of that Bond necessary to generate proceeds sufficient to pay any accrued and unpaid expenses of the Series (including, but not limited to any Administrator Fee, Credit Facility Fee, Advances, Advance Charges, Liquidity Facility Fee and Remarketing Agent Fee), determined by multiplying the sum of such expenses by the ratio of the Outstanding Bond Balance to the Aggregate Outstanding Bond Balance.

• Thereafter Freddie Mac will distribute each Bond, on a pari passu basis, to the Holders of Certificates in accordance with the Holders pro rata ownership interest in the outstanding Certificates.

Upon the completion of these distributions, all Class B Certificates and Class A Certificates will be canceled.
Termination Related to a Tender Option Termination Event for Bond Taxability or Failure to Pay

If all or a portion of a Series is terminated due to a Tender Option Termination Event of the type set forth in subparagraph (a) of the definition thereof (relating to a failure to pay) or a Tender Option Termination Event of the type set forth in subparagraph (b) of the definition thereof (relating to bond taxability), Freddie Mac will use its best efforts to sell the Affected Bonds by the close of business on the Exchange Date, as follows:

- On the Business Day immediately preceding such Exchange Date, Freddie Mac will solicit at least three commitments to purchase the Affected Bonds from Persons (other than the Remarketing Agent, Freddie Mac or a Holder of Class B Certificates of that Series (and affiliates of each such party)) which customarily provide such bids, including but not limited to investment dealers and brokers that customarily deal in municipal bonds.

- If the Affected Bonds can be sold for a price (the “Partial Termination Required Exchange Price”) that is at least equal to the sum of (a) accrued and unpaid expenses of the Series (including any Administrator Fee, Freddie Mac Fee, Administrator Advances, Daily Administrator Advance Charges, Servicing Fee and Remarketing Agent Fee), determined by multiplying the sum of such expenses by the ratio of the principal balance of the Affected Bonds to the Aggregate Bonds to the Aggregate Outstanding Bond Balance, (b) an amount equal to the sum of (1) the product of the principal balance of the Affected Bonds and the ratio of their Current Certificate Balances to the Aggregate Outstanding Certificate Balance and (2) the accrued but unpaid interest on Class A Certificates and (c) an amount equal to the product of the principal balance of the Affected Bonds and the ratio of the Current Class B Certificate Balance to the Aggregate Outstanding Certificate Balance, the Series will be partially terminated as follows:
  - On the Exchange Date Freddie Mac will sell the Affected Bonds to the party that has offered the highest price for the Bonds by the close of business on the Business Day preceding the Exchange Date; provided, however, that Remarketing Agent, Freddie Mac or a Holder of Class B Certificates of that Series (and affiliates of each such party) may purchase the Bonds at a price equal to the highest bid, with priority given, first, to Holders of Class B Certificates, and second, to Freddie Mac.
  - Freddie Mac will distribute the liquidation proceeds from the sale of Bonds in the following order of priority:

1. To pay any allocable accrued and unpaid expenses of the Series (including, but not limited to any Administrator Fee, Credit Facility Fee, Advances, Advance Charges, Liquidity Facility Fee and Remarketing Agent Fee), determined by multiplying the sum of such expenses by the ratio of the principal balance of the Affected Bonds to the aggregate outstanding balance of the Bonds underlying that Series.

2. To the Holders of Class A Certificates an amount equal to the sum of (1) the product of the principal balance of the Affected Bonds and the ratio of their outstanding balances to the aggregate outstanding balance of Class A Certificates and Class B Certificates and (2) the accrued but unpaid interest on the Class A Certificates.

3. To the Holders of Class B Certificates an amount equal to the product of the principal balance of the Affected Bonds and the ratio of their outstanding balances
to the aggregate outstanding balance of Class A Certificates and Class B Certificates.

4. To the Holders of Class A Certificates the amount of each such Holder’s Capital Account Balance that is attributable to the Affected Bonds (after taking into account the payments made pursuant to step 2) as determined by Freddie Mac in accordance with Section 11.02 of the Standard Terms (generally, Gain Share as calculated pursuant to the Series Certificate Agreement).

5. To the Holders of Class B Certificates their respective distribution in the amount of each such Holder’s Capital Account Balance that is attributable to the Affected Bonds (after taking into account the payment made pursuant to step 3) as determined by Freddie Mac in accordance with the Agreement including Gain Share and Market Discount Share.

- In the case of a Tender Option Termination Event of the type set forth in subparagraph (b) of the definition thereof (relating to Bond taxability), if the Affected Bonds cannot be sold for a price that is at least equal to the Partial Termination Required Exchange Price, Freddie Mac will elect that the Affected Bonds be subject to mandatory purchase from the Series Pool at the Release Purchase Price and declare a Release Event for such purpose, and Freddie Mac will distribute the proceeds from such funding of such Release Event in the order provided in the preceding paragraph. If there is any failure in the funding of such Release Event which failure continues for a period of three (3) Business Days, the Series Pool will be liquidated in accordance with the provisions of the following paragraph.

- In the event of a Tender Option Termination Event of the type set forth in subparagraph (a) of the definition thereof (relating to a failure to pay) or of the type set forth in subparagraph (b) of the definition thereof (relating to Bond taxability), if the Affected Bonds cannot be sold for a price that is at least equal to the Partial Termination Required Exchange Price (and in the case of a Tender Option Termination Event of the type set forth in subparagraph (b), the funding of a Release Event does not occur as provided in the preceding paragraph), Freddie Mac will liquidate the Series in part by selling the portion of the outstanding balance of each Affected Bond necessary to generate proceeds sufficient to pay any allocable accrued and unpaid expenses of the Series (including, but not limited to any Administrator Fee, Credit Facility Fee, Advances, Advance Charges, Liquidity Facility Fee and Remarketing Agent Fee), determined by multiplying the sum of such expenses by the ratio of the outstanding balance of such Bond to the aggregate outstanding balance of the Bonds of that Series. Thereafter, Freddie Mac will distribute each Affected Bond, on a pari passu basis, to the Holders of Class A Certificates and the Holders of Class B Certificates as follows:

- to the Holders of Class A Certificates the product of:
  (a) the remaining outstanding balance of such Affected Bond
  (b) the ratio of the outstanding balance of Class A Certificates to the aggregate outstanding balance of Class A Certificates and Class B Certificates.
• to the Holders of Class B Certificates the product of:

(a) the remaining outstanding balance of such Affected Bond and

(b) the ratio of the outstanding balance of Class B Certificates to the aggregate outstanding balance of Class A Certificates and Class B Certificates.

Upon the completion of these distributions:

• corresponding adjustments will be made to Capital Account Balances and outstanding balances to reflect such distributions.

• The Affected Certificates will be deemed cancelled and the then outstanding Certificates with outstanding balances reflecting such adjustments will not be considered Affected Certificates for purposes of the Series Certificate Agreement.

• The related Tender Option Termination Event will no longer be considered to be continuing for purposes of the Series Certificate Agreement.

Terminating Mandatory Tender Date

If a Series is terminated on a Terminating Mandatory Tender Date that is related to a Liquidity Provider Termination Event, a Clean-up Event or, if applicable, a Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy, Freddie Mac will liquidate the Series as follows:

• On the second Business Day preceding the Terminating Mandatory Tender Date, the Remarketing Agent will solicit three bids to purchase the Bonds from Persons (other than the Remarketing Agent, Freddie Mac or a Holder of Class B Certificates of that Series (or the affiliates of each of these parties)) which customarily provide such bids.

• On the Terminating Mandatory Tender Date, Freddie Mac will sell the Bonds to the extent necessary to pay (i) any accrued and unpaid expenses of the Series (including, but not limited to, Administrator Fee, Credit Facility Fee, Advances, Liquidity Facility Fee, Advance Charges and Remarketing Agent Fee) and (ii) Hypothetical Gain Share, if any, as calculated by Freddie Mac. Funds to pay the Hypothetical Gain Share will come from (i) first, amounts provided by the Holders of Class B Certificates to Freddie Mac on such Terminating Mandatory Tender Date at their election after inquiry by Freddie Mac and (ii) second, from sales proceeds as described in the preceding paragraph.

• The remaining Bonds will be distributed to the Pledge Custodian to be held pursuant to the Reimbursement Agreement.

When the distributions required pursuant to the preceding paragraphs have been completed, all Class A Certificates and Class B Certificates will be canceled.

Optional Disposition Date

If a Series is terminated upon exercise of the Optional Disposition Right with regard to the last outstanding Class A Certificates, the termination will be effected as described above under The Certificates — Optional Disposition.
Failure to Surrender Certificates for Final Distribution

If a Holder of Class A Certificates fails to tender its Certificates on or prior to the Payment Date on which the Series terminates, any funds not distributed to any Holder of Certificates on such Payment Date will be set aside and credited to the account of the applicable non-tendering Holder. If any such Certificates are not surrendered for cancellation within six months after the time specified in the notice of Series Expiration, Freddie Mac or any Paying Agent will mail a second notice to the remaining non-tendering Holders to surrender their Certificates for cancellation in order to receive the final distribution with respect to their Certificates. If any such Certificates are not surrendered for cancellation within one year after the second notice, Freddie Mac or any Paying Agent will, directly or through an agent, make a reasonable effort to contact the Holders of any Certificates remaining outstanding. Any amounts held as described above will not be invested. The costs and expenses of maintaining the funds and of contacting non-tendering Holders will be paid out of the assets remaining in such funds prior to any distribution to such Holders. If any such Certificates are not surrendered within two years after the second notice, Freddie Mac or any Paying Agent will thereafter hold such amounts for the benefit of such Holders, subject to any applicable escheat statutes. No interest will accrue or be payable to any Holder on any amount held as a result of the Holder’s failure to surrender its Certificates for final payment in accordance with this paragraph.

ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

In addition, any purchaser, transferee or holder of Certificates or any interest therein that is a benefit plan investor as defined in 29 C.F.R. Section 2510.3-101, as modified by Section 3(42) of ERISA (a “Benefit Plan Investor”) or a fiduciary purchasing the Certificates on behalf of a Benefit Plan Investor (a “Plan Fiduciary”), should consider the impact of the new regulations promulgated at 29 C.F.R. Section 2510.3-21 (the “Fiduciary Rule”). In connection with the Fiduciary Rule, an independent fiduciary of each Benefit Plan Investor will be deemed to have represented, warranted and agreed by its acquisition of the Certificates that:

(1) neither Freddie Mac nor any of its affiliates (the “Transaction Parties”), has provided or will provide impartial advice with respect to the acquisition of the Certificates by the Benefit Plan Investor and none of them is undertaking to give any advice in a fiduciary capacity in connection with the investor’s acquisition of Certificates or any interest therein;

(2) the investor is not paying any fee or other compensation to any of the Transaction Parties for investment advice (as opposed to other services) in connection with its acquisition of Certificates;

(3) the Plan Fiduciary either:

(a) is a bank as defined in Section 202 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the “Advisers Act”), or similar institution that is regulated and supervised and subject to periodic examination by a State or Federal agency; or

(b) is an insurance carrier which is qualified under the laws of more than one state to perform the services of managing, acquiring or disposing of assets of a Plan investor; or

(c) is an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act, or, if not registered an as investment adviser under the Advisers Act by reason of paragraph (1) of Section 203A of the Advisers Act, is registered as an investment adviser under the laws of the state in which it maintains its principal office and place of business; or
(d) is a broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; or

(e) has, and at all times that the Benefit Plan Investor is invested in the Certificates will have, total assets of at least U.S. $50,000,000 under its management or control (provided that this clause (e) shall not be satisfied if the Plan Fiduciary is either (i) the owner or a relative of the owner of an investing individual retirement account or (ii) a participant or beneficiary of the Benefit Plan Investor investing in or holding the Certificates in such capacity);

(4) the Plan Fiduciary is capable of evaluating investment risks independently, both in general and with respect to particular transactions and investment strategies, including the acquisition by the Benefit Plan Investor of the Certificates;

(5) the Plan Fiduciary is a “fiduciary” within the meaning of Section 3(21) of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code and an “independent fiduciary” within the meaning of the Fiduciary Rule with respect to the Benefit Plan Investor, and is responsible for exercising independent judgment in evaluating the Benefit Plan Investor’s acquisition of the Certificates;

(6) none of the Transaction Parties has exercised any authority to cause the Benefit Plan Investor to invest in the Certificates or to negotiate the terms of the Benefit Plan Investor’s investment in the Certificates; and

(7) the Plan Fiduciary acknowledges and agrees that it has been informed by the Transaction Parties:

(a) that none of the Transaction Parties is undertaking to provide impartial investment advice or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity in connection with the Benefit Plan Investor’s acquisition of the Certificates; and

(b) of the existence and nature of the Transaction Parties’ financial interests in the Benefit Plan Investor’s acquisition of the Certificates.

These representations are intended to comply with the 29 C.F.R. Sections 2510.3-21(a) and (c)(1). If these sections of the Fiduciary Rule are revoked, repealed or no longer effective, these representations shall be deemed to be no longer in effect.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

GENERAL

Any discussion of the federal tax issues set forth in this Offering Circular and any Supplement was written to support the promotion and marketing of the transactions described herein. Such discussion was not intended or written to be used, and it cannot be used, by any person for the purpose of avoiding any tax penalties that may be imposed on such person. Each investor should seek advice based on its particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

The following discussion is a general summary of certain federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of Class A Certificates issued as part of a Series. This summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), as well as final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations, administrative pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service (the “Service”) and judicial decisions, all as in effect on the date hereof, and all of which are subject to change or possible differing interpretation. Legislative, judicial and administrative changes may occur,
possibly with retroactive effect, affecting the accuracy of the statements and conclusions set forth herein. No rulings will be sought or obtained from the Service regarding the classification of any Series as a partnership for federal income tax purposes (the “Partnership”) or any other federal income tax consequences described herein, and there can be no assurance that the Service will agree with the conclusions expressed herein. This summary is directed solely to Holders that are “U.S. persons,” within the meaning of the Code, that purchase Class A Certificates at their initial issuance for cash and that will hold the Class A Certificates as capital assets (generally, property held for investment). This summary does not purport to address all federal income tax matters that may be relevant to the particular circumstances of Holders, or to Holders that may be subject to special federal income tax rules (including financial institutions, regulated investment companies, broker/dealers and partnerships and other pass-through entities, persons holding Class A Certificates as a hedge or as a position in a “straddle,” “constructive sale” or other integrated transaction for federal income tax purposes). For purposes of this summary, references to “Holders” are to the beneficial owners of the Class A Certificates.

Prospective investors in Class A Certificates should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of Class A Certificates under federal tax law, as well as under the tax law of any relevant state, local or foreign jurisdiction.

TAX EXEMPTION OF THE UNDERLYING BONDS

On the date of initial issuance and delivery of Bonds, Bond Counsel for each issue of Bonds rendered its opinion generally to the effect that, under existing laws, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes (and is exempt from specified state and local income taxes if provided in the Supplement). In order to maintain the tax-exempt status of the Bonds, the issuer and certain other persons must comply with certain on-going requirements of federal income tax law, and the failure to satisfy any such requirements could cause interest on the Bonds to become taxable retroactively to the date of issuance. Shearman & Sterling LLP, special tax counsel to each Series (“Special Tax Counsel”), has not independently verified, and will not independently verify, the federal income tax exemption of interest on any issue of Bonds, and has assumed, without any inquiry, (i) the continuing correctness of the related opinion of Bond Counsel and (ii) that no events or circumstances have occurred since the original issuance of the Bonds that would adversely affect the exemption from federal income tax (and any applicable state and local income taxes) of interest on the Bonds.

In connection with the initial issuance of Class A Certificates of any Series, Special Tax Counsel will provide its opinion, to be delivered as a condition to such issuance, to the effect that, based upon certain assumptions and representations, including the assumption that interest derived from the direct ownership of the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and subject to customary limitations and conditions and the discussion below under — Taxation of Holders, interest on the Bonds that is distributed to a Holder of the Class A Certificates will be excludable from the gross income of the Holder for federal income tax purposes.

TAXATION OF HOLDERS

Classification as a Partnership

With respect to each issuance of Class A Certificates of a Series, Special Tax Counsel will deliver its opinion, as of the applicable Date of Original Issue, to the effect that, for federal income tax
purposes, (i) the Series will be classified as a Partnership (rather than an association taxable as a corporation), (ii) such Partnership, even if publicly traded, will not be taxable as a corporation under section 7704 of the Code and (iii) each Holder of Class A Certificates will be treated as a partner in such Partnership. Such opinion will be based on certain representations and assumptions, including the assumption that there will be full compliance with all terms of the related Series Certificate Agreement and other transaction documents, and that all representations or certifications set forth in such documents or provided to Special Tax Counsel are accurate and complete, and will be subject to customary limitations and conditions. In rendering its opinion, Special Tax Counsel will rely upon its conclusions that (i) applicable Treasury regulations do not require the classification of each Series as an association (taxable as a corporation), (ii) the passive nature of the income from the Bonds will qualify the Series for an exemption from the Code section 7704 rule that publicly traded partnerships are taxable as corporations, and (iii) the Class A Certificates will not be treated as indebtedness of the related Series, Freddie Mac or the Holders of the Class B Certificates.

The opinion of Special Tax Counsel represents only its best legal judgment and, unlike a ruling obtained from the Service, has neither binding effect on the Service nor official status of any kind. There is no authority that addresses facts that are substantially similar to those involved in the issuance of Class A Certificates of a Series, so there can be no assurance that the Service or a court will agree with the opinion of Special Tax Counsel. If, contrary to the opinion of Special Tax Counsel, a Series were classified as an association taxable as a corporation, rather than as a partnership, distributions to Holders generally would be treated as taxable dividends, and the amount of funds available for distribution in respect of the Class A Certificates, and the after-tax yield to Holders of Class A Certificates, would be substantially reduced. Moreover, if the Class A Certificates were characterized as indebtedness (or, alternatively, if distributions thereon were classified as “guaranteed payments” by the Partnership), distributions on the Class A Certificates would be fully includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, resulting in a substantial reduction in after-tax yield to the Holders of Class A Certificates.

Each Holder of Class A Certificates will acknowledge and agree (by its purchase of Class A Certificates) that the related Series will be treated for federal income tax purposes as a Partnership in which such Holder is a partner. No Holder of Class A Certificates or other person is authorized to elect under section 301.7701-3(c) of the Treasury regulations, or under any applicable state or local tax law, to have the related Series classified as an association (taxable as a corporation) for federal, state or local tax purposes. Furthermore, each Holder consents (by its purchase of Class A Certificates) to an election under Revenue Procedure 2003-84 (or any successor Revenue Procedure or other guidance issued by the Service) to account for items of Partnership taxable income, tax exempt income, gain, loss or deduction on the basis of a monthly closing of the books (the “Monthly Closing Election”), and if permitted by applicable law, an election under section 761 of the Code (the “Section 761 Election”) to exclude the related Series from the application of the partnership provisions of subchapter K of the Code, in each case, which may be filed at the discretion of Freddie Mac.

The remainder of this summary assumes that each Series will be treated as a Partnership that is not taxable as a corporation, and that the Class A Certificates will constitute equity interests in such Partnership for federal income tax purposes.

**Partnership Reporting**

Very generally, as a partner in a Partnership for federal income tax purposes, a Holder of Class A Certificates will report on its own federal income tax return its allocable share of the taxable income,
tax-exempt income, gain, loss and deduction of the Partnership. Based on the opinion of Special Tax Counsel discussed above, such Holder’s allocable share of tax-exempt interest on the Bonds will be excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes to the same extent as if the interest had been derived directly by the Holder. A Holder of Class A Certificates nevertheless could recognize taxable gain upon a sale, redemption or other disposition of the Class A Certificates or the underlying Bonds, or as discussed below, the receipt of distributions in excess of its tax basis in the Class A Certificates.

A Holder’s adjusted tax basis in its Class A Certificates generally will equal the purchase price for such Class A Certificates, increased by the Holder’s allocable share of items of Partnership income and gain (including tax-exempt income), and reduced, but not below zero, by the Holder’s allocable share of items of Partnership loss and deduction, and by distributions received from the Partnership. Cash distributions to a Holder of Class A Certificates normally will not be taxable to the Holder; however, to the extent that the amount of the distribution exceeds the Holder’s adjusted tax basis in the Class A Certificates, the Holder will recognize capital gain. Special rules will apply to distributions of Bonds or other property (other than cash) by the Partnership.

Revenue Procedure 2003-84, which became effective on November 5, 2003, generally allows Partnership taxable income, tax-exempt income, gain, loss or deduction to be determined on the basis of a closing of the books at the end of each month if the Partnership meets certain requirements and files a Monthly Closing Election with the Service in the prescribed manner, and all partners in the Partnership consent to the Monthly Closing Election. Assuming that a valid Monthly Closing Election is made, then the electing Partnership will close its books on the last day of each month (as if all of the partners had sold their interests in the Partnership on such day), and each partner in the Partnership will determine and take into account for federal income tax purposes its allocable share of the Partnership’s items of taxable income, tax-exempt income, gain, loss or deduction for the month. Accordingly, a partner in the Partnership will be able to match its allocable share of Partnership taxable income, tax-exempt income, gain, loss and deduction for each month to the amounts actually distributed to the partner for such month.

In order to be eligible to make the Monthly Closing Election, a Partnership must, among other things, derive at least 95% of its gross income from interest on tax-exempt bonds, exempt-interest dividends paid by “regulated investment companies” (as defined in section 851 of the Code) and gains from the sale, redemption or other disposition of tax-exempt bonds or shares in regulated investment companies that pay exempt-interest dividends. If a Partnership fails to satisfy the 95% income requirement, or any other requirement of Revenue Procedure 2003-84, then the Monthly Closing Election will terminate and the Partnership will be unable to make another Monthly Closing Election without the consent of the Service. In the absence of the Monthly Closing Election, a partner in the Partnership may not be able to achieve the matching of income and distributions described above, and other adverse consequences could result to the partner.

Freddie Mac will advise the Holders of Class A Certificates (either in the applicable Supplement or by separate notice) as to whether a Monthly Closing Election will be made with respect to a particular Series. If Freddie Mac so elects on behalf of a Series, then the Sponsor and all Holders of Certificates of the Series (by their purchase of Certificates) will be deemed to have consented to the Monthly Closing Election. Additionally, Special Tax Counsel will deliver its opinion, as of the applicable Date of Original Issue, to the effect that the electing Series will meet the requirements for an effective Monthly Closing Election in accordance with Revenue Procedure 2003-84. There can be no
assurance, however, that the Service will agree with the opinion of Special Tax Counsel, or that the requirements for the Monthly Closing Election (or their interpretation) will not change in a manner that precludes the Series from qualifying for continued use of the Monthly Closing Election. Holders of Class A Certificates should consult with their own tax advisors regarding the required tax accounting under a Monthly Closing Election, and the implications of failing to qualify for a Monthly Closing Election.

**Partnership Information Returns**

A partnership generally is required to file, on an annual basis, Form 1065 (U.S. Return of Partnership Income) with the Service, and to send information reports to each partner on Schedule K-1. However, Revenue Procedure 2003-84 states that these tax filing requirements can be eliminated for a partnership that has a valid Monthly Closing Election in effect for the relevant taxable year, provided that the partnership and its partners agree to comply, and in fact do comply, with the alternative reporting requirements set forth in Revenue Procedure 2003-84. If Freddie Mac makes the Monthly Closing Election, then the electing Series, the Sponsor and each Holder of Certificates (by their purchase of Certificates) will agree to comply with the alternative reporting requirements imposed by Revenue Procedure 2003-84.

Under Revenue Procedure 2003-84, the Partnership must make available, within 45 days of a request by the Service or a partner (or a beneficial owner or nominee of a beneficial owner), all information necessary to compute a partner’s taxable income, tax-exempt income, gain, loss, deduction or credit (including the amount of interest that may be subject to the alternative minimum tax, as discussed below). Additionally, any person on whose behalf another person holds as a nominee an interest in the Partnership must notify the Partnership of its beneficial ownership status and provide the following information: (i) name, address and taxpayer identification number of both the beneficial owner and its nominee, and (ii) the name of the Partnership, its CUSIP number or other information sufficient to identify the partnership interest and the amount of the partnership interest. In the case of a group of regulated investment companies managed or advised by a common, or affiliated, manager or advisor (the “manager”), such beneficial ownership information may be collected, retained and provided to the Service upon demand by the manager, if the manager elects to do so and provides appropriate notice to the Partnership.

Holders of Class A Certificates (and beneficial owners and nominees) should consult their own tax advisors regarding the reporting requirements under Revenue Procedure 2003-84.

**Section 761 Elections**

Freddie Mac may, in its discretion, file a Section 761 Election to exclude each Series from the application of all of the partnership provisions of subchapter K of the Code. The validity of a Section 761 Election for a Series is not clear under current federal income tax law, and in Revenue Procedure 2003-84, discussed above, the Service stated its position that a partnership investing primarily in tax-exempt bonds is not eligible for a Section 761 Election. Accordingly, no assurance can be made that a Section 761 Election would be respected.

If a valid Section 761 Election is made, then, among other things, the electing Series would not be subject to the tax return filing requirements otherwise applicable to partnerships under the Code, and each Holder of Class A Certificates generally would separately account for its allocable share of the profits and losses of the Series as if the assets of the Series were held directly by such Holder. Thus,
there could be differences in the timing of income recognition by a Holder of Class A Certificates, as well as in other federal income tax aspects of such Holder’s investment in the Class A Certificates, depending on whether or not a valid Section 761 Election is made. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisers regarding the effect of a Section 761 Election on an investment in the Class A Certificates, and the ability of the related Series to make the Section 761 Election.

Freddie Mac currently does not intend to file a Section 761 Election for any Series. In the event Freddie Mac decides at some future time to file a Section 761 Election for a Series, Holders of Class A Certificates will be informed either in the applicable Supplement or by a separate notice.

If a Section 761 Election is made for a Series and subsequently invalidated, the Service could assess interest and penalties, which would be the responsibility of the Sponsor under the related Series Certificate Agreement.

**Taxable Dispositions of Class A Certificates**

Upon a sale or other taxable disposition of Class A Certificates, a Holder will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the disposition and the adjusted tax basis of the Class A Certificates. Such gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss (subject to the discussion below under — *Discount and Premium*), and may be long-term or short-term depending on the facts and circumstances. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisers with respect to the recognition, character and amount of any gain or loss.

**Discount and Premium**

The purchase price paid by each Series for Bonds may be greater or less than the Bonds’ stated redemption price at maturity (or, in the case of Bonds issued with original issue discount, the “revised issue price” thereof), in which case the Bonds will be considered to have amortizable bond premium or market discount, respectively. The market discount will be considered to be zero if it is less than a statutorily defined de minimis amount; the Supplement will identify any Bonds acquired at a market discount in excess of the applicable de minimis amount. Generally, any gain on the sale, redemption or other disposition of Bonds acquired at a market discount will be taxable as ordinary income, instead of capital gain, to the extent of the accrued market discount thereon. Amortizable bond premium on Bonds will be amortized over the remaining term thereof (or to an earlier call date if it produces greater annual amortization) using a constant yield method; the amortization will reduce the owner’s tax basis for the Bond.

Under the related Series Certificate Agreement, any amortizable bond premium and any market discount on the Bonds at the time of acquisition by the related Series will be allocated, and will economically accrue, entirely to the Class B Certificates, and no market discount or amortizable bond premium will be allocated, or will economically accrue, to the Class A Certificates. Special Tax Counsel will deliver its opinion, as of the applicable Date of Original Issue, generally to the effect that such allocations will be respected for federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, in general, an initial Holder of Class A Certificates will recognize capital gain or loss, if any, upon the sale, redemption or other disposition of the Class A Certificates (or the Bonds of the related Series), and neither will be required to recognize a portion of any resulting gain as ordinary income in respect of accrued market discount, nor will be permitted to claim deductions for amortizable bond premium during the period of ownership of the Class A Certificates. Prospective investors should be aware, however, that there are no authorities addressing facts that are substantially similar to those involved in the issuance of
Class A Certificates of a Series, so there can be no absolute assurance that the Service or a court will agree with the opinion of Special Tax Counsel and the conclusions expressed herein. If the Service were to successfully challenge the allocation in the related Series Certificate Agreement of market discount entirely to the Class B Certificates, a Holder of Class A Certificates might recognize ordinary income upon the sale, redemption or other disposition of Bonds or, possibly, upon the sale, redemption or other disposition of Class A Certificates.

**Tax Elections**

The Code provides for optional adjustments to the basis of partnership property upon distributions of partnership property to a partner (section 734 of the Code) and transfers of partnership interests (section 743 of the Code), provided that a partnership election has been made pursuant to section 754 of the Code (the “section 754 election”). The Series generally would be required to make adjustments to the tax basis of its assets in the case of (i) a distribution of an asset to a Holder where the tax basis of the asset would have been reduced by more than $250,000 if the Series had made a section 754 election and (ii) a transfer of a Holder’s interest in the Series where the adjusted tax basis of the Series’ assets exceeds their fair market value by more than $250,000. Although the Series would not be required to make adjustments to the tax basis of its assets in the case of transfer of a Holder’s interest in the Series if it qualifies as an “electing investment partnership,” the Series is not expected to so qualify.

**Partnership Administration**

The Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015 (the “2015 Budget Act”) repeals and replaces the audit rules affecting partnerships, their partners and the persons that are authorized to represent entities treated as partnerships in certain administrative and judicial proceedings. The audit rules with respect to the 2015 Budget Act are scheduled to become effective for taxable years beginning with 2018 and will apply to both new and existing partnerships.

Under the 2015 Budget Act, a partnership appoints one person to act as its sole representative in connection with audits conducted by the Service and related procedures. The representative’s actions, including the representative’s agreeing to adjustments to items of income, gain, deduction, loss or credit, may bind partners to a greater degree than would actions of the tax matters partner under prior rules. Further, an adjustment to the partnership’s items of income, gain, deduction, loss or credit may have to be taken into account in different and potentially less advantageous ways than under prior rules. In some cases, a partnership could itself be liable for taxes on income adjustments, although it is anticipated that such partnership’s representative will seek to follow procedures in the 2015 Budget Act rules to avoid partnership-level liability to the extent it otherwise may be imposed. The 2015 Budget Act rules are complex and may be clarified or revised before going into effect. Holders of Class A Certificates should consult their own tax advisors regarding the possible effect of the 2015 Budget Act rules on them.

**ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS**

**Alternative Minimum Tax**

A Holder of Class A Certificates is required to include as an item of tax preference, for purposes of the federal individual and corporate alternative minimum taxes, all tax-exempt interest on “specified private activity bonds.” Moreover, interest on Bonds which are not specified private activity bonds will
be included in the calculation of “adjusted current earnings,” which is relevant to the federal corporate alternative minimum taxable income.

**Disallowance of Interest and Other Expenses**

The interest expense of Holders for indebtedness incurred or continued (or deemed incurred or continued) to purchase or carry Class A Certificates will not be deductible for federal income tax purposes. Other expenses allocable to tax-exempt interest are not deductible for such purposes by individuals and other non-corporate Holders.

**Collateral Tax Consequences**

Ownership of tax-exempt Bonds may result in collateral tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including without limitation, financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, certain foreign corporations engaged in business in the United States, certain subchapter S corporations with excess passive income, and individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits. Prospective purchasers of Class A Certificates should contact their tax advisors as to the applicability of collateral tax consequences.

**Future Legislation**

Various proposals have been, and in the future may be, introduced before Congress to restrict or eliminate the federal income tax exemption or to impose certain collateral tax consequences on the ownership of municipal obligations (such as the Bonds). In addition, various proposals have been made and bills introduced that would substantially alter the federal income tax base or the rate structure or both, which could affect the value of the Bonds. No prediction can be made regarding what additional legislation, if any, may be proposed and enacted with respect to the tax-exempt status of interest on municipal obligations, nor can any prediction be made whether any such proposed legislation, if enacted, would apply to the Bonds or the Class A Certificates.

**Substantial Users**

Section 147(a) of the Code generally provides that interest on tax-exempt private activity bonds will be subject to federal income tax during any period that the bonds are held by a “substantial user” of the facilities financed by the bonds or a related person. An initial Holder of Class A Certificates will acknowledge (by its purchase of Class A Certificates) that it is neither a substantial user nor a related person to a substantial user, within the meaning of section 147(a) of the Code.

**STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES**

In connection with the initial issuance of Class A Certificates of each Series, Ballard Spahr LLP will provide its opinion, to be delivered as a condition to such issuance, to the effect that, based upon certain representations and assumptions, and subject to customary limitations and conditions, the Series Pool will be treated as a partnership for Virginia tax purposes and therefore will be exempt from Virginia income tax.

An investment in Class A Certificates may be affected by tax consequences arising under relevant state, local or foreign tax laws. Except as may be provided in the related Supplement, Special Tax Counsel expresses no opinion regarding whether a Holder’s distributive share of the interest on the Bonds will be exempt from any taxes (including income, franchise and intangibles taxes) imposed by
any state or locality. Moreover, except as expressly set forth above and in the related Supplement, Special Tax Counsel expresses no opinion with respect to the applicability of foreign, state and local taxes to the Bonds, the related Series or the Class A Certificates, or other foreign, state or local considerations.

In some circumstances, the Series Certificate Agreement may include provisions (known as “Partnership Factors”) that are intended to allow the related Series to be classified as a partnership for relevant state income tax purposes. In particular, if the Partnership Factors are included in the Series Certificate Agreement, then the Sponsor would be required to maintain a minimum percentage of 1% in all items of taxable income, tax-exempt income, gain, loss and deduction of the Series, and a Sponsor Act of Bankruptcy would constitute a Mandatory Tender Event. The Supplement relating to each Series will specify whether or not the Partnership Factors will apply.

Prospective investors should consult their tax advisors regarding the state, local and foreign tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of Class A Certificates, including the potential implications of the federal income tax classification of each Series as a Partnership and the Holders as partners.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

You should consult your own legal advisors to determine whether Class A Certificates are legal investments for you and whether you can use Class A Certificates as collateral for borrowings. In addition, financial institutions should consult their legal advisors or regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Class A Certificates under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

If you are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by regulatory authorities, you may be subject to restrictions on investing in some types of Class A Certificates or in Class A Certificates generally. Institutions regulated by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance corporation, the Office of Thrift Supervision, the National Credit Union Administration, the Treasury Department or any other federal or state agency with similar authority should review applicable regulations, policy statements and guidelines before purchasing or pledging Class A Certificates.

DISTRIBUTION ARRANGEMENTS

For each series of Class A Certificates, Freddie Mac will generally enter into a purchase or placement agreement and remarketing agreement with one or more underwriters and/or remarketing agents, who will offer the Class A Certificates of that Series as described in the related Supplement. Underwriters, remarketing agents and their affiliates may engage in other transactions with and perform services for Freddie Mac in the ordinary course of business. Freddie Mac, the underwriters, remarketing agents, or other parties may receive compensation, trading gain or other benefits in connection with such transactions.

Freddie Mac may retain or repurchase Class A Certificates for its own portfolio, and may tender or re-offer such Class A Certificates from time to time. These transactions may affect the Reset Rate of Class A Certificates. The Remarketing Agent for a Series of Class A Certificates may buy, sell and make a market in Class A Certificates, but is not obligated to do so in all cases. The secondary market for Class A Certificates may be limited.
If you intend to purchase Certificates, you should rely only on the information in this Supplement and the Offering Circular, including the information in the disclosure documents that we have incorporated by reference. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information.

This Supplement, the Offering Circular and the incorporated documents may not be correct after their dates.

We are not offering the Certificates in any jurisdiction that prohibits their offer.

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$111,595,000

**Freddie Mac**

Class A
Multifamily M Certificates
Series M-042

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Citi

**Offering Circular Supplement**
Dated February 6, 2018